

GE GAS TURBINE COGENERATION FACILITY
EMISSION COMPLIANCE TEST PROGRAM

FINA OIL AND CHEMICAL COMPANY
PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS

ARI PROJECT NO. 408-24
FINA P.O. #2730-15S

REPORT PREPARED FOR:

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FINAL TEST REPORT
FEBRUARY 7-9, 1989 TEST SERIES

GE GAS TURBINE COGENERATION FACILITY
EMISSION COMPLIANCE TEST PROGRAM
FINA OIL AND CHEMICAL COMPANY: PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS

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GE GAS TURBINE COGENERATION FACILITY
EMISSION COMPLIANCE TEST PROGRAM
FINA OIL AND CHEMICAL COMPANY: PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS

I. INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

ARI Environmental, Inc. was retained by Fina Oil and Chemical Company to conduct an emission compliance test program on the GE Gas Turbine Cogeneration facility located at the Fina refinery in Port Arthur, Texas.

The test program was conducted to satisfy the sampling requirements specified in the Texas Air Control Board (TACB) Permit Nos. PSD-TX-688 and C-16840.

Test methods followed those as detailed in the Code of Federal Regulations, CFR40, Part 60, 1987 Subpart GG and Appendix A, Methods 1-4, 6, 10, 19, 20 and 25A. The test methods and sampling procedures were discussed and approved during a pretest meeting held with the TACB on 9/30/88. The meeting was attended by Mr. Marion Everhart and Mr. Chibuzo Onwuchekwa of the TACB Region 10 Beaumont office, Mr. Jim Mahon of Fina Oil and Chemical Company and Mr. L. Goldfine of ARI Environmental, Inc.

Emission testing was conducted by Mr. L. Goldfine, Mr. B. Pacocha and Mr. H. Taylor of ARI Environmental, Inc. from 2-7 to 2-9-89. Also present during the test series to monitor process operations and witness the test series was Mr. Glen Kenney of Fina Oil and Chemical Company. Tests were conducted for the following process conditions:

<u>Test Location</u>	<u>Load Conditions</u>	<u>Fuel</u>	<u>Parameters</u>
Gas Turbine Boiler Stack	100% Load	Natural Gas	NO _x , CO, VOC, SO ₂
Gas Turbine Boiler Stack	75% Load	Natural Gas	NO _x , CO
Gas Turbine Boiler Stack	100% Load	Refinery Gas	NO _x , CO, VOC, SO ₂
Gas Turbine Boiler Stack	75% Load (Normal steam injection rate)	Refinery Gas	NO _x , CO
Gas Turbine Boiler Stack	75% Load (Increased steam injection rate)	Refinery Gas, NO _x , CO	
Turbine Exhaust Duct (Boiler Inlet) and Turbine Duct	Maximum Combined Firing Rate of Turbine and Duct Burner	Refinery Gas	NO _x , CO, SO ₂

The average results of the three emission tests conducted at each load condition are summarized below.

<u>Load Condition</u>	<u>NO_x Conc ppmv, db corrected to 15% O₂ ISO std. day conditions</u>	<u>NO_x (as NO₂) Emission Rate lbs/hr lbs/mmBTU</u>	<u>CO Emission Rate lbs/hr</u>	<u>SO₂ Emission Rate lbs/hr</u>	<u>VOC as CH₄ Emission Rate lbs/hr</u>
100% Load Natural Gas	30.2	56.7	-	10.1	0.6
75% Load Natural Gas	38.7	60.7	-	16.2	-
100% Load Refinery Gas Normal Steam Injection Rate	76.2	140.0	-	15.9	2.0
100% Load Re- finery Gas In- creased Steam Injection Rate	71.1	123.2	-	15.6	6.4
75% Load Refinery Gas	70.1	102.8	-	10.5	-
Maximum Com- bined Firing Rate					
Turbine Plus Duct Burner	-	144.4	-	12.2	3.6
Turbine Exhaust	-	142.0	-	23.7	4.6
Duct Burner	-	6.9	0.004	0.0	0.8
Allowable (Gas Turbine)					
Natural Gas	50	182	-	69.6	20.3
Refinery Gas	80	182	-	69.6	20.3
Allowable (Gas Turbine plus Duct Burner)	-	207	-	77.7	27.2
Allowable (Duct Burner)	-	49.1	0.12	16.4	13.7
					0.6

The results indicate that all parameters were within the allowable emission limitations specified in the Fina TACB Permits for the Cogeneration facility.

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II. TESTING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

A. Natural Gas and Refinery Gas at 75% and 100% Load Conditions

Sampling and analyses were conducted following USEPA Methods 1-4, 6, 10, 20 and 25A as detailed in the Code of Federal Regulations, CFR40, Part 60, 1987 and the Quality Assurance Handbook for Air Pollution Measurement Systems, Volume III, Stationary Source Specific Methods.

Sampling on the exhaust stack serving the GE Gas Turbine and Duct Burner exhaust streams (while duct burner was out-of-service) was conducted in the four ports provided in the 152.0 inch I.D. exhaust stack.

The sampling point locations for temperature and velocity measurements were determined following EPA Method 1. Specifically, four sampling points were located on each of the four traverses for a total of sixteen sample points. A cyclonic flow check was conducted in accordance with Method 1 prior to beginning the sampling to verify that cyclonic flow did not exist in the stack.

Moisture content of the exhaust gas was determined following EPA Method 4. The CO_2 , O_2 and moisture determinations were conducted simultaneously with each NO_x , CO and hydrocarbon test.

Carbon monoxide sampling was conducted following EPA Method 10 using ARI's integrated gas bag collection system. Gas samples were collected in 60 liter Tedlar bags and analyzed immediately after each run for CO_2 and O_2 content prior to analyzing for CO using ARI's Horiba NDIR analyzer. Data was recorded on a strip chart recorder. Certified calibration standards of 150 ppm, 309 ppm and 478 ppm in hydrocarbon free air were used for calibrating the NDIR. The NDIR span was 500 ppm.

Continuous nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and oxygen (O_2) sampling was conducted following EPA Method 20. The NO_x monitor used was ARI's TECO Model 10 NO_x monitor. Oxygen sampling was conducted using a Teledyne O_2 monitor. All monitoring data was recorded on a strip chart recorder.

The Method 20 sample measurement system consisted of a heated stainless steel probe with an out-of-stack heated filter and 3-way calibration valve connected to a heated

Teflon sample line. The sample line connected to a pump followed by a sample manifold. Sample gas passed through ice cooled condensers to remove moisture prior to entering the NO_x and O₂ monitors and Method 10 integrated bag sample system. Calibration gas was introduced directly into the 3-way valve for calibration of the NO_x and O₂ monitors.

A converter efficiency test was conducted prior to beginning the testing following EPA Method 20 procedures. The test was conducted for 30 minutes with less than a 2% change during that time.

A response time test was conducted following Method 20 procedures prior to beginning the formal testing. The average NO_x measurement system response time was 29 seconds. The average O₂ measurement system response time was 37 seconds.

A preliminary O₂ traverse was conducted using ARI's O₂ monitor at 48 points (12 per port) following the sample point locations determined by EPA Method 1. The 8 sample points with the lowest O₂ concentration were used throughout the sampling program.

A pre-test and post-test measurement system bias test and calibration error test were performed using certified NO_x calibration standards of 60 ppm, 119 ppm and 197 ppm NO_x. The NO_x monitor span was set at 250 ppm. Zero and calibration drift test results were well within 3% of span for each calibration gas. The average zero and calibration drift values obtained during each test run on each monitor were used to correct the data for that test run.

The NO_x concentrations were then corrected to 15% O₂ based upon the average O₂ concentration measured during that run. The NO_x data was then corrected to ISO std. day conditions using the following equation in 40CFR, Part 60, NSPS Subpart GG:

$$NO_x = \left(NO_x \text{ at } 15\% O_2 \right) \left(\frac{P_{ref}}{P_{obs}} \right)^{0.5} \left(e^{19(HOBS-0.00633)} \right) \left(\frac{T_{amb}}{288 \text{ } ^\circ K} \right)^{-1.53}$$

The P_{ref} values were obtained from GE on a graph of P_{ref} vs. % load. The P_{obs} readings were obtained off of the control panel readout by Fina personnel. The absolute humidity (HOBS) was calculated from the wet bulb and dry bulb temperatures measured by ARI during each run.

Total hydrocarbon (THC) sampling and analysis was conducted on-site following EPA Method 25A procedures. ARI's Ratfisch Model 55 total hydrocarbon analyzer was used to con-

tinuously measure THC emissions. Gas samples were conveyed directly from a separate heated Teflon sample line into the THC analyzer. EPA protocol calibration standards of 31.96 ppm, 49.45 ppm and 90.88 ppm were used to calibrate the analyzer. Calibration gas was introduced at the 3-way calibration valve located at the end of the sample probe.

A response time test was conducted prior to beginning the testing. The average THC measurement system response time was 31 seconds.

Methane sampling was to be conducted following EPA Method 18. Specifically, a Carle Model 211 gas chromatograph equipped with dual sample ports and flame ionization detector (FID) was to be used during the test series. The results of the THC (as CH₄) sampling indicated zero (0) THC emissions from the exhaust stack during 100% load on both natural gas and refinery gas. Therefore, methane sampling and analysis was not required and was not performed.

Sampling at 100% load while burning Refinery gas was conducted at the normal maximum steam injection rate for runs 1, 4 and 5 and at an increased maximum steam injection for runs 2 and 3. The increased maximum steam rate runs were performed to demonstrate compliance in the event the normal maximum steam injection rate tests should exceed the NO_x allowable. It was later determined however, that the normal steam injection rate did achieve compliance with NO_x emissions and that the increased steam injection rate was not a desirable operating condition.

B. Maximum Combined Firing Rate Tests

Three maximum combined firing rate runs were conducted for NO_x, CO and SO₂, while the GE Gas Turbine and Duct Burner were firing the maximum quantity of Refinery gas. Sampling the combined Turbine/Duct Burner gas streams was conducted on the Turbine/Duct Burner exhaust stack at the same sampling points described in Section II.A. Velocity, temperature, CO₂, O₂, moisture, volumetric flow rate, NO_x, CO and SO₂ measurements were obtained during each run as previously described in Section II.A.

Sampling the Gas Turbine exhaust gas was conducted in the Turbine horizontal rectangular exhaust duct (Duct Burner inlet). Sampling was conducted in the one sample port provided in the middle of the duct approximately 3 feet from the duct burner inlet. Emission sampling was conducted in the stack centroid. The NO_x sample measurement system at the turbine exhaust duct was identical to the sample system previously described in Section II.A on the combined stack. Stack gas volumetric flow rate measurements could not be

performed due to the size and geometry of the duct. Emission rates were therefore determined by F factor in accordance with EPA Method 19.

NO_x and O_2 sampling during each of the three Maximum Combined Firing Rate runs was conducted for 30 minutes per run, by alternating sample lines between the exhaust stack and Turbine Duct locations at 1.5 minute intervals. A continuous purge was maintained on the sample line not being sampled to eliminate response time delays. The Turbine exhaust NO_x emission rate in lbs/mmbTU, was calculated by F factor using the equations specified in EPA Method 19 as follows:

$$(B.1) \quad E_g = C_d F_d (20.9 / (20.9 - \% O_{2d}))$$

where E_g = NO_x emission rate lb/mmbTU

C_d = NO_x concentration lb/dscf

F_d = F Factor for Refinery gas dscf/mmbTU

O_{2d} = Average O₂ concentration, %

The F factor, 8439 dscf/mmbTU was calculated based upon a GC analysis of the refinery fuel gas provided by Mr. Glen Kenney of Fina Oil and Chemical Company.

The NO_x emission rate lbs/mmbTU for the combined Turbine/Duct Burner^x exhaust stack was calculated by F factor using the above equation and also by the following equation:

$$(B.2) \quad E_{co} = C_{co} Q_s H_{co}$$

where E_{co} = NO_x emission rate from combined Turbine/Duct Burner exhaust, (lb/mmbTU)

C_{co} = NO_x conc from combined Turbine/Duct Burner exhaust, (lb/dscf)

Q_s = Stack volumetric flow rate, DSCFM

H_{co} = Heat input from Turbine plus Duct Burner, mmbTU/hr

The combined Turbine plus Duct Burner NO_x emission rate by F factor (equation B.1) provided slightly higher emission rates than equation B.2 and therefore these more conservative values were used. The Duct Burner NO_x emission rate was calculated by the following equation specified in EPA Method 19:

$$(B.3) \quad E_b = E_{co} + (H_g / H_b)(E_{co} - E_g)$$

where E_b = NO_x emission rate from Duct Burner, lb/mmbTU

E_{co} = NO_x emission rate from combined system, lb/mmbTU

E_g = NO_x emission rate from Gas Turbine, lb/mmbTU

H_b = Heat input to the Duct Burner, lb/mmbTU

H_g = Heat input to the Gas Turbine, lb/mmbTU

Sampling for moisture, SO₂, CO₂ and CO on the Turbine exhaust duct was conducted following the identical procedures previously described in Section II.A of this report. Turbine exhaust and Duct Burner exhaust SO₂ and CO emission rates were calculated based upon equations B.1, B.2 and B.3 as previously described for calculating NO_x emission rates.

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III. RESULTS

The results of the emission compliance test program conducted from February 7-9, 1989 on the GE Gas Turbine Cogeneration Facility located at the Fina Oil and Chemical Company refinery in Port Arthur, Texas are presented in Tables III-1 to III-8, as follows:

<u>Table No.</u>	<u>Fuel</u>	<u>Load Condition</u>	<u>Source</u>
III-1	Natural Gas	100%	Gas Turbine
III-2	Natural Gas	75%	Gas Turbine
III-3	Refinery Gas	100%	Gas Turbine
III-4	Refinery Gas	75% (normal steam injection)	Gas Turbine
III-5	Refinery Gas	75% (increased steam injection)	Gas Turbine
III-6	Refinery Gas	Max combined firing rate	Turbine and Duct Burner
III-7	Refinery Gas	Max combined firing rate	Turbine
III-8	Refinery Gas	Max combined firing rate	Duct Burner

All field data, summary calculation data and laboratory analysis data for each load condition are included in Appendix A. All emission monitor strip chart data are included in Appendix B. The graph of P_{ref} vs. Turbine load supplied by GE is also included in Appendix B.

Test equipment calibration data and calibration gas certification sheets are included in Appendix C. All required process data associated with the emission test series is to be submitted separately by Fina Oil and Chemical Company.

The results of the test program indicate that NO_x, CO, SO₂, and NMHC emissions during the test program on the GE Gas Turbine Cogeneration Facility were in compliance with the requirements specified in Fina's TACB Permits PSD-TX-688 and C-16840.

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SUMMARY OF EMISSION TEST RESULTS

TABLE: III-1

COMPANY: Fina Oil & Chemical Company: Port Arthur, Texas

SOURCE: GE Gas Turbine Boiler Exhaust Stack

CONDITION: 100% Load Natural Gas

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

TEST RUN:	1	2	3
TEST TIME:	1741-1811	1817-1847	1848-1918

STACK GAS

Temperature - av. °F	307.3	305.6	308.5
Velocity - av. ft/sec	52.53	51.84	52.53
Volume flow - acfm	397,158	391,942	397,158
Volume flow - dscfh	15,331,402	14,899,643	15,090,925
Moisture - av. % vol	8.1	9.7	9.4
CO ₂ - av. % vol, db	3.7	3.7	3.6
O ₂ - av. % vol, db	14.8	14.7	14.8

NITROGEN OXIDES (NO_x as NO₂)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db	31.0	30.9	32.3
ppm by vol, db corrected to 15% O ₂ , ISO std.			
day conditions	30.0	29.4	31.3
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	3.701	3.689	3.857
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	56.8	55.0	58.2

CARBON MONOXIDE (CO)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db	6.8	9.2	11.5
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	0.494	0.67	0.84
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	7.6	10.0	12.6

SULFUR DIOXIDE (SO₂)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db	0.3	0.2	0.1
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	0.050	0.040	0.020
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	0.8	0.6	0.3

TOTAL HYDROCARBONS (as CH₄)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db	0.0	0.0	0.0
lbs/scf x 10 ⁻⁵	0.0	0.0	0.0
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	0.0	0.0	0.0

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SUMMARY OF EMISSION TEST RESULTS

TABLE: III-2

COMPANY: Fina Oil & Chemical Company: Port Arthur, Texas

SOURCE: GE Gas Turbine Boiler Exhaust Stack

CONDITION: 75% Load Natural Gas

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

TEST RUN:	1	2	3
TEST TIME:	1517-1547	1550-1620	1622-1652

STACK GAS

Temperature - av. °F	301.4	299.2	299.9
Velocity - av. ft/sec	50.77	50.57	51.07
Volume flow - acfm	383,852	382,340	386,088
Volume flow - dscfh	15,111,310	15,095,403	15,212,963
Moisture - av. % vol	7.0	7.0	7.1
CO ₂ - av. % vol, db	2.6	2.6	2.7
O ₂ - av. % vol, db	16.3	16.1	16.3

NITROGEN OXIDES (NO_x as NO₂)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db	34.6	33.4	32.7
ppm by vol, db corrected to 15% O ₂ , ISO std.			
day conditions	40.0	37.9	38.2
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	4.131	3.988	3.904
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	62.4	60.2	59.4

CARBON MONOXIDE (CO)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db	14.9	15.3	13.9
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	1.080	1.112	1.010
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	16.3	16.8	15.4

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SUMMARY OF EMISSION TEST RESULTS

TABLE: III-3
 COMPANY: Fina Oil & Chemical Company: Port Arthur, Texas
 SOURCE: GE Gas Turbine Boiler Exhaust Stack
 CONDITION: 100% Load Refinery Gas - Normal Maximum Steam Injection Rate

TEST DATE:	2-8-89	2-9-89	2-9-89
TEST RUN:	1	4	5
TEST TIME:	1220-1250	1253-1323	1336-1400

STACK GAS

Temperature - av. °F	302.2	303.8	303.6
Velocity - av. ft/sec	50.46	50.05	49.97
Volume flow - acfm	381,508	378,440	377,803
Volume flow - dscfh	14,978,391	14,962,199	14,957,004
Moisture - av. % vol	7.7	7.1	7.0
CO ₂ - av. % vol, db	2.8	2.9	2.8
O ₂ - av. % vol, db	15.2	14.7	15.0

NITROGEN OXIDES (NO_x as NO₂)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db	76.6	78.7	79.7
ppm by vol, db corrected to 15% O ₂ ISO std.			
day conditions	78.4	73.0	77.2
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	9.146	9.397	9.516
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	137.0	140.6	142.3

CARBON MONOXIDE (CO)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db ₋₆	9.7	14.6	19.4
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	0.705	1.061	1.410
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	10.6	15.9	21.1

SULFUR DIOXIDE (SO₂)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db ₋₆	0.5	0.5	1.4
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	0.09	0.08	0.23
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	1.3	1.2	3.4

TOTAL HYDROCARBONS (as CH₄)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db ₋₆	0.0	0.0	0.0
lbs/scf x 10 ⁻⁶	0.0	0.0	0.0
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	0.0	0.0	0.0

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SUMMARY OF EMISSION TEST RESULTS

TABLE: III-4
 COMPANY: Fina Oil & Chemical Company: Port Arthur, Texas
 SOURCE: GE Gas Turbine Boiler Exhaust Stack
 CONDITION: 100% Load Refinery Gas - Increased Maximum Steam Injection Rate

TEST DATE:	2-8-89	2-8-89
TEST RUN:	2	3
TEST TIME:	1413-1443	1447-1517

STACK GAS

Temperature - av. °F	305.3	304.6
Velocity - av. ft/sec	50.64	50.60
Volume flow - acfm	382,869	382,566
Volume flow - dscfh	14,760,078	14,794,357
Moisture - av. % vol	9.0	8.8
CO ₂ - av. % vol, db	3.2	3.2
O ₂ - av. % vol, db	15.2	15.3

NITROGEN OXIDES (NO_x as NO₂)

Concentration		
ppm by vol, db	69.1	70.5
ppm by vol, db corrected to 15% O ₂ , ISO std.		
day conditions	70.0	72.1
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	8.251	8.418
Emission rate		
lbs/hr	121.8	124.5

CARBON MONOXIDE (CO)

Concentration		
ppm by vol, db	14.5	14.5
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	1.054	1.054
Emission rate		
lbs/hr	15.6	15.6

SULFUR DIOXIDE (SO₂)

Concentration		
ppm by vol, db	2.0	3.2
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	0.330	0.530
Emission rate		
lbs/hr	4.9	7.8

TOTAL HYDROCARBONS (as CH₄)

Concentration		
ppm by vol, db	0.0	0.0
lbs/scf x 10 ⁻⁶	0.0	0.0
Emission rate		
lbs/hr	0.0	0.0

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SUMMARY OF EMISSION TEST RESULTS

TABLE: III-5

COMPANY: Fina Oil & Chemical Company: Port Arthur, Texas

SOURCE: GE Gas Turbine Boiler Exhaust Stack

CONDITION: 75% Load Refinery Gas

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

TEST RUN:	1	2
TEST TIME:	1752-1822	1827-1857

3
1900-1930

STACK GAS

Temperature - av. °F	313.8	315.0
Velocity - av. ft/sec	49.56	49.75
Volume flow - acfm	374,717	376,140
Volume flow - dscfh	14,632,528	14,694,089
Moisture - av. % vol	6.8	6.4
CO ₂ - av. % vol, db	2.8	2.8
O ₂ - av. % vol, db	16.3	16.4

NITROGEN OXIDES (NO_x as NO₂)

Concentration

ppm by vol, db	58.4	57.8
ppm by vol, db corrected to 15% O ₂ , ISO std.		
day conditions	68.8	70.2
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	6.973	6.906

Emission rate

lbs/hr	102.0	101.5
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104.9

CARBON MONOXIDE (CO)

Concentration

ppm by vol, db	14.6	9.8
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	1.061	0.712

Emission rate

lbs/hr	15.5	10.5
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5.4

GE GAS TURBINE COGENERATION FACILITY
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SUMMARY OF EMISSION TEST RESULTS

TABLE: III-6
COMPANY: Fina Oil & Chemical Company: Port Arthur, Texas
SOURCE: GE Gas Turbine Exhaust Stack - (Turbine plus Duct Burner)
CONDITION: Maximum Combined Firing Rate Refinery Gas
TEST DATE: 2-9-89

TEST RUN:	1	2	3
TEST TIME:	0822-0852	0903-0933	0944-1014

STACK GAS

Temperature - av. °F	284.5	279.2	279.1
Velocity - av. ft/sec	49.62	50.65	49.69
Volume flow - acfm	375,006	382,944	375,686
Volume flow - dscfh	14,637,705	15,037,884	14,787,910
Moisture - av. % vol	10.6	10.7	10.5
CO ₂ - av. % vol, db	3.9	4.0	4.0
O ₂ - av. % vol, db	12.9	12.8	12.9

NITROGEN OXIDES (NO_x as NO₂)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db ₋₆	78.7	79.7	86.4
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁶	9.397	9.516	10.316
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	137.5	143.1	152.6
lbs/mmbTU	0.21	0.21	0.23

CARBON MONOXIDE (CO)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db ₋₆	14.6	9.7	9.7
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁶	1.058	0.705	0.705
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	15.5	10.6	10.4
lbs/mmbTU	0.023	0.015	0.016

SULFUR DIOXIDE (SO₂)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db ₋₆	2.2	1.8	0.3
lbs/dscf x 10 ⁶	0.36	0.30	0.06
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	5.3	4.5	0.9
lbs/mmbTU	0.008	0.007	0.001

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TABLE: III-7

COMPANY: Fina Oil & Chemical Company: Port Arthur, Texas

SOURCE: GE Gas Turbine Outlet Duct (Duct Burner Inlet)

CONDITION: Maximum Combined Firing Rate - Refinery Gas

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

TEST RUN:	1	2	3
TEST TIME:	0822-0852	0903-0933	0944-1014

STACK GAS

Moisture - av. % vol	7.9	8.2	8.1
CO ₂ - av. % vol, db	3.2	3.3	3.3
O ₂ - av. % vol, db	16.8	16.7	15.6

NITROGEN OXIDES (NO_x as NO₂)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db	55.2	55.5	74.2
lb/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	6.596	6.630	8.854
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	140.7	137.7	147.7
lbs/mmbtu	0.28	0.28	0.29

CARBON MONOXIDE (CO)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db	20.2	14.7	14.7
lb/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	1.468	1.065	1.065
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	31.2	22.1	17.8
lbs/mmbtu	0.063	0.044	0.035

SULFUR DIOXIDE (SO₂)

Concentration			
ppm by vol, db	2.5	0.8	0.7
lb/dscf x 10 ⁻⁶	0.42	0.13	0.12
Emission rate			
lbs/hr	9.0	2.7	2.0
lbs/mmbtu	0.018	0.005	0.004

GE GAS TURBINE COGENERATION FACILITY
EMISSION COMPLIANCE TEST PROGRAM
FINA OIL AND CHEMICAL COMPANY: PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS
SUMMARY OF EMISSION TEST RESULTS

TABLE: III-8

COMPANY: Fina Oil & Chemical Company: Port Arthur, Texas

SOURCE: Duct Burner

CONDITION: Maximum Combined Firing Rate - Refinery Gas

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

TEST RUN:

TEST TIME:

1

0822-0852

2

0903-0933

3

0944-1014

NITROGEN OXIDES (NO_x as NO₂)

Emission rate

lbs/hr

3.3

6.3

11.2

lbs/mmbTU

0.017

0.032

0.057

CARBON MONOXIDE (CO)

Emission rate

lbs/hr

0.0

0.0

0.0

lbs/mmbTU

0.0

0.0

0.0

SULFUR DIOXIDE (SO₂)

Emission rate

lbs/hr

0.0

2.4

0.0

lbs/mmbTU

0.0

0.012

0.0

**GE GAS TURBINE COGENERATION FACILITY
EMISSION COMPLIANCE TEST PROGRAM
FINA OIL AND CHEMICAL COMPANY: PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS**

APPENDIX A

**Field Data, Summary Calculation
Data and Laboratory Data**

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GE GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 1 NHT GAS 100% LOAD

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

$$= \frac{3.7}{14.8} \frac{81.5}{29.18} \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$M_s = M_d (1 - B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws}$$

$$= \frac{28.07}{\text{lb/lb-mole}}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)} = \frac{0.840}{}$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$(\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = \frac{0.772}{}$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$(T_s) \text{ avg.} = \frac{307.3}{^{\circ}\text{F}} + 460 = \frac{767.3}{^{\circ}\text{R}}$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{Static Pressure}/13.6) = \frac{30.44}{\text{in. H}_g}$$

Stack gas velocity

$$(V_s) \text{ avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = \frac{(T_s) \text{ avg.}}{\sqrt{\frac{P_s M_s}{}}}$$

$$= \frac{52.53}{\text{ft/sec.}}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$A_s = 126.01$$

$$60 V_s A_s = \frac{397,158}{\text{acfmin}}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

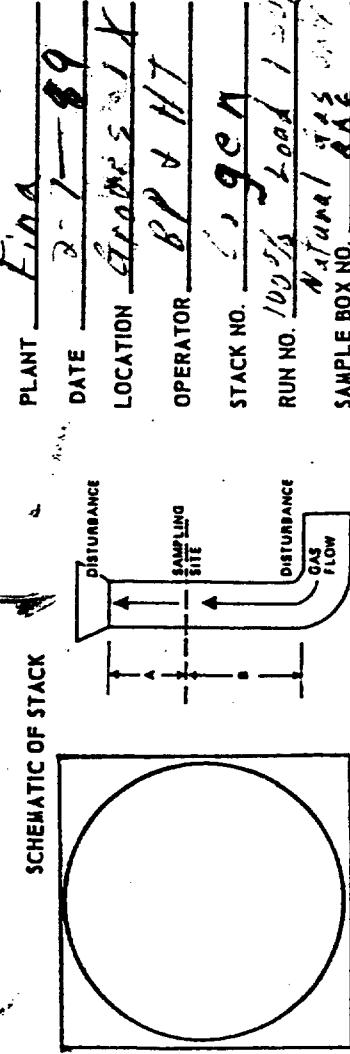
$$Q_s = 3,600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

$$\frac{T_{std} \cdot P_s}{(T_s) \text{ avg.} \cdot P_{std}}$$

$$= \frac{15,331,402}{\text{dscfh}}$$

$$= \frac{16,682,701}{\text{scfh (wb)}}$$

PART - ELEVEN



PLANT E.I.D.A. DATE 3-1-69 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 44°F
 LOCATION Crystallization BAROMETRIC PRESSURE 30.42 C FACTOR 44/41
 OPERATOR B.P. & H.T. ASSUMED MOISTURE, % 5 PROCESS WEIGHT RATE _____
 STACK NO. 1, 901 PROBE LENGTH, in. _____
 RUN NO. 1005 NOZZLE DIAMETER, in. _____
 SAMPLE BOX NO. N/A STACK DIAMETER, in. _____
 METER BOX NO. 512 PROBE HEATER SETTING _____
 HEATER BOX SETTING _____

TRaverse Point Number	Sampling Time (t), min.	Static Pressure (P ₀), in. H ₂ O	Stack Temperature (T _s), °F	Velocity Head (A.P.), (V ² /2g)	Pressure Differential Across Orifice Meter (ΔP), in. H ₂ O	Actual Desired Gas Sample Volume (V _m), in. ³	Gas Sample Temperature At Dry Gas Meter			Temperature of Gas Leaving Condenser or Last Impinger °F	Sample Box Temperature °F	Pump Vacuum in. Hg gauge	Velocity (ps)
							WETTER ΔH ₀		C FACTOR				
							SAMPLE	FILTER	PROBE WASH				
544	0.1	-39	308	.61	.55	706.36	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
546	1	5	309	.62	.55	702.42	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
551	3	5	309	.65	.55	701.30	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
556	4	5	307	.65	.55	701.30	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
61218	1	5	308	.60	.55	701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
6106	2	5	307	.60	.55	701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
6111	2	5	307	.64	.55	701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
	4	5	303	.61	.55	701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
	4	5	309	.60	.55	701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
	2	5	303	.59	.55	701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
	3	5	308	.59	.55	701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
	4	5	303	.58	.55	701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
	1	5	307	.55	.55	701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
	2	5	308	.55	.55	701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
	3	5	308	.58	.55	701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
TOTAL	17		306	.52	.55	701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44
AVERAGE			307.3			701.12	4.8	4.4	4.4	44	44	44	44

VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	IMPINGER VOLUME ml				ORSAT MEASUREMENT	TIME CO ₂	TIME O ₂	TIME N ₂	COMMENTS:
	1	2	3	4					
FINAL	86	133	100	9	202				leak check: pre: 0.00 atm/s "Hg
INITIAL	100	100	100	100	200				post: 0.00 atm/s "Hg
LIQUID COLLECTED	17	58	—	—	—				
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	44	2	46	46	46				

Comments:
 leak check: pre: 0.00 atm/s "Hg
 post: 0.00 atm/s "Hg

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: *FINA*
SOURCE: *GE GAS TURBINE*
REPETITION NO.: / UNIT GAS 100% RECORD
TEST DATE: 2-7-69

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ average chart reading, \%} = \underline{12.25}$$

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ average chart reading, \%} = \underline{59.29}$$

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \% O}_2} \\ &= (\underline{59.29} \% - \underline{0.0} \%) \times \frac{\underline{13.0}}{\underline{59.0}} \frac{\% \text{ O}_2}{\%} \\ &= \underline{14.82} \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} = (\underline{12.25} \% - \underline{0.0} \%) \times \frac{\underline{11.9}}{\underline{47.0}} \text{ ppm} = \underline{31.0} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15% O}_2) = \frac{\underline{31.01}}{\underline{20.9 - 14.82}} \times \frac{\underline{5.9}}{\underline{20.9 - 14.82}} = \underline{30.08} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr. to 15% O}_2, \text{ iso std day conditions)} &= \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^0.5}{\text{Pobs}} \right) e^{19(\text{HOBS} - 0.00633)} \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^\circ\text{K}} \right)^{1.53} \\ &= \underline{30.08} \left(\frac{\underline{160}}{\underline{166}} \right)^{0.5} e^{19(\underline{0.00326} - 0.00633)} \left(\frac{274}{288} \right)^{-1.53} = \underline{30.00} \text{ ppm by vol, db}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{NO}_x \text{ (as NO}_2 \text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} &= (\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26 \times 10^{-6}} \right) (\text{stack vol flow rate, dscfh}) = 1 \text{ lb/hr} \\ &= \underline{31.0} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{15,331,402} = \underline{56.75} \text{ lb/hr}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{HOGS} = 0.623 \frac{RH \times E}{P} = 0.623 \frac{(681)(0.003)}{30.47} = 0.00336$$

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM
(English Units)

SAMPLE VOLUME

$$V_m = 22.540 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$T_m = 506.8^\circ\text{R}$$

$$P_{bar} = 30.47 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$Y = 1.009$$

$$V_{m(\text{std})} = 17.64 \frac{\text{°R}}{\text{in. Hg}} \times \frac{Y V_m \left[P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right]}{T_m} = 24.440 \text{ ft}^3 \quad \text{Equation 6-1}$$

FINA
NAT GAS 100% LOAD
2-7-89
RUN 1

SO₂ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = 0.01023 \text{ (g-eq) /ml}$$

$$V_t = 0.475 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = 0.35 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = 250 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = 20 \text{ ml}$$

SO₃ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = 0.01023 \text{ (g-eq) /ml}$$

$$V_t = 0.475 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = 0.35 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = 200 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = 20 \text{ ml}$$

SO₂ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{SO_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = 0.005 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= 0.28 \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₂ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_2} \times Q_s = 0.77 \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$Q_s = 15,331,402 \text{ DSCFH}$$

SO₃ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{SO_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = 0.005 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= 0.22 \text{ ppm By Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₃ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_3} \times Q_s = 0.77 \text{ lbs/hr}$$

$$Q_s = 15,331,402 \text{ DSCFH}$$

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GE GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 1 NATURAL 100% LOAD

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right] = 24,440 \text{ scf}$$
$$\gamma = 1.009$$

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = 2,165 \text{ scf}$$
$$V_{lc} = 46 \text{ ml.}$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = 8.1\%$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: 6A5 TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: / -100% CO₂ MATURE GAS

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

CO average chart reading, % = 115%

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading} @ \% \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading} @ \%} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right) \\ &= \text{ppmv, db} \\ \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\frac{115}{115} \% - \frac{0.0}{0.0} \% \right) \left(\frac{150}{31.5} \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.03 \right) \\ &= \underline{6.8} \text{ ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

CO emission rate

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} &= \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right) \\ \text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} &= \left(\underline{6.8} \text{ ppmv, db} \right) \left(7.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\underline{15,331,402 \text{ dscfh}} \right) = \underline{7.62} \text{ lbs/hr} \end{aligned}$$

- ① Average of pre and post test drift tests

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FIRMA

SOURCE: GAS Turbine

REPETITION NO.: 2 MAT 045 100% LOAD

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

$$= \frac{3.7}{141} \frac{81.6}{29.18} \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$M_s = M_d (1-B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws} = 28.10 \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)} = 0.840$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$(\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = 0.763$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$(T_s) \text{ avg.} = 305.6 ^\circ F + 460 = 765.6 ^\circ R$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{Static Pressure}/13.6) = 30.44 \text{ in. H}_g$$

Stack gas velocity

$$(V_s) \text{ avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = \sqrt{\frac{(T_s) \text{ avg.}}{P_s M_s}} = 51.84 \text{ ft/sec.}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$60 V_s A_s = 391942 \text{ acfm}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1-B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

$$\left[\frac{T_{std} \cdot P_s}{(T_s) \text{ avg.} \cdot P_{std}} \right]$$

$$= 14,899,643 \text{ dscfh}$$

$$= 16,509,158 \text{ scfh(wb)}$$

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM
(English Units)

SAMPLE VOLUME

$$V_m = \underline{20.50} \text{ ft}^3$$

$$T_m = \underline{506.5} ^\circ R$$

$$\Delta H = \underline{5.5}$$

$$P_{bar} = \underline{30.47} \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$Y = \underline{1.009}$$

$$V_{m(std)} = 17.64 \frac{^\circ R}{\text{in. Hg}} \times \frac{Y V_m \left[P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right]}{T_m} = \underline{22.241} \text{ ft}^3 \quad \text{Equation 6-1}$$

*F1 MA
NAT GAS 100% LOAD
2-7-89
RUN 2*

SO₂ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = \underline{0.01023} (\text{g-eq}) / \text{ml}$$

$$V_t = \underline{0.45} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = \underline{0.35} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = \underline{250} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = \underline{20} \text{ ml}$$

SO₂ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{SO_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln}/V_a)}{V_m(\text{std})} = \underline{0.004} \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= \underline{0.24} \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₂ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_2} \times Q_s = \underline{0.60} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$Q_s = \underline{14,899,643} \text{ DSCFH}$$

SO₃ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{SO_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln}/V_a)}{V_m(\text{std})} = \underline{0.002} \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= \underline{0.10} \text{ ppm By Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₃ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_3} \times Q_s = \underline{0.30} \text{ lbs/hr}$$

$$Q_s = \underline{14,899,643} \text{ DSCFH}$$

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: FIMA
SOURCE: 695742B/NCE

REPETITION NO.: 2
TEST DATE: 2-7-89

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ average chart reading, \%} = \underline{12.5}$$

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ average chart reading, \%} = \underline{59.1}$$

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ \text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} &= \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ &= (\underline{59.1} \% - \underline{0 \%}) \times \frac{\underline{13.0 \% O_2}}{\underline{52.2 \%}} \\ &= \underline{14.72 \% O_2 \text{ by vol, db}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \text{ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} &= (\underline{12.5 \%} - \underline{0.1 \%}) \times \frac{\underline{119 \text{ ppm}}}{\underline{47.8 \%}} = \underline{30.9 \text{ ppm by vol, db}} \\ \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15% O}_2) &= \frac{\underline{30.9}}{\underline{20.9 - 14.72}} \times \frac{\underline{5.9 \%}}{\underline{29.5 \%}} = \underline{29.4 \text{ ppm by vol, db}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr. to 15% O}_2, \text{ iso std day conditions}) &= \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{0.5}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{1.53} \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right) \\ &= \frac{\underline{29.5}}{\underline{160}} \left(\frac{\underline{160}}{\underline{166}} \right)^{0.5} e^{\underline{19(\frac{273}{288}) - 0.00633}} \left(\frac{273}{288} \right)^{-1.53} = \underline{29.4 \text{ ppm by vol, db}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{NO}_x \text{ (as NO}_2 \text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} &= (\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26 \times 10^{-6}} \right) (\text{stack vol flow rate, dscfh}) = \text{lb/hr} \\ &= \frac{\underline{30.9}}{\underline{1.194 \times 10^{-7}}} \times \underline{14,899,643} = \underline{55.0} \text{ lb/hr}\end{aligned}$$

$$HOBS = \left(\frac{80 \times 0.1952}{100} \right) \times \frac{0.623}{30.47}$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FINN

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 2 AND GAS /00% LEND

TEST DATE: 2-7-87

CO average chart reading, % = 2.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%} \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right) \\ &= \text{ppmv, db} \\ \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\frac{2.0}{2.0} - \frac{0.0}{0.0} \right) \left(\frac{150}{31.5} - \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.037 \right) \\ &= \underline{\underline{9.2}} \text{ ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

CO emission rate

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} &= \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right) \\ \text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} &= \left(\frac{9.2 \text{ ppmv, db}}{1.268 \times 10^{-8}} \right) \left(\frac{14,899,643 \text{ dscfh}}{1 \text{ hr}} \right) = \underline{\underline{9,961 \text{ lbs/hr}}} \end{aligned}$$

- ① Average of pre and post test drift tests

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 2 NAT GAS 100% LOAD

TEST DATE: 2-1-69

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right] = 22.241 \text{ scf}$$
$$\gamma = 1.009$$

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = 2.401 \text{ scf}$$
$$V_{lc} = 51 \text{ ml.}$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = 9.7\%$$

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 3 100% LOAD NAT GAS

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

$$= \frac{3.6}{14.8} \frac{81.6}{29.17} \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$M_s = M_d (1 - B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws}$$

$$= \frac{28.12}{28.12} \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)} = \underline{0.840}$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$(\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = \underline{0.772}$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$(T_s) \text{ avg.} = \underline{308.5} ^\circ F + 460 = \underline{768.5} ^\circ R$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{Static Pressure}/13.6) = \underline{30.44} \text{ in. H}_g$$

Stack gas velocity

$$(V_s) \text{ avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{(T_s) \text{ avg.}}{P_s M_s}}} = \underline{50.53} \text{ ft/sec.}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$60 V_s A_s = \underline{397158} \text{ acfm}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s \left[\frac{T_{std} \cdot P_s}{(T_s) \text{ avg.} \cdot P_{std}} \right]$$

$$= \underline{15,090,925} \text{ dscfh}$$

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM
(English Units)

SAMPLE VOLUME

$$V_m = \underline{23.370} \text{ ft}^3$$

$$T_m = \underline{505.8} ^\circ R$$

$$\Delta H = \underline{5.5}$$

$$P_{bar} = \underline{30.47} \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$Y = \underline{1.009}$$

$$V_{m(std)} = 17.64 \frac{^\circ R}{\text{in. Hg}} \times \frac{Y V_m \left[P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right]}{T_m} = \underline{25.390} \text{ ft}^3 \quad \text{Equation 6-1}$$

FINA
NAT GAS 100% LEND
2-7-87
20113

SO₂ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = \underline{0.01023} (\text{g-eq}) / \text{ml}$$

$$V_t = \underline{0.40} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = \underline{0.35} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = \underline{250} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = \underline{20} \text{ ml}$$

SO₃ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = \underline{0.01023} (\text{g-eq}) / \text{ml}$$

$$V_t = \underline{0.50} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = \underline{0.35} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = \underline{200} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = \underline{20} \text{ ml}$$

SO₂ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{SO_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = \underline{0.002} \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= \underline{0.12} \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₂ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_2} \times Q_s = \underline{0.30} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$Q_s = \underline{15,090,925} \text{ DSCFH}$$

SO₃ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{SO_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = \underline{0.005} \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= \underline{0.26} \text{ ppm By Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₃ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_3} \times Q_s = \underline{0.75} \text{ lbs/hr}$$

$$Q_s = \underline{15,090,925} \text{ DSCFH}$$

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

PLANT	F-102	AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	METER ΔH ₀
DATE	3-1-67	BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	C FACTOR
LOCATION	Groves	ASSUMED MOISTURE, %	PROCESS WEIGHT RATE
OPERATOR	B.P.H.	PROBE LENGTH, In.	WEIGHT OF PARTICULATE COLLECTED, mg
STACK NO.	Logan	NOZZLE DIAMETER, In.	SAMPLE
RUN NO.	102-2	STACK DIAMETER, In.	FILTER
SAMPLE BOX NO.	102-475-44	PROBE HEATER SETTING	PROBE
METER BOX NO.	594	HEATER BOX SETTING	WASH

PISTONNE **PISTONNE**
SAMPLE SITE DUSTURANCE

CROSS SECTION

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (θ), min.	STATIC PRESSURE (In. H ₂ O)	STACK TEMPERATURE (T _s), °F	VELOCITY HEAD (V _p) (ft ³ /sec)	PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ACROSS ORIFICE METER (ΔH) In. H ₂ O	ACTUAL DESIRED	GAS SAMPLE TEMPERATURE AT DRY GAS METER		OUTLET (T _m _{out}), °F	SAMPLE BOX TEMPERATURE °F	TEMPERATURE OF GAS LEAVING CONDENSER OR LAST IMPINGER °F	PUMP VACUUM In. Hg gauge	VELOCITY ips
							INLET (T _m _{in}), °F	OUTLET (T _m _{out}), °F					
648	A	-39	310	.60	.55	.750/30	447	447	447	447	447	447	447
653	5	2	310	.62	.53	.746/24	50	447	447	447	447	447	447
658	5	3	309	.62	.53	.578/3	55	447	447	447	447	447	447
705	5	7	307	.60	.53	.61.8	51	447	447	447	447	447	447
708	5	8	309	.58	.53	.53.7	51	447	447	447	447	447	447
713	5	9	310	.60	.53	.62.6	51	447	447	447	447	447	447
718	5	10	310	.66	.53	.773.60							
	4	1	306	.69									
C1	1	2	310	.60									
C2	2	3	310	.60									
C3	3	4	308	.58									
D4	4	5	305	.53									
D1	1	6	307	.53									
D2	2	7	309	.56									
D3	3	8	310	.54									
TOTAL	4	9	310	.51									
AVERAGE			308.5	0.772	5.15	23.370	45.8						

VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	IMPINGER VOLUME ml	SILICA GEL WEIGHT, g	ORSAT MEASUREMENT	TIME	CO ₂	O ₂	CO	N ₂
FINAL	922	15.8	102	1	7.07			
INITIAL	100	11.1	11.0	2	20.0			
LIQUID COLLECTED	-8	15.6	2	3				
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	52		11	4	36			

COMMENTS:
Leak check: pre: D.65 At 13 " Hg
post: 1.05 At 13 " Hg

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: FINA
SOURCE: Enstirance
REPETITION NO.: 3 100% O₂ AND NO_x
TEST DATE: 2-7-69

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ average chart reading, \%} = \underline{12.8}$$

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ average chart reading, \%} = \underline{60.5}$$

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} = \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

$$= \frac{(60.5) \% - 0.0 \%}{53.0 \%} \times \frac{13.0}{53.0} \% \text{ O}_2 \\ = \underline{14.84 \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db}}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \text{ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} = \frac{(12.8 \% - 0.0 \%)}{47.1 \%} \times \frac{11.9}{20.9 - 14.84} \text{ ppm} = \underline{32.3 \text{ ppm by vol, db}}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) = \frac{32.3}{20.9 - 14.84} = \underline{31.4 \text{ ppm by vol, db}}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr. to 15\% O}_2, \text{ iso std day conditions}) = \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{0.5}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{1.53} \\ = \frac{31.4}{160} \left(\frac{160}{166} \right)^{0.5} e^{19 \frac{(0.00633 - 0.00633)}{288}} \left(\frac{274}{288} \right)^{-1.53} = \underline{31.3 \text{ ppm by vol, db}}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ (as NO}_2\text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} = (\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \text{ (stack vol flow rate, dscfh)} = \text{lb/hr}$$

$$= \frac{32.3}{30.47} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{15.09925} = \underline{58.2 \text{ lb/hr}}$$

$$\text{HOBS} = \frac{0.80 \times 0.623 \times 0.195}{30.47} = 0.00319$$

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 3 100% cond NAT GAS

TEST DATE: 2-7-69

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar}}{T_m} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right] = 25,390 \text{ dscf}$$
$$\gamma = 1.009$$

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = 2,636 \text{ scf}$$
$$V_{lc} = 56 \text{ ml.}$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = 9.4\%$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FNUA

SOURCE: GM'S TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 3 100% LOAD AND ONS

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

CO average chart reading, γ = 2.5

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift!

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\text{Av. chart reading, } \gamma - \text{Av. zero drift reading} \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading, } \gamma} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right) \\ &= \text{ppmv, db} \\ \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\frac{2.5}{2.0} - \frac{2.0}{1.5} \right) \left(\frac{150}{31.5} - \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\gamma} \right) \left(-0.034 \right) \\ &= \underline{1.5} \text{ ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26 \times 10^{-6}} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dacfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\frac{1.5 \text{ ppmv, db}}{1.5 \text{ ppmv, db}} \right) \left(7.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\frac{15,020.925 \text{ dacfh}}{1.26 \text{ dacfh}} \right) = \underline{12.6 \text{ lbs/hr}}$$

- ① Average of pre and post test drift tests

COMPANY: *Fina*

TEST DATE: 2-1-69

6% TURBINE NAT GAS

CO/NO_x MONITOR FIELD DATA SHEET

Sampling Location	Run No.	Time	Converter Mode	NO _x Chart Reading	O ₂ Chart Reading	C _O Chart Reading	% ppm	T _d	T _w	R _h	Comments
100% O ₂ MD	1	1741		12.0	59.4	1.5	35	33	81		CDP = 166
	2	43.5		12.0	59.3						3, 7 = CO ₂
	3	46		12.0	59.3						
	4	48.5		12.1	59.2						
	5	51		12.1	59.2						
	6	53.5		12.6	59.3						
	7	56		12.5	59.3						
	8	58.5 - 1861	Ave.	12.4	59.3						
				12.3	0	0	0				
					47.0	119	52.0	13.0			
2	1	1817		12.5	59.0						
	2	19.5		12.4	59.0						
	3	22		12.3	59.0						
	4	24.5		12.3	59.0						
	5	27.1		12.5	59.1						
	6	29.5		12.7	59.2						
	7	32		12.8	59.2						
	8	34.5 - 37									
		Out of C.L.									
				0.2	0	83.9	20.4				
				47.8	119	52.2	13.0				
						0	0				

COMPANY: #1MA
TEST DATE: 2-7-81

NAT GAS Full Load CO/NO_x MONITOR FIELD DATA SHEET

Sampling Location	Run No.	Time	Converter Mode	NO _x Chart Reading	O ₂ Chart Reading	CO Chart Reading % ppm	Td	T _w	R _h	COMMENTS
	3	1844		12.5	59.5	2.5	34	32		3.6% CO2
	2	51.5		12.8	60.1					15% CO2
	3	54		11.6	60.4					
	4	56.5		11.4	60.5					CPD = 166
	5	57.0		12.8	60.8					
	6	01.5		12.5	61.0					
	7	04		12.6	61.0					
	8	06.5-09		12.8	61.0	0	0			
		part 1AL		47.1	53.0	13.0	prefast	31.5	150	
				23.3	60	0	cac	62.5	309	
				79.0	197	84.8	20.9			94.478

FINA
9-7-89

HYDROCARBON FIELD DATA SHEET

SAMPLING LOCATION	TIME	PEAK NO.	ATTEN.	PEAK AREA	THC CONC. % (■) ppm	NMHC CONC. (PPM)	COMMENTS
CAL				90.5	90.6		
				49.5	49.44		
				31.5	31.66		
100% LOAD	1741	7		0	0		
LOAD 0%	4/6			0	0		
		51		0.2	0.2		
		56		0.2	0.2		
		01		0.2	0.2		
		CAL					
		1,2		18.5	31.66		
		3,4		10x11	49.44		
		5,6		10x4	51.0		
					29.6	31.66	
					0	0	
					0	0	
DUR2	1817	8					
100% LOAD	22				0	0	
NO LOAD	27				0	0	
	32				0	0	
	37				0	0	
					50.0	49.44	
					0	0	

Fin
2-7-4

VLT GAS FUEL COND

HYDROCARBON FIELD DATA SHEET

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GASTURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 175% LOAD NAT GAS

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

$$2.6 \quad \quad \quad 16.25 \quad \quad \quad = \underline{29.07} \quad \text{lb/lb-mole}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$M_s = M_d (1 - B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws} \quad \quad \quad = \underline{28.30} \quad \text{lb/lb-mole}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$C_p \quad (\text{from calibration curve}) \quad \quad \quad = \underline{0.840}$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$(\sqrt{\Delta p}) \quad \text{avg.} \quad \quad \quad = \underline{0.752}$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$(T_s) \quad \text{avg.} = \underline{301.4} \quad ^\circ\text{F} + 460 \quad \quad \quad = \underline{761.4} \quad ^\circ\text{R}$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{Static Pressure}/13.6) \quad \quad \quad = \underline{30.44} \quad \text{in. H}_g$$

Stack gas velocity

$$(V_s) \quad \text{avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p}) \quad \text{avg.} \quad \quad \quad = \underline{50.77} \quad \text{ft/sec.}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{(T_s) \quad \text{avg.}}{P_s \quad M_s}}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$60 V_s A_s \quad \quad \quad = \underline{383852} \quad \text{acfm}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s \quad \quad \quad \left[\frac{T_{std} \cdot P_s}{(T_s) \quad \text{avg.} \cdot P_{std}} \right]$$

$$= \underline{15,111,310} \quad \text{dscfh}$$

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 1 - 75% LOAD NAT GAS

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right] = 25,602 \text{ scf}$$

$\gamma = 1.009$

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = 1,930 \text{ scf}$$

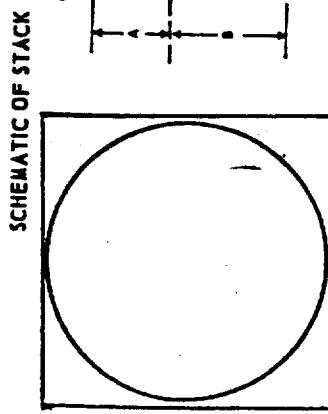
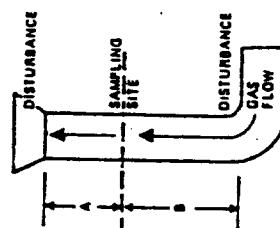
$V_{lc} = 41 \text{ ml.}$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = 7.0$$

FART-CULMITE, HELD ON A

PLANT F-1A
 DATE 2-7-89
 LOCATION 600' E. T.
 OPERATOR B.P. & H.T.



SCHEMATIC OF STACK
 CROSS SECTION

DISTURBANCE
 SAMPLING SITE
 DISTURBANCE
 GAS FLOW

TOTAL

WEIGHT OF PARTICULATE COLLECTED, mg			
SAMPLE	FILTER	PROBE WASH	C FACTOR
FINAL WEIGHT			
TARE WEIGHT			
WEIGHT GAIN			
			TOTAL

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (θ), min.	STATIC PRESSURE (In. H ₂ O)	STACK TEMPERATURE (T _s), °F	VELOCITY HEAD (In. P _g) (V ² /2P _g)	PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ACROSS ORIFICE METER (ΔP _g) In. H ₂ O	ACTUAL DESIRED	GAS SAMPLE TEMPERATURE AT DRY GAS METER		OUTLET (T _{m,out}), °F	SAMPLE BOX TEMPERATURE °F	TEMPERATURE OF GAS LEAVING CONDENSER OR LAST IMPINGER °F	PUMP VACUUM In. Hg gauge	VELOCITY ips
							INLET (T _{m,in}), °F	(T _{m,in}), °F					
3.1.7	1	-4.2	303	.55	.5	6.35.700	14.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6		
3.2.2	5	302	.58	.5	3.9.7	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7		
3.2.7	5	302	.68	.5	4.3.7	5.0	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7		
3.3.2	5	302	.60	.5	4.7.7	5.1	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7		
3.3.7	5	303	.52	.5	5.1.4	5.3	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8		
3.4.2	5	302	.55	.5	5.5.4	5.3	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8		
3.4.7	5	301	.65		6.59.400								
	4	298	.68										
	4	300	.58										
	2	302	.55										
	3	301	.56										
	4	299	.59										
	0	303	.50										
	2	303	.52										
	3	302	.55										
TOTAL	4	301	.46		0.7325.5	23.7	48.1						
AVERAGE													

VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	IMPINGER VOLUME ml	SILICA GEL WEIGHT, g	ORSAT MEASUREMENT	TIME CO ₂ , 0 ₂ , CO, N ₂
FINAL	130	1.0	2.0	1
INITIAL	100	0.0	2.0	2
LIQUID COLLECTED	30	1		3
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	31	1.0	4.1	

COMMENTS:

Leak check: pre: 0.000 or 15" Hg
 post: 0.000 or 15" Hg

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: FIMA
SOURCE: 615 TURBINE
REPETITION NO.: 1 - 75% END NAT GAS
TEST DATE: 2-7-69

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ average chart reading, \%} = \underline{14.2}$$

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ average chart reading, \%} = \underline{65.0}$$

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ \text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} &= \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db}\end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{65.0}{16.25} \% - \frac{0.0 \%}{0.0 \%} \times \frac{13.0}{52.0} \frac{\% \text{ O}_2}{\% \text{ O}_2}$$

$$= \underline{16.25} \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \text{ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} &= \frac{14.2 \%}{14.2 \%} - \frac{0.3 \%}{0.3 \%} \times \frac{119}{47.8} \frac{\text{ppm}}{\%} = \underline{34.60} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \\ \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) &= \frac{34.6}{20.9 - 16.25} \times \frac{5.9}{43.91} \frac{\text{ppm}}{\%} \text{ by vol, db}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr. to 15\% O}_2, \text{ iso std day conditions)} &= \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{0.5}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{\frac{19(\text{HOBS} - 0.00633)}{288}} \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)^{1.53} \\ &= \frac{43.91}{153} \left(\frac{125.9}{125.9} \right)^{0.5} e^{\frac{19(0.00633)}{273.6} \left(\frac{273.6}{288} \right)^{-1.53}} = \underline{40.0} \text{ ppm by vol, db}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{NO}_x \text{ (as NO}_2 \text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} &= (\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{4.6}{385.26 \times 10^{-6}} \right) \text{ (stack vol flow rate, dscfh)} = 1 \text{ lb/hr} \\ &= \frac{34.60}{30.47} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \frac{15111.310}{15111.310} = \underline{62.4} \text{ lb/hr}\end{aligned}$$

$$HobS = 0.1816(0.82) \frac{0.623}{30.47}$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: F/NA

SOURCE: BA & TURNER

REPETITION NO.: 1 - 75% LOAD MAFS

TEST DATE: 2-7-69

CO average chart reading, % = 3.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading} \frac{\text{(1)}}{\text{(1)}} \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading} \frac{\text{(1)}}{\text{(1)}} \%} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right)$$
$$= \text{ppmv, db}$$

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\frac{3.0}{3.0} \% - \frac{2.0}{2.0} \% \right) \left(\frac{15.0}{29.5} \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.026 \right)$$
$$= \frac{14.86}{14.86} \text{ ppmv, db}$$

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\frac{14.86 \text{ ppmv, db}}{14.86 \text{ ppmv, db}} \right) \left(7.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\frac{15,114 \text{ dscfh}}{16,320 \text{ dscfh}} \right) = \underline{\underline{16.32 \text{ lbs/hr}}}$$

① Average of pre and post test drift tests

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

- COMPANY: FINA

- SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

- REPETITION NO.: 2 - 75% LOAD NAT GAS

- TEST DATE:

- Dry molecular weight of stack gas

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

$$= \frac{2.6}{16.1} \frac{8.3}{8.3} = \underline{\underline{29.06}} \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$M_s = M_d (1-B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{28.29}} \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)} = \underline{\underline{0.840}}$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$(\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = \underline{\underline{0.750}}$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$(T_s) \text{ avg.} = \underline{\underline{299.2}} ^\circ F + 460 = \underline{\underline{759.2}} ^\circ R$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{Static Pressure}/13.6) = \underline{\underline{30.44}} \text{ in. H}_g$$

Stack gas velocity

$$(V_s) \text{ avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = \frac{(T_s) \text{ avg.}}{P_s M_s} = \underline{\underline{50.57}} \text{ ft/sec.}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$60 V_s A_s = \underline{\underline{382340}} \text{ acfm}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1-B_{ws}) V_s A_s \left[\frac{T_{std} \cdot P_s}{(T_s) \text{ avg.} \cdot P_{std}} \right]$$

$$= \underline{\underline{15,095,403}} \text{ dscfh}$$

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 2 - 75% LOAD NAT GAS

TEST DATE: 2-7-69

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right] = 25.009 \text{ scf}$$
$$\gamma = 1.009$$

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = 1.883 \text{ scf}$$
$$V_{lc} = 40 \text{ ml.}$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = 7.0\%$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: FINA TURNER

REPETITION NO.: 2 75% LOAD MASTERS

TEST DATE: 2-7-67

CO average chart reading, % = 3.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading} \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading}} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right)$$
$$= \text{ppmv, db}$$

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\frac{3.0}{0.6} \right) \left(\frac{15.0}{27.5} \right) \left(1 - \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right)$$
$$= \frac{1.53}{1.53} \text{ ppmv, db}$$

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, scfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\frac{15.3 \text{ ppmv, db}}{1.53 \text{ ppmv, db}} \right) \left(1.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\frac{15,095.403 \text{ scfh}}{16.8 \cdot 1 \text{ scfh}} \right)$$

① Average of pre and post test drift tests

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: FNUA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO. 2-75% LOAD NAT GAS

TEST DATE: 2-7-69

NO_x average chart reading, % = 13.2

O₂ average chart reading, % = 65.0

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

O₂ conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, % - Av. zero drift reading, %) x $\frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \%$ O₂ by vol, db

O₂ conc (corrected) = % O₂ by vol, db

$$= (\underline{65.0})\% - (\underline{0.0})\% \times \frac{13.0}{52.3} \%$$

NO_x conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, % - Av. zero drift reading, %) x $\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \text{ppm by vol, db}$

NO_x conc₁ (corr.) = $(\underline{13.2})\% - (\underline{0.0})\% \times \frac{119}{47.1} \text{ ppm} = \underline{33.4} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$

NO_x conc₂ (corr. to 15% O₂) = $\underline{33.4} \times \frac{5.9}{20.9 - 16.1} = \underline{41.1} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$

NO_x conc $\left(\text{corr. to 15\% O}_2, \text{ day conditions} \right) = \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{0.5} 19(\text{HOBS} - 0.00633) \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)^{1.53}$

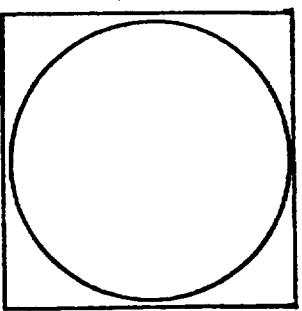
$$= \frac{41.1}{153.0} \left(\frac{125.9}{153.0} \right)^{0.5} e^{19(0.00335 - 0.00633)} \left(\frac{2747}{288} \right)^{-1.53} = \underline{32.9} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

NO_x (as NO₂) emission rate (lb/hr) = (NO_x conc₁, ppm by vol, db) $\left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right)$ (stack vol flow rate, dscfh) = lb/hr

$$= \underline{33.4} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{15,095,403} = \underline{60.2} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$\text{HOBS} = \frac{0.81(0.203)}{30.47} 0.623 = 0.00336$$

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA



PLANT	<u>Fine</u>	AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	<u>46° F</u>
DATE	<u>27-6-7</u>	METER ΔH _g	<u>—</u>
LOCATION	<u>WILMINGTON, TX</u>	BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	<u>—</u>
OPERATOR	<u>B. H. T.</u>	ASSUMED MOISTURE, %	<u>—</u>
STACK NO.	<u>C-11</u>	PROBE LENGTH, in.	<u>—</u>
RUN NO.	<u>73</u>	NOZZLE DIAMETER, in.	<u>—</u>
Height of Probe, ft	<u>2 1/4</u>	STACK DIAMETER, in.	<u>—</u>
SAMPLE BOX NO.	<u>RAC</u>	METER BOX NO.	<u>597</u>
PROBE HEATER SETTING		HEATER BOX SETTING	<u>—</u>

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (sec., min.)	STATIC PRESSURE (in. H ₂ O)	STACK TEMPERATURE (T _s), °F	VELOCITY HEAD (ΔP _s) (V ² /2g)	PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ACROSS ORIFICE METER (ΔH _o) in. H ₂ O	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (Vm), l/s	GAS SAMPLE TEMPERATURE AT DRY GAS METER		SAMPLE BOX TEMPERATURE °F	TEMPERATURE OF GAS LEAVING CONDENSER OR LAST IMPINGER °F	PUMP VACUUM in. Hg gauge	VELOCITY l/s
							ACTUAL	DESIRED				
3:50	1	- .41	298	.56	5.5	659.620	51	46	47	46	46	1.6
3:55	2	5	299	.58	5.5	63.8	52	47	47	46	46	1.6
4:00	3	5	300	.65	5.5	68.1	52	47	47	46	46	1.6
4:05	4	5	295	.60	5.5	69.5	72.1	52	47	46	46	1.6
4:10	1	5	299	.57	5.5	67.1	52	47	47	46	46	1.6
4:15	2	5	300	.55	5.5	80.1	52	47	47	46	46	1.6
4:20	3	5	301	.64	5.5	692.800	52	47	47	46	46	1.6
4:	4		301	.67								
4:	5		303	.53								
4:	6		301	.53								
4:	7		302	.56								
4:	8		302	.53								
4:	9		302	.51								
4:	10		302	.52								
4:	11		300	.54								
TOTAL				.56								
AVERAGE				294.2								
VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	1	2	3	4	5	IMPINGER VOLUME ml	SILICA GEL WEIGHT,	ORSAT MEASUREMENT	TIME	CO ₂	O ₂	CO ₂
FINAL	13.3	101			202				1			
INITIAL	13.0	100			200				2			
LIQUID COLLECTED	32	1							3			
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	33	7			40				4			

COMMENTS:

Leak check: pre: 100 mg N₂ post: 100 mg N₂

15213963 =

$$\left[\frac{(T_s)_{avg} \cdot P_{std}}{T_{std} \cdot P_s} \right]$$

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1-B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$= 386,088 \text{ acfm}$$

$$60 V_s A_s$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$= 51,07 \text{ ft/sec.}$$

$$\frac{P_s}{(T_s)_{avg.}}$$

$$(V_s)_{avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\nabla P)_{avg.}$$

Stack gas velocity

$$= 30.44 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{static pressure}/13.6)$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$= 759.9 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$(T_s)_{avg.} = 299.9 \text{ °F} + 460$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$= 0.757$$

$$(\nabla P)_{avg.}$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$= 0.840$$

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$= 28.29 \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

$$M_s = M_d (1-B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws}$$

$$= 29.08 \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$= 16.3$$

$$2.7$$

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

TEST DATE: 2-7-64

REPETITION NO.: 3 75% LAD NAT GAS

SOURCE: GAs TURBINE

COMPANY: F/V/A

TEST DATE: 2-7-69
 REPETITION NO.: 3 750/1000 NAT GAS
 SOURCE: ENGLISCH UNITS
 COMPANY: FIAA
 (29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wsd} + V_{wst}}{V_{wst}} \times 100$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$= 1.930 \text{ scf}$$

$$V_{wsd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml.}} \right] V_{lc}$$

$$V_{lc} = \text{41 ml.}$$

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

$$= 25.237 \text{ dsccf}$$

$$V_{wst} = \left[17.64 \left(V_y \frac{P_{bar}}{T_m} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) \right]$$

$$y = 1.009$$

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 3 75% CO 2000 NAT GAS

TEST DATE: 2-7-69

CO average chart reading, % = 2.8

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading}^{(0), \%}) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading}^{(0), \%}} \right) (1 - F_{\text{CO}_2}) \\ &= \text{ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\frac{2.8}{2.8} \% - \frac{0.0}{2.8} \% \right) \left(\frac{150}{29.5} \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) (1 - 0.02) \\ &= \underline{\underline{13.9}} \text{ ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dacfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\frac{13.9 \text{ ppmv, db}}{13.9 \text{ ppmv, db}} \right) \left(7.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\frac{150 \text{ dacfh}}{521.2963 \text{ dacfh}} \right) = \underline{\underline{15.4}} \text{ lbs/hr}$$

- ① Average of pre and post test drift tests

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 3

75% LOAD NAT GAS

TEST DATE: 2-7-69

$$NO_x \text{ average chart reading, \%} = \underline{12.9}$$

$$O_2 \text{ average chart reading, \%} = \underline{65.0}$$

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$O_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \% O_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

$$= (\underline{65.0})\% - \underline{0.0}\% \times \frac{13.0}{52.0} \% O_2$$

NO_x conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, \% - Av. zero drift reading, \%) $\times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \text{ppm by vol, db}$

$$NO_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} = (\underline{12.9} \% - \underline{0.0} \%) \times \frac{11.9}{47.0} \text{ ppm} = \underline{32.7} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$NO_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15% O}_2) = \underline{32.7} \times \frac{5.9}{20.9 - 16.25} = \underline{41.5} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$NO_x \text{ conc } \left(\text{corr. to 15% O}_2, \text{ iso std day conditions} \right) = NO_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{1.5}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{19} \left(\frac{19(\text{HOBS} - 0.00633)}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right) \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)^{-1.53} = \underline{38.2} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$NO_x \text{ (as NO}_2) \text{ emission rate (lb/hr)} = (NO_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \text{ (stack vol flow rate, dscfh)} = \text{lb/hr}$$

$$= \underline{32.7} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{15213963} = \underline{59.40} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$H_{\text{OBS}} = \frac{0.81(0.203) 0.623}{30.47} = 0.00336$$

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

PLANT

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

METER ΔH_θ

SCHEMATIC OF STACK

C FACTOR

ASSUMED MOISTURE, %

NOZZLE DIAMETER, in.

PROCESS WEIGHT RATE

PROBE LENGTH, in.

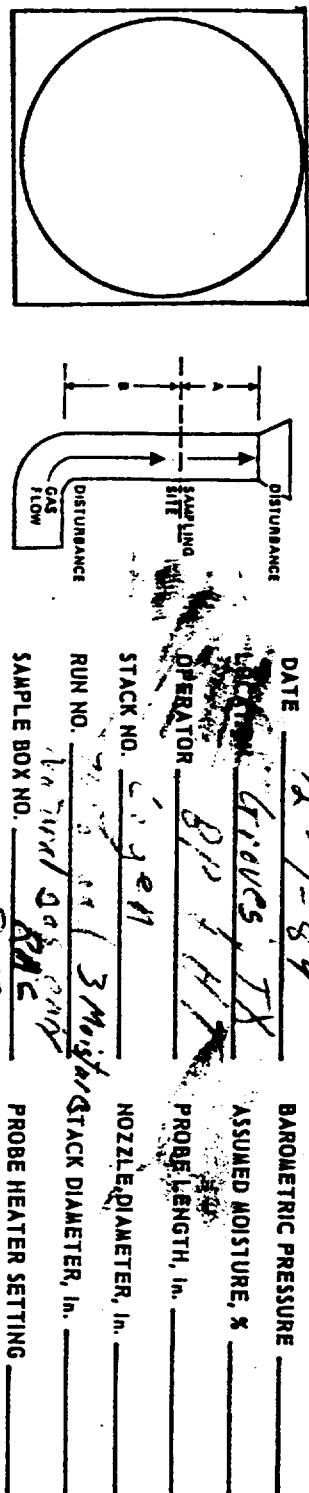
SAMPLE BOX NO.

FINAL WEIGHT

TARE WEIGHT

WEIGHT GAIN

TOTAL



TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (θ, min.)	STATIC PRESSURE (in. H ₂ O)	STACK TEMPERATURE (T _s), °F	VELOCITY HEAD (ΔP _s) (in. H ₂ O)	PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ACROSS ORIFICE METER (ΔP _m) (in. H ₂ O)	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (V _m), l ³	GAS SAMPLE TEMPERATURE AT DRY GAS METER (T _{m,D}), °F	OUTLET TEMPERATURE (T _{m,out}), °F	SAMPLE BOX TEMPERATURE (T _{m,s}), °F	TEMPERATURE OF GAS LEAVING CONDENSER OR LAST IMPINGER	PUMP VACUUM IN. HG gauge	VELOCITY (f/s)
4.22	4.1-0.41	3.03	.50	5.5	6.82.824	5.2	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6		
4.37	5	3.01	.60	5.5	8.670	5.2	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6		
4.32	5	3.00	.65	5.5	9.0.60	5.2	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6		
4.32	5	3.00	.54	5.5	9.4500	5.2	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6		
4.42	5	3.03	.58	5.5	9.840	5.2	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6		
4.47	5	3.00	.65	5.5	10.2.30	5.2	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6		
4.52	5	3.01	.71	7.0	10.6.20	5.2	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6		
4	3	2.98	.68									
4	1	3.04	.55									
2		3.04	.52									
3		3.03	.58									
4		3.03	.55									
0	1	3.03	.53									
2		3.00	.53									
3		3.02	.52									
TOTAL		3.95	.49									
AVERAGE		2.99	.49									

VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	IMPIINGER VOLUME ml	SILICA GEL WEIGHT, g	ORSAT MEASUREMENT	TIME	CO ₂	O ₂	CO	N ₂
FINAL	173	104						
INITIAL	101	100						
Liquid Collected	33	4						
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	37	4						

COMMENTS:
Leak check: pre: 0.0015 "Hg
post: 0.0115 "Hg

23.376

49.0

COMPANY: FINA
TEST DATE: 2-7-69

C_O/NO_x MONITOR FIELD DATA SHEET

P_{bar} = 30.17

GAS TURBINE ANNUAL GAS

Sampling Location	Run No.	Time	Converter Mode	NO _x Chart Reading	O ₂ Chart Reading	CO Chart Reading	P
1	1-754600D	1514-165		13.7	64.9	26.585	%
2		165-19		13.9	64.9	19.420	PPMV
3		19-215		14.2	65.0	3.0	PPMV
4		215-21		14.5	65.0	15	Td
5		211-215		14.3	65.0	37	T _w
6		215-21		14.1	65.0	82	R _h
7		219-315		14.0	64.9		COMMENTS
8		315-31		14.0	64.9		
- END		1534		14.0	64.9		
Lost CAL Check							
1	2-754600D	1530-	+0.5	0	83.6	20.9	
2		525-			52	13.0	
3		55-			0		
4		<15-1600					
5		15.00					
6		025					
7		05					
8		075					
9		10					
CAL		0	0	52.5	13.0	0	D
		47.1	119	0	0		

COMPANY: FINA

TEST DATE: 2-7-85

CO/NO_x MONITOR FIELD DATA SHEET

6 ACTUATOR NO. 14C

Sampling Location	Run No.	Time	Converter Mode	NO _x Chart Reading 3 min. average ppmv	O ₂ Chart Reading 5 min. average ppmv	CO Chart Reading % ppmv	Td	T _w	R _h	COMMFT
1 3-75% load	1623		13	6.5	6.5	2.8	35.33	5.1		COPD=123
2	1625		124	6.5	6.5					11.1
3	1624		12.9	6.5	6.5					
4	1630.5-32		33.5	6.5	6.5					
5	33.5 38		12.9	6.5	6.5					
6	36 - 46.5		12.8	6.5	6.5					
7	40.5 43		12.8	6.5	6.5					
8	Post chl		78.0	6.5	6.5					
			144	0	0	29.5	150			
			47.0	52.0	13.0	6.1	304			
			23.7	60	83.0	10.9	11.5	418		

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: F/LUA

SOURCE: GHS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 1/100% LOAD REFFERS

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

STACK GAS VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1-B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$= \frac{38/508}{60 V_s A_s} \text{ acfm}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$= \frac{50.46}{ft/sec.}$$

$$(V_s)_{avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg.}$$

Stack gas velocity

$$= \frac{36.62}{in. H_2O}$$

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{static pressure}/13.6)$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$= \frac{762.2}{ft}$$

$$(T_s)_{avg.} = 302.2 \text{ °F} + 460$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$= \frac{0.748}{}$$

$$(\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg.}$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$= \frac{0.640}{}$$

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$= \frac{28.32}{lb/lb-mole}$$

$$M_s = M_d (1-B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$= \frac{28.2}{}$$

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

$$= \frac{29.06}{lb/lb-mole}$$

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

REPETITION NO.: 1/100% LOAD REFFERS

SOURCE: GHS TURBINE

COMPANY: F/LUA

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: FINA
SOURCE: GAS TURNER

REPETITION NO.: 1 - 100% AND 120%
TEST DATE: 2-6-87

NO_x average chart reading, % = 31.1

O₂ average chart reading, % = 61.0

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$O_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% } O_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \% O_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

$$\begin{aligned} O_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} &= \% O_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ &= (\underline{61.0}) \% - \underline{0.2} \% \times \frac{13}{52.0} \% O_2 \\ &= \underline{15.2} \% O_2 \text{ by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

NO_x conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, % - Av. zero drift reading, %) $\times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \text{ppm by vol, db}$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} = (\underline{31.1} \% - \underline{0.4} \%) \times \underline{119} \text{ ppm} = \underline{26.6} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15% } O_2) = \underline{26.6} \times \frac{5.9}{20.9 - 15.2} = \underline{79.3} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ conc} \left(\text{corr. to 15% } O_2, \text{ day conditions} \right) &= \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15% } O_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{0.5}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{19(\text{HOBs} - 0.00633)} \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)^{1.53} \\ &= \underline{79.3} \left(\frac{160}{180} \right)^{0.5} e^{19 \frac{(0.00421 - 0.00633)}{288} \underline{286.9}} = \underline{78.4} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ (as } O_2) \text{ emission rate (lb/hr)} &= (\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) (\text{stack vol flow rate, dscfh}) = \text{lb/hr} \\ &= \underline{76.6} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{14,978.321} = \underline{132.0} \text{ lb/hr} \end{aligned}$$

$$HOBs = \frac{0.59 (0.3352)}{30.65} 0.623 = 0.00402$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: *Final* 100% LOAD REF 6NS

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

CO average chart reading, % = 2.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift!

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading} \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading}} \right) \left(1 - F_{CO_2} \right) \\ &= \text{ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\frac{2.0}{2.0} \% - \frac{0.0}{0.0} \% \right) \left(\frac{150}{30.0} \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.028 \right) \\ &= \underline{\underline{9.7}} \text{ ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\underline{\underline{9.7 \text{ ppmv, db}}} \right) \left(7.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\underline{\underline{14928391 \text{ dscfh}}} \right) = \underline{\underline{20.6 \text{ lbs/hr}}}$$

- ① Average of pre and post test drift tests

SAMPLE VOLUME

$$V_m = \frac{25.536}{T_m} \text{ ft}^3$$

$$T_m = \frac{533.6}{P_{bar}} \text{ R}$$

$$P_{bar} = \frac{30.65}{Y} \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$Y = \frac{1.009}{V_m} \text{ ft}^3$$

$$V_m(\text{std}) = \frac{17.64}{T_m} \text{ R} \times \frac{Y V_m P_{bar} + \frac{13.6}{4 H}}{\text{in. Hg}} = \frac{26.461}{26.461} \text{ ft}^3$$

Equation 6-1

SO₂ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = \frac{0.01023(\text{g-eq})}{\text{ml}}$$

SO₃ ANALYSIS DATA

$$V_t = \frac{1.875}{0.6} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = \frac{0.35}{0.35} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = \frac{200}{20} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = \frac{20}{20} \text{ ml}$$

$$SO_2 \text{ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS}$$

$$C_{SO_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N(V_t - V_{tb})(V_{soln} / V_a)}{V_m(\text{std})} = 0.0085 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

SO₂ EMISSION RATE

$$Q_s = \frac{14,978,391}{14,978,391} \text{ DSCF/H}$$

$$= 1.27 \text{ lb/hr}$$

SO₃ EMISSION RATE

$$Q_s = \frac{14,978,391}{14,978,391} \text{ DSCF/H}$$

$$SO_3 \text{ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS}$$

$$C_{SO_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N(V_t - V_{tb})(V_{soln} / V_a)}{V_m(\text{std})} = 0.052 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

SO₃ EMISSION RATE

$$Q_s = \frac{14,978,391}{14,978,391} \text{ DSCF/H}$$

$$= 7.79 \text{ lbs/hr}$$

$$C_{SO_3} = \frac{14,978,391}{14,978,391} \text{ DSCF/H}$$

$$= 0.51 \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

$$= 2.5 \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

100% LOAD REFFERS
F1VA CODENA
2-8-89

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM
(English Units)

SOURCE: ENGLISH UNITS
REPETITION NO.: 1 - 100% COLD KEEPS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F).

TEST DATE: 2-8-89
COMPANY: FIA
SOURC: ENGLISH UNITS
REPETITION NO.: 1 - 100% COLD KEEPS

VOLUME OF SAMPLE AT STANDARD CONDITIONS ON DRY BASIS

$$V_{mstd} = [17.64] V_y \left[\frac{P_{bar}}{T} + \frac{1}{13.6} \right]$$

VOLUME OF WATER VAPOR IN SAMPLE AT STANDARD CONDITIONS

$$V_{wsd} = [0.04707 \text{ cu. ft.}] V_{lc}$$

$$V_{lc} = \frac{51}{\text{ml.}}$$

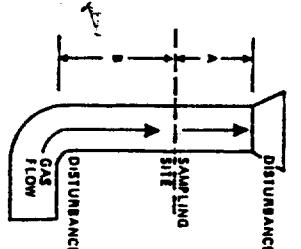
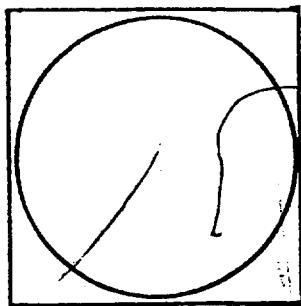
FRACTIONAL MOISTURE CONTENT OF STACK GAS

$$\frac{B_{ws}}{V_{wsd} + V_{wsd}} = 2.481$$

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wsd}}{V_{wsd} + V_{wsd}}$$

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

SCHEMATIC OF STACK



DATE 2-8-61
LOCATION Gruver, TX
OPERATOR P.P. H.T.
STACK NO. Cogen
RUN NO. 100% Load 1 SC
Re-finish fuel only
SAMPLE BOX NO. RAC
METER BOX NO. 597

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE 30.03
ASSUMED MOISTURE, % —
PROBE LENGTH, in. —
NOZZLE DIAMETER, in. —
STACK DIAMETER, in. —
PROBE HEATER SETTING ,
HEATER BOX SETTING —

VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	1	2	3	4	SILICA GEL VOLUME ml	WEIGHT, g	ORSAT MEASUREMENT
FINAL	99	157	100		7.01	1	
INITIAL	100	100	100		200	2	
LIQUID COLLECTED	-6	57					
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	104		57	-1			

COMMENTS:
keckcheck: pre: 0.00 nr 15 "mg
post: 400 nr 15 "mg

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: FIMA
 SOURCE: 603 TURBINE
 REPETITION NO.: 2 - 100% LOAD TESTS (WITH INCREASED STEAM INJECTION RATE)
 TEST DATE: 2-8-87

NO_x average chart reading, % = 27.8

O₂ average chart reading, % = 61.0

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

$$= (\underline{61.0} \% - \underline{0.0} \%) \times \frac{\underline{13}}{\underline{52.1}} \% \text{ O}_2$$

$$= \underline{15.2} \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

NO_x conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, % - Av. zero drift reading, %) $\times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \text{ppm by vol, db}$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} = (\underline{27.8} \% - \underline{0.05} \%) \times \underline{119} \text{ ppm} = \underline{69.1} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15% O}_2) = \underline{69.1} \times \frac{\underline{5.9}}{\underline{20.9-15.2}} = \underline{21.5} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc} \left(\text{corr. to 15% O}_2, \text{ day conditions} \right) = \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{1.5}}{\text{Pobs}} e^{19(\text{HOBs} - 0.00633)} \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)^{1.53} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\underline{71.5}}{\underline{160}} \left(\frac{\underline{160}}{\underline{160}} \right)^{0.5} e^{19(0.0038 - 0.00633) \left(\frac{273}{288} \right)^{-1.53}} = \underline{20.0} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ (as NO}_2 \text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} = (\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \text{ (stack vol flow rate, dscfh)} = \text{lb/hr}$$

$$= \underline{69.1} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{14,760,078} = \underline{121.8} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$HOBs = \frac{(0.2966)(0.61)(0.673)}{30.65}$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 2- 100% LOAD REAMS

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

CO average chart reading, % = 3.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading} \frac{①}{\%, \%} \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading} \frac{①}{\%, \%}} \right) \left(1 - F_{CO_2} \right)$$

= ppmv, db

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\frac{3.0}{3.0} - \frac{0.0}{0.0} \right) \left(\frac{150}{30.0} \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.032 \right)$$

= 14.5 ppmv, db

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\frac{14.5 \text{ ppmv, db}}{14.5 \text{ ppmv, db}} \right) \left(7.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\frac{14,769,028 \text{ dscfh}}{1526} \right) = 1526 \text{ lbs/hr}$$

- ① Average of pre and post test drift tests

TEST DATE: 2-8-69

REPETITION NO.: 2-100% LOAD REEFS

SOURCE: 6A5 TUBING/1/2"

COMPANY: F/1/2A

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

$$M_w = M_d (1-B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$B_{ws} = \frac{P_t}{P_a} \frac{R}{R_p} \frac{T_a}{T_t}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$C_p = \frac{P_t}{P_a} \frac{R}{R_p} \frac{T_a}{T_t}$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$(T_s)^{avg.} = \frac{3053^{\circ}F + 460}{0.748}$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{Static Pressure}/13.6)$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$(T_s)^{avg.} = (85.49) C_p \left(\frac{P_s}{P_s^{std}} \right)^{\frac{1}{n_s}}$$

Stack gas velocity

$$\frac{382869 \text{ acfm}}{60 V_s A_s} = \frac{50.64 \text{ ft/sec.}}{(T_s)^{avg.}}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1-B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

= 1476028 acfm

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

$$V_{msd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_y \left[\frac{P_{bar}}{A_H} + \frac{T_m}{13.6} \right] \text{ dscf}$$

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

$$V_{lc} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{msd}$$

$$= 2.589 \text{ scf}$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{msd} + V_{wstd}}{V_{wstd}}$$

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FUA

SOURCE: 6A 5 TURBINE

TEST DATE:

REPETITION NO.: 2-100% LOAD REF FAS

$$y = 1.009$$

$$V_{msd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_y \left[\frac{P_{bar}}{A_H} + \frac{T_m}{13.6} \right] \text{ dscf}$$

$$Q_s = 14,760,078 \text{ DSCFH}$$

SO_3 EMISSION RATE

$$= 1.58 \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

$$C_{SO_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N(V_t - V_{tb})(V_{soln}/V_a)}{m(std)} = 0.033 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

SO_3 CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$Q_s = 14,760,078 \text{ DSCFH}$$

$$= 4.87 \text{ lb/hr}$$

SO_2 EMISSION RATE

$$= 1.97 \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

$$C_{SO_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N(V_t - V_{tb})(V_{soln}/V_a)}{m(std)} = 0.033 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

SO_2 CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$V_a = 20 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = 200 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = 0.35 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_t = 1.30 \text{ ml}$$

$$N = 0.01023 (\text{g-eq}) / \text{ml}$$

SO_3 ANALYSIS DATA

SO_2 ANALYSIS DATA

$$V_m(std) = 17.64 \frac{\text{in. Hg}}{\text{R}} \times Y V_m [\text{P}_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}] = 26.138 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$\text{Equation 6-1}$$

$$Y = 1.009$$

$$P_{\text{bar}} = 30.65 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$T_m = 529.2 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{lb}}$$

$$V_m = 25,018 \text{ ft}^3$$

SAMPLE VOLUME

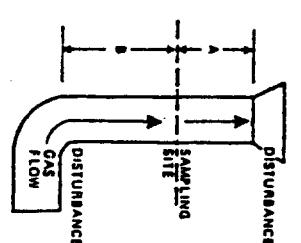
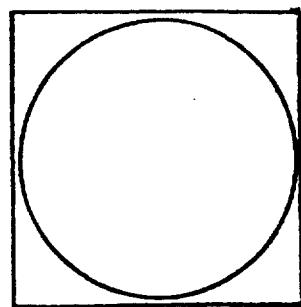
2-8-89
2-100% LOAD REFS

GAS TYPE/HUE

FURN

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM
(English Units)

PARTICLE SIZE DATA



CROSS SECTION

PLANT Fine AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 51° F
 DATE 2-8-89 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE 30.63
 LOCATION 510' E S 75° C FACTOR _____
 OPERATOR B.P. ASSUMED MOISTURE, % _____
 STACK NO. 6094 PROBE LENGTH, in. _____
 RUN NO. 100 to 101 & 502 STACK DIAMETER, in. _____
 SAMPLE BOX NO. R-111, F-111 PROBE HEATER SETTING _____
 METER BOX NO. 522 HEATER BOX SETTING _____

WEIGHT OF PARTICULATE COLLECTED, mg		
SAMPLE	FILTER	PROBE WASH
FINAL WEIGHT		
TARE WEIGHT		
WEIGHT GAIN		
TOTAL		

TRaverse Point Number	Sampling Time (θ), min.	Static Pressure (in. H ₂ O)	Stack Temperature (T _s), °F	Velocity Head (ΔP _v) (in. H ₂ O)	Pressure Differential Across Orifice Meter (ΔH) (in. H ₂ O)	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (Vm) l/s	GAS SAMPLE TEMPERATURE AT DRY GAS METER (T _{m,in}), °F	OUTLET TEMPERATURE (T _{m,out}), °F	SAMPLE BOX TEMPERATURE	Temperature of Gas Leaving Condenser or Last Impinger °F	Pump Vacuum in. Hg gauge	Velocity ps
14/3	4	-39	306	.55	5.5	29.482	20	70		69		
14/8	5	2	302	.55	5.5	30.36	71	68		68		
14/23	3		306	.61	5.5		37.8					
50	3		303	.52	5.5							
33	5	1	302	.55	5.5	11.9	72	65		68		
78	5	2	306	.60	5.5	15.1	72	65		68		
14/3	5	3	307	.68	20.3	20.3	74	66		65		
			305	.70		834.500						
			307	.56								
			306	.54								
			301	.52								
			306	.53								
			307	.55								
			305	.54								
			300	.45								
TOTAL												
AVERAGE												
VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	1	2	3	4	9							
FINAL	93	153			265							
INITIAL	100	100	100		200							
LIQUID COLLECTED	-5	55										
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED		50		5	55							
AVERAGE												
IMPINGER VOLUME ml												
SILICA GEL WEIGHT, g												
ORSAT MEASUREMENT	1	2	3	4	9							
TIME												
CO ₂												
O ₂												
CO												
N ₂												

COMMENTS:

Leak check: pre: 0.00 at 15 "Hg
post: 0.00 at 15 "Hg

= 14794.357 descfch

$$\frac{(T_s)_{avg} \cdot P_{std}}{T_{std} \cdot P_s}$$

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1-B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

= 382566 acfm

$$60 V_s A_s$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

= 50.60 ft/sec.

$$\frac{P_s}{(T_s)_{avg.}}$$

$$(V_s)_{avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg.}$$

Stack gas velocity

= 30.62 in. Hg

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{Static Pressure}/13.6)$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

= 764.6 lb/in^2

$$(T_s)_{avg.} = 304.6 ^\circ F + 460$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

= 0.748 avg.

$$(\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg.}$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

= 0.840

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

= 28.14 lb/lb-mole

$$M_s = M_d (1-B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws}$$

= 28.14 lb/lb-mole

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

= 3.2

$$/5.25$$

= 8.155

$\frac{M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2)}{+ 0.32 (\%O_2)} + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$

$$/5.25$$

= 25.72

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

TEST DATE: 2-6-64

REPETITION NO.: 3 - 100% LOAD REFS

SOURCE: 645 TYPE HE

COMPANY: FWA

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM
(English Units)

SAMPLE VOLUME

$$V_m = \underline{25,685} \text{ ft}^3$$

$$T_m = \underline{529.6} ^\circ\text{R}$$

$$P_{bar} = \underline{30.65} \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$Y = \underline{1.009}$$

$$V_{m(std)} = 17.64 \frac{^\circ\text{R}}{\text{in. Hg}} \times \frac{Y V_m [P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}]}{T_m} = \underline{26,807} \text{ ft}^3 \quad \text{Equation 6-1}$$

FINA
COGEN
100% LOAD REFGAS
RUN 3
2-8-89

SO₂ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = \underline{0.01023} (\text{g-eq}) / \text{ml}$$

$$V_t = \underline{1.925} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = \underline{0.350} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = \underline{250} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = \underline{20} \text{ ml}$$

SO₃ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = \underline{0.01023} (\text{g-eq}) / \text{ml}$$

$$V_t = \underline{1.4} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = \underline{0.35} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = \underline{200} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = \underline{20} \text{ ml}$$

SO₂ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{SO_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = \underline{0.053} \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= \underline{3.19} \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₂ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_2} \times Q_s = \underline{2.84} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$Q_s = \underline{14,794,357} \text{ DSCFH}$$

SO₃ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{SO_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = \underline{0.035} \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= \underline{1.7} \text{ ppm By Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₃ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_3} \times Q_s = \underline{5.18} \text{ lbs/hr}$$

$$Q_s = \underline{14,794,357} \text{ DSCFH}$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: OAS TESTS, NUE

REPETITION NO.: 3 - 100% CO AND REF OAS

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

CO average chart reading, % = 3.0CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

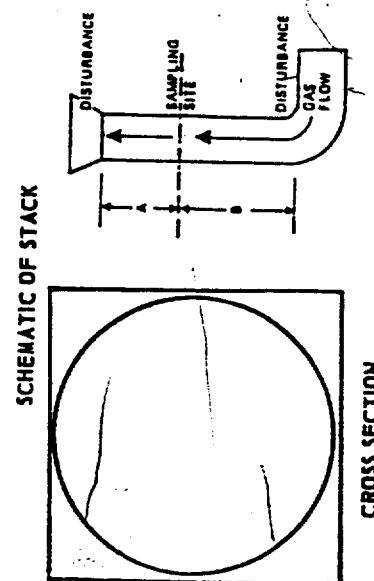
$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading} \frac{\text{①}}{\text{②}}, \% \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading} \frac{\text{①}}{\text{②}}, \%} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right) \\ &= \text{ppmv, db} \\ \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\frac{3.0}{3.0} \% - \frac{0.0}{0.0} \% \right) \left(\frac{150}{300} \right) \left(\frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.032 \right) \\ &= \frac{14.5}{14.5} \text{ ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

CO emission rate

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} &= \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right) \\ \text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} &= \left(\frac{14.5 \text{ ppmv, db}}{14.5 \text{ ppmv, db}} \right) \left(\frac{7.268 \times 10^{-8}}{14,794,357 \text{ dscfh}} \right) = \frac{15.6}{15.6} \text{ lbs/hr} \end{aligned}$$

- ① Average of pre and post test drift tests

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA



PLANT F-11A AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 71.5° F
 DATE 2-8-89 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE 30.045 in Hg
 LOCATION 6114 E 5th St ASSUMED MOISTURE, % 10
 OPERATOR B.P. + J.F. PROBE LENGTH, in. 11
 STACK NO. 100-11 NOZZLE DIAMETER, in. .3125
 RUN NO. 100-11 STACK DIAMETER, in. .3125 in Hg
 SAMPLE BOX NO. 100-11 PROBE HEATER SETTING 70° F
 METER BOX NO. 100-7 HEATER BOX SETTING 70° F

WEIGHT OF PARTICULATE COLLECTED, mg		
SAMPLE	FILTER	PROBE WASH
FINAL WEIGHT		
TARE WEIGHT		
WEIGHT GAIN		
		TOTAL

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (θ), min.	STATIC PRESSURE (in. H ₂ O)	STACK TEMPERATURE (T _s), °F	VELOCITY HEAD (ΔP) (V ² /2g)	PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ACROSS ORIFICE METER (ΔH) in. H ₂ O	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (V _m), in. ³	GAS SAMPLE TEMPERATURE AT DRY GAS METER (T _{m IN}), °F	OUTLET (T _{m OUT}), °F	SAMPLE BOX TEMPERATURE °F	TEMPERATURE OF GAS LEAVING CONDENSER OR LAST IMPINGER °F	PUMP VACUUM in. Hg	GAUGE VELOCITY ips	COMMENTS:				
1447	1	-39	306	.55	.5	824.715	70	66	70								
52	5	2	307	.52	.5	28.8	77	66	70								
57	5	2	307	.60	.5	32.9	74	66	70								
1503	5	4	304	.52	.5	32.0	74	66	70								
1507	5	1	307	.56	.5	41.1	74	66	70								
12	5	2	307	.60	.5	43.5	74	66	70								
1517	5	3	306	.68	.5	950.40											
	4		301	.20													
	1		305	.55													
	2		304	.55													
	3		305	.54													
	4		300	.51													
	5		305	.53													
	6		305	.54													
	7		304	.54													
	8		301	.45													
TOTAL			304.6	.0748315													
AVERAGE			-0.37	304.6													
VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED			IMPINGER VOLUME ml		SILICA GEL WEIGHT,												
			1	2	3	4	9										
FINAL	91	159	107		204												
INITIAL	100	100	100		200												
LIQUID COLLECTED	-9	59	1														
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	51	51	51		55												

	TIME	CO ₂	O ₂	CO	N ₂
1					
2					
3					

check: pre: 0.0 bar / 5 "Hg
 post: 0.01 bar / 5 "Hg

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 3- 100% LOAD REFS

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right] = 26.807 \text{ dscf}$$
$$\gamma = 1.009$$

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = 2.589 \text{ scf}$$
$$V_{lc} = 55 \text{ ml.}$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} \times 100 = 8.8\%$$

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: FINA
SOURCE: 6713 TURBINE
REPETITION NO.: 3 100% L015 REF GAS (with N2PASSED STREAM INLET/OUTLET)
TEST DATE: 2-8-87

$$NO_x \text{ average chart reading, \%} = 28.1$$

$$O_2 \text{ average chart reading, \%} = 61.1$$

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$O_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, \%}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} O_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

$$O_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} = \% O_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

$$= \frac{(61.1) \% - (-0.1) \%}{15.25 \%} \times \frac{13}{52.1} \frac{\% O_2}{\% O_2}$$

$$= 15.25 \% O_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

NO_x conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, \% - Av. zero drift reading, \%) × $\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}}$ ppm by vol, db

$$NO_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} = \frac{28.1 \% - (-0.1) \%}{20.9 \% - 15.25 \%} \times \frac{60}{24.0} \frac{\text{ppm}}{\%} = 70.5 \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$NO_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2\text{)} = \frac{20.5}{20.9 - 15.25} = 73.6 \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$NO_x \text{ conc (corr. to 15\% O}_2, \text{ iso std day conditions)} = NO_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{1.5}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{1.5} \times 19(\text{HOBS} - 0.00633) \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{73.6}{160} \times \left(\frac{160}{160} \right)^{0.5} e^{19 \left(\frac{0.00633 + 0.00633}{288} \right) - 1.53} = 72.1 \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$NO_x \text{ (as NO}_2\text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} = (NO_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26 \times 10^{-6}} \right) (\text{stack vol flow rate, dscfh}) = 1 \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$= \frac{70.5}{1.194 \times 10^{-7}} \times \frac{14.794352}{124.5} = \underline{\underline{100368}} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$HOBS = \frac{(0.2966)(0.617)}{30403} = 0.00368$$

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: **FIRMA**

SOURCE: **GAS TURBINE**
REPETITION NO.: 100% 0.00633 REF GAS NORMAL STREAM INLET RATE
TEST DATE: 2-9-89

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ average chart reading, } \% = \underline{\underline{31.56}}$$

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ average chart reading, } \% = \underline{\underline{60.13}}$$

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, } \% - \text{Av. zero drift reading, } \%) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, } \%}{\text{cal drift reading, } \%} = \text{O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ \text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} &= \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ &= (\underline{\underline{60.13}}) \% - \underline{\underline{0.0}} \% \times \frac{13}{53.2} \times \frac{\%}{\%} \\ &\approx \underline{\underline{14.7}} \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, } \% - \text{Av. zero drift reading, } \%) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, } \%} = \text{ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} &= (\underline{\underline{31.56}} \% - \underline{\underline{0.0}} \%) \times \frac{11.9}{47.7} \% = \underline{\underline{78.7}} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \\ \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) &= \underline{\underline{78.7}} \times \frac{5.9}{20.9 - 14.7} = \underline{\underline{74.9}} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr. to 15\% O}_2, \text{ iso std day conditions}) &= \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{\frac{1}{5}} \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288 \text{ K}} \right)^{1.5} \\ &= \underline{\underline{74.9}} \left(\frac{160}{158} \right)^{0.5} e^{19(\text{HOBS} - 0.00633)} \left(\frac{262.4}{288} \right)^{-1.5} = \underline{\underline{72.97}} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ (as NO}_2\text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} &= (\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) (\text{stack vol flow rate, dscfh}) = \text{lb/hr} \\ &= \underline{\underline{78.7}} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{\underline{14962.19}} = \underline{\underline{140.6}} \text{ lb/hr} \\ \text{HOBS} &= 0.42 (0.3476)^{0.623} \\ &= \underline{\underline{30.73}} \end{aligned}$$

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: ^{PWNY} 100% LOAD REF GAS

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F).

Volume of sample at standard
conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right] = 26.647 \text{ dscf}$$

$\gamma = 1.009$

Volume of water vapor in sample at
standard conditions

$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = 2.024 \text{ scf}$$

$V_{lc} = 43 \text{ ml.}$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = 7.1\%$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: *FIRN*

SOURCE: *615 TURNER*

REPETITION NO.: *RUN 4 100% CO AND REF GAS*

TEST DATE: *2-7-89*

CO average chart reading, % = *3.0*
CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading} @ \% \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading} @ \%} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right) \\ &= \text{ppmv, db} \\ \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\frac{3.0}{3.0} - \frac{0.0}{30.0} \right) \left(\frac{15.0}{30.0} - \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.029 \right) \\ &= \frac{14.6}{14.6} \text{ ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

CO emission rate

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} &= \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right) \\ \text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} &= \left(\frac{14.6 \text{ ppmv, db}}{14.6 \text{ ppmv, db}} \right) \left(7.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\frac{14,962,199 \text{ dscfh}}{14,962,199 \text{ dscfh}} \right) = \underline{\underline{15.9 \text{ lbs/hr}}} \end{aligned}$$

① Average of pre and post test drift tests

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: ^{PUN4} 100% LOAD REF GAS NORMAL STEAM INJECTION RATE

TEST DATE: 2-9-65

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

$$= \frac{2.9}{14.7} = 29.05$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$M_s = M_d (1 - B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws}$$

$$= \frac{29.05}{18} = 28.27$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)} = 0.840$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$(\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = 0.743$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$(T_s) \text{ avg.} = 303.8 ^\circ F + 460 = 763.8 ^\circ R$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{Static Pressure}/13.6) = 30.70 \text{ in. H}_g$$

Stack gas velocity

$$(V_s) \text{ avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(T_s) \text{ avg.}}{P_s M_s}} = 50.05 \text{ ft/sec.}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$60 V_s A_s = 378,440 \text{ acfm}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s \left[\frac{T_{std} \cdot P_s}{(T_s) \text{ avg.} \cdot P_{std}} \right]$$

$$= 14,962,199 \text{ dscfh}$$

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM
(English Units)

SAMPLE VOLUME

$$V_m = \underline{25.438} \text{ ft}^3$$

$$T_m = \underline{539.4} ^\circ R$$

$$P_{bar} = \underline{30.73} \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$Y = \underline{1.009}$$

$$V_{m(std)} = 17.64 \frac{^\circ R}{\text{in. Hg}} \times \frac{Y V_m \left[P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right]}{T_m} = \underline{26.647} \text{ ft}^3 \quad \text{Equation 6-1}$$

SO₂ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = \underline{0.0123} (\text{g-eq}) / \text{ml}$$

$$V_t = \underline{0.6} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = \underline{0.35} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = \underline{250} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = \underline{20} \text{ ml}$$

SO₂ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{SO_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln}/V_a)}{V_m(\text{std})} = \underline{0.008} \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= \underline{0.50} \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₂ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_2} \times Q_s = \underline{1.20} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$Q_s = \underline{14,962,199} \text{ DSCFH}$$

SO₃ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{SO_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln}/V_a)}{V_m(\text{std})} = \underline{0.022} \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= \underline{1.06} \text{ ppm By Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₃ EMISSION RATE

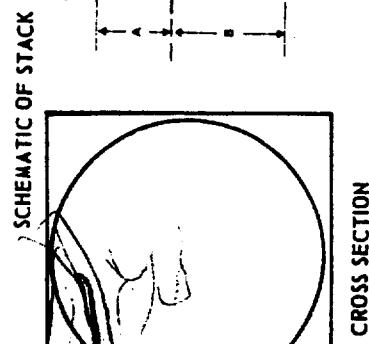
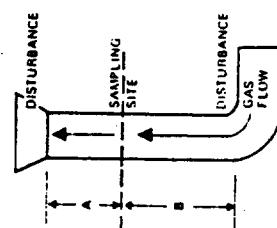
$$C_{SO_3} \times Q_s = \underline{3.29} \text{ lbs/hr}$$

$$Q_s = \underline{14,962,199} \text{ DSCFH}$$

FINA
COGEN
100% LOAD REFGAS
RUN 4
2-9-89

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

PLANT 11A
 DATE 2-9-89
 LOCATION CIVES, TX
 OPERATOR BP
 STACK NO. Cog 811
 RUN NO. 100% Lead Recovery Test on 1/14
 SAMPLE BOX NO. 1



AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 60°
 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE
 ASSUMED MOISTURE, %
 PROBE LENGTH, in.
 NOZZLE DIAMETER, in.
 STACK DIAMETER, in.
 PROBE HEATER SETTING
 METER BOX NO. 597
 HEATER BOX SETTING

WEIGHT OF PARTICULATE COLLECTED, mg			
SAMPLE	FILTER	PROBE	WASH
FINAL WEIGHT			
TARE WEIGHT			
WEIGHT GAIN			
TOTAL			

TRaverse Point Number	Sampling Time (t), min.	Static Pressure (in. H ₂ O)	Stack Temperature (T _s), °F	Pressure Differential Across Orifice Meter (ΔH) in. H ₂ O	Velocity Head (V _s) (V ² /2g)	Actual Desired	Gas Sample Temperature at Dry Gas Meter		Sample Box Temperature °F	Temperature of Gas Leaving Condenser or Last Impinger °F	Pump Vacuum in. Hg gauge	Velocity (fps)
							Inlet (T _{m,in}), °F	Outlet (T _{m,out}), °F				
1253	5	-0.40	306	.50	5.5	012.462	79	79	67	67	62	62
58			307	.58	5.5	16.9	80	79				
1303	5		3014	.61	5.5	21.4	80	79				
23	5		302	.57	5.5	25.9	80	79				
13	5		306	.65	5.5	30.4	80	79				
18	5		304	.56	5.5	34.9	80	79				
1323	5		307	.59	5.5	338.400						
			899	.64								
			303	.56								
			303	.55								
			301	.55								
			300	.50								
			306	.52								
			304	.56								
			303	.58								
TOTAL			303	.48								
AVERAGE			303.8	0.743	5.5	25.938	79.4					

VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	IMPINGER VOLUME ml	SILICA GEL WEIGHT, g	ORSAT MEASUREMENT	TIME	CO ₂	O ₂	CO	N ₂
FINAL	9.3	1.26	7.05	1				
INITIAL	1.0	1.05	2.0	2				
LIQUID COLLECTED	-7.3	1.21	2.0	3				
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	3.1	1.23	1.3	4				

Leak Check

COMMENTS:

Perf.: 0.00 cfm at 15 "Hg
 Post: 0.00 cfm at 15 "Hg

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

- COMPANY: F.I.N.A

- SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

- REPETITION NO.: RUNS 100% LOAD REF GAS NORMAL STACK TEMPERATURE

- TEST DATE: 2-9-65

- Dry molecular weight of stack gas

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

$$= \frac{2.8}{15.0} \frac{82.2}{29.05} \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

- Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$M_s = M_d (1 - B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws} = 28.28 \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

- Pitot tube coefficient

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)} = 0.840$$

- Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$(\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = 0.742$$

- Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$(T_s) \text{ avg.} = 303.6 ^\circ F + 460 = 763.6 ^\circ R$$

- Absolute stack gas pressure

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{Static Pressure}/13.6) = 30.70 \text{ in. H}_g$$

- Stack gas velocity

$$(V_s) \text{ avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(T_s) \text{ avg.}}{P_s M_s}} = 49.97 \text{ ft/sec.}$$

- Stack gas volume flow rate

$$60 V_s A_s = 377,803 \text{ acfm}$$

- Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

$$\left[\frac{T_{std} \cdot P_s}{(T_s) \text{ avg.} \cdot P_{std}} \right]$$

$$= 14,957,004 \text{ dscfh}$$

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: RUN 5 100% LOAD REPEAT NORMAL STREAM INJECTION TEST

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right] = \underline{23,064} \text{ dscf}$$
$$\gamma = \underline{1.009}$$

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = \underline{1,742} \text{ scf}$$
$$V_{lc} = \underline{37} \text{ ml.}$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = \underline{7.0\%}$$

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: F/NA
SOURCE: GAG TURNER
REPETITION NO.: 2005
TEST DATE: 2-9-89

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ average chart reading, } \chi = \underline{\underline{31.6}}$$

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ average chart reading, } \chi = \underline{\underline{60.4}}$$

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, } \chi - \text{Av. zero drift reading, } \chi) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, } \% \text{ O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, } \%} = \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ \text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} &= \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ &= \left(\frac{60.4}{31.6} \right) \chi - \frac{60.0}{31.6} \chi \times \frac{13.0}{52.2} \frac{\% \text{ O}_2}{\chi} \\ &= \underline{\underline{15.0}} \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr.)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, } \chi - \text{Av. zero drift reading, } \chi) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, } \%} = \text{ppm by vol, db} \\ \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} &= \left(\frac{31.6}{31.6} \chi - \frac{0.0}{31.6} \chi \right) \times \frac{11.9}{47.2} \% = \underline{\underline{29.7}} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \\ \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) &= \frac{79.7}{20.9 - 15.0} \times \frac{5.9}{47.2} \% = \underline{\underline{79.7}} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \\ \text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr. to 15\% O}_2, \text{ iso std day conditions)} &= \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{1.5} = 19(\text{HOBS} - 0.00633) \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288 \text{ K}} \right)^{1.5} \\ &= \frac{79.7}{15.9} \left(\frac{16.0}{15.9} \right)^{0.5} 19 (0.00314 - 0.00633) \left(\frac{283}{288} \right)^{-1.5} = \underline{\underline{77.2}} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ (as NO}_2 \text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} &= (\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26 \times 10^{-6}} \right) (\text{stack vol flow rate, dscfh}) = \text{lb/hr} \\ &= \underline{\underline{29.7}} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{\underline{14,957004}} = \underline{\underline{142.3}} \text{ lb/hr} \\ H \text{ obs} &= \frac{0.43 (0.360) 0.623}{36.73} = 0.00314 \end{aligned}$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: ~~FNUK~~

SOURCE: ~~FNUK~~

REPETITION NO.: 120055 100% AND 100% ~~645~~

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

CO average chart reading, $\gamma = \underline{41.0}$
CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\text{Av. chart reading, } \gamma - \text{Av. zero drift reading} \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading, } \gamma} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right)$$
$$= \text{ppmv, db}$$

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\frac{41.0}{41.0} - \frac{0.0}{0.0} \right) \left(\frac{-50}{30} - \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.028 \right)$$
$$= \underline{19.4} \text{ ppmv, db}$$

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\underline{19.4} \text{ ppmv, db} \right) \left(1.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\frac{14,957,004 \text{ dscfh}}{1} \right) = \underline{21.1} \text{ lbs/hr}$$

① Average of pre and post test drift tests

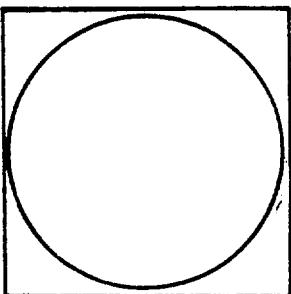
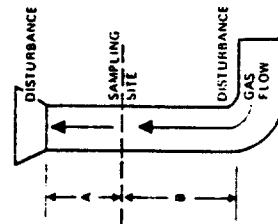
PARTICULAR FEATURES

PLANT Finha
DATE 2-9-89
LOCATION Girneçes TK

23

WEIGHT OF PARTICULATE COLLECTED, mg			
SAMPLE	FILTER	PROBE	WASH
FINAL WEIGHT			
TARE WEIGHT			
WEIGHT GAIN			
			<u>TOTAL</u>

METER BOX NO. 57 HEATER BOX SETTING —



COMMENTS:

Leak Check

Pre: 2.00 cFV at 15" Hg
Post: 0.40 cFV at 15" Hg

VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	IMPINGER VOLUME ml			SILICA GEL WEIGHT, g
	1	2	3	4
FINAL	9.1	13.5	10.7	2.01
INITIAL	10.0	14.0	12.6	2.00
LIQUID COLLECTED	-3	3.5	/	/
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	3.5	9	3.7	3.7

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM
(English Units)

SAMPLE VOLUME

$$V_m = 22.479 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$T_m = 540.1 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{R}$$

$$P_{\text{bar}} = 30.73 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$Y = 1.009$$

$$V_{m(\text{std})} = 17.64 \frac{\text{ }^{\circ}\text{R}}{\text{in. Hg}} \times \frac{Y V_m \left[P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right]}{T_m} = 23.064 \text{ ft}^3 \quad \text{Equation 6-1}$$

SO₂ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = 0.01023 \text{ (g-eq) /ml}$$

$$V_t = 0.45 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = 0.35 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{\text{soln}} = 250 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = 20 \text{ ml}$$

SO₂ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{\text{SO}_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{\text{soln}}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = \frac{0.023 \times 10^{-5}}{1 \text{ b/dscf}} = 1.41 \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₂ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{\text{SO}_2} \times Q_s = 3.44 \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$Q_s = 14,957,004 \text{ DSCFH}$$

SO₃ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{\text{SO}_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{\text{soln}}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = \frac{0.019 \times 10^{-5}}{1 \text{ b/dscf}} = 0.90 \text{ ppm By Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₃ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{\text{SO}_3} \times Q_s = 2.84 \text{ lbs/hr}$$

$$Q_s = 14,957,004 \text{ DSCFH}$$

FINA
COGEN
100% LOAD REF GAS
RUN 5
2-9-89

COMPANY: *Fina*

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

Free CONDO partners 6115 (New York City) Col NO MONITOR FIELD DATA SHEET

P_{max} = 30,713

Sampling Location 914 M. Projection. DATE										Date = 30.7.3				
Sampling Location	Run No.	Time	Converter Mode	NO _x Chart Reading		O ₂ Chart Reading		CO Chart Reading		PDMV %	T _d	T _w	R _h	COMMENTS
				5 min average	% of chart	5 min average	% of chart	5 min average	% of chart					
1	1254	1		32.0	60.0	60.0	100	3	49	40	42	C _{O₂} = 2.9		
		2		32.0	60.0	60.0	100			E = 0.3876				
	59	3		31.5	60.0	60.0	100			E = 0.1460				
		4		31.5	60.0	60.0	100			H ₂ S = 6.00396				
	1301	5		31.3	60.1	60.1	100			C _{PD} = 158				
		6		31.3	60.4	60.4	100							
	1309	7		31.5	60.4	60.4	100							
		8		31.2	60.0	60.0	100							
	1311			31.56	60.135	60.135	100							
				41.7	119	83.6	20.4							
				0	0	53.2	13.0							
	1337	1		32.2	60.8	60.8	100			C _{PD} = 159				
		2		32.2	60.8	60.8	100			50 41 43				
	42	3		31.1	60.2	60.2	100			C _{O₂} = 2.8				
		47	5	31.0	60.2	60.2	100							
		6		31.5	60.2	60.2	100							
	52	7		31.5	60.2	60.2	100							
		8		31.5	60.2	60.2	100							
	57			31.6	60.4	60.4	100							
				47.2	119	52.9	13			0 0				
				60	23.1	0	0			30.0 150				
										62.2 309				
										96.0 478				

FULL LOAD 12EFF CRSS 2-9-69

HYDROCARBON FIELD DATA SHEET

COMPANY: Furr

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

FULL LOAD REFERENCE RUN
CO/NO_x MONITOR FIELD DATA SHEET

Sampling Location	Run No.	Time	Converter Mode	NO _x Chart Reading ppmv	O ₂ Chart Reading ppmv	CO Chart Reading % ppmv	T _d	T _w	R _h	COMMENTS
CHL				78.8	197	0				
				23.8	60	83.6	26.5			CPD=16.0
				47.8	119	52.1	13			E=0.3352
				0	0					e=0.1978
										Hans = 0.0090
										CO ₂ = 28%
1	1/22 1-23.5			20.0		61				
2	23.5			30.0		61				
3	26			31.5		61				
4	28.5			31.5		61				
5	31			21.5		61				
6	33.5			31.5		61				
7	36.0-			31.5		61				
8	31.5 - 41			31.5		61				
				31.13		61				
				0.4	0	0.2	0			
				47.7	119	52.0	13			
										83.6 20.5

$$\rho = 30.65$$

COMPANY: FILM

TEST DATE: 2-8-85

FULL LOAD 120 FOTS SITE #1 NO_x monitor enclosure CO/NO_x MONITOR FIELD DATA SHEET

Sampling Location	Run No.	Time	Converter Mode	NO _x Chart Reading	O ₂ Chart Reading	CO Chart Reading	T _d	T _w	R _h	STP	Comments
				5 min running average PPMV	% of reading	PPMV					STP = 160 STP = 160 rate measured
2	1	14:13		47.0	119	52.1	13			3.0	
	2	15:5		27.7	66.0						
	3	18		27.7	61.0						
	4	20:5 - 23		28.3	61.0						
	5	23		28.0	61.0						
	6	25.5		27.7	61.0						
	7	28		27.5	61.0						
	8	30.5		27.5	61.0						
	9	33		27.8	61.0						
		CAL	O:1	0	52.1	13					
	3	14:43		47.8	119	0	0				
	2	47.5		27.8	61.0		3.0	49.43	61	CO ₂ = 3.2%	CO ₂ = 160
	3	50		27.4	61.0						
	4	51.5		27.9	61.1						
	5	55		28.3	61.1						
	6	51.5		28.4	61.1						
	7	00		28.2	61.1						
	8	02.5 - 05		28.0	61.1						
	9	26.0		-0.1	-0.1	0	0	0	0		
	10	CAL low		24.0	60					30.0	
	11	HIGH		48.0	119	62.0	13	63.0	10.9	150	
				79.1	197	83.5	10.9	85.6	47.8		

2-
f
g
h

FINA Full LUND REFERENCES

HYDROCARBON FIELD DATA SHEET

HYDROCARBON FIELD DATA SHEET

SAMPLING LOCATION	TIME	PEAK NO.	ATTEN.	PEAK AREA	THC CONC. % (ppm) / _{He}	METHANE CONC. (PPM)	NMHC CONC. (PPM)	COMMENTS
$\mu\text{-3}$	1447			0	0			
	52			0	0			
	57			0	0			
	02			0	0			
	01			0	0			
				52.0 49.45				
				32.11 31.66				
				93.7 90.88				
				0 0				

14,632.58 = ascfh

$$\frac{(T_s)_{avg} \cdot P_{std}}{P_{std} \cdot P_s}$$

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1-B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

37471 = acfm

$$60 V_s A_s$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

49.56 = ft/sec.

$$\frac{P_s M_s}{(T_s)_{avg.}}$$

$$(V_s)_{avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg.}$$

Stack gas velocity

30.62 = in. Hg

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{static pressure}/13.6)$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

773.8 = lb

$$(T_s)_{avg.} = 313.8 ^\circ F + 460$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

0.731 = (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg.}

$$C_p (\text{from calibration curve})$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

0.640 =

$$C_p (\text{from calibration curve})$$

Pitot tube coefficient

28.35 = lb/lb-mole

$$M_s = M_d (1-B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

16.9 =

$$B_{ws}$$

29.10 = lb/lb-mole

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

0.44 (%CO₂) + 0.32 (%O₂) + 0.28 (%N₂ + %CO)

M_d =

TEST DATE: 2-6-69

REPETITION NO.: R-111

75% LOA5 REF 415

SOURCE: AS Test 9, NE

COMPANY: FINA

COMPANY: FINA
 SOURCE: GAS TRADE INC
 REPETITION NO.: 75% CUBA PEF 145
 TEST DATE: 2-7-69
 (29.92 in. Hg 68°F)
 ENGLISH UNITS
 VOLUME OF SAMPLE AT STANDARD CONDITIONS ON DRY BASIS
 $V_{std} = \left[17.64 \right] V_y \left[\frac{P_{bar}}{13.6} + \frac{4H}{T} \right]$
 = 26.606

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions
 $V_{std} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc}$
 = 1.938 scf

Fractional moisture content of stack gas
 $B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wsd} + V_{std}}{V_{std}} \times 100$
 = 6.6%

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$V_{lc} = \frac{41}{ml}$.
 $V_{std} = \left[\frac{ml}{cu. ft.} \right] V_{lc}$

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

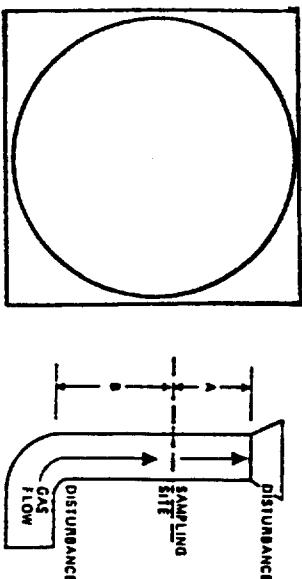
$y = \frac{1009}{T}$
 $V_{std} = \left[17.64 \right] V_y \left[\frac{P_{bar}}{13.6} + \frac{4H}{T} \right]$

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

SCHEMATIC OF STACK



PLANT C-118 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 44° METER ΔH₀ _____
 DATE 2-8-69 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE 30.65
 LOCATION COGEN 141 ft C FACTOR _____
 OPERATOR B1 + H1 ASSUMED MOISTURE, % _____
 STACK NO. Cogen 141 ft PROBE LENGTH, in. _____
 RUN NO. 25 STACK DIAMETER, in. _____
 SAMPLE BOX NO. Ref. no. 141 ft, 0.1 m² RAC PROBE HEATER SETTING _____
 METER BOX NO. 597 HEATER BOX SETTING _____

WEIGHT OF PARTICULATE COLLECTED, mg		
SAMPLE	FILTER	PROBE WASH
FINAL WEIGHT		
TARE WEIGHT		
WEIGHT GAIN		
TOTAL		

VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	IMPIINGER VOLUME ml	SILICA GEL WEIGHT,	ORSAT MEASUREMENT	TIME	CO ₂	O ₂	CO	N ₂
FINAL	134	151			1			
INITIAL	100	100			2			
Liquid Collected	34	51			3			
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	35	6						
AVERAGE	- 0.58	313.8						

COMMENTS: Leak check: pre: 0.0015 "Hg

post: 0.0015 "Hg

0.7315.5

25.108

61.6

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 1- 2510 CEN REF GRS

TEST DATE: 2-6-87

CO average chart reading, % = 3.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading}^{\text{(1)}}\%, \%) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading}^{\text{(1)}}\%, \%} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right) \\ &= \text{ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\frac{3.0}{3.0} \% - \frac{0.0}{3.0} \% \right) \left(\frac{150}{30.0} \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.024 \right) \\ &= \underline{\underline{14.6}} \text{ ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\frac{14.6 \text{ ppmv, db}}{14.632,528 \text{ dscfh}} \right) \left(7.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) = \underline{\underline{15.5}} \text{ lbs/hr}$$

- ① Average of pre and post test drift tests

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: *Fina*
SOURCE: *Gas Turbine*

REPETITION NO.: 1 - 75% LOAD REFINERY CMS
TEST DATE: 2-6-69

NO_x average chart reading, % = 23.0

O₂ average chart reading, % = 65.25

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

O₂ conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, % - Av. zero drift reading, %) x $\frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \% \text{ O}_2$ by vol, db

$$= \frac{(65.25)}{16.31} \% - \frac{0.0}{52.0} \% \times \frac{13}{52.0} \% \text{ O}_2$$

NO_x conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, % - Av. zero drift reading, %) x $\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \text{ppm by vol, db}$

NO_x conc₁ (corr.) = (23.0) % - 0.0 % x 119 ppm = 58.4 ppm by vol, db

NO_x conc₂ (corr. to 15% O₂) = 58.4 x $\frac{5.9}{20.9 - 16.31} = 25.0$ ppm by vol, db

NO_x conc $\left(\text{corr. to 15\% O}_2, \text{ day conditions} \right)$ - NO_x conc₁ (corr. to 15% O₂) $\left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{0.5}}{\text{Pobs}} \right) e^{19(\text{HOBs} - 0.00633) \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)^{1.53}}$ = 75.0 $\left(\frac{125.9}{149} \right)^{0.5} e^{19 \left(\frac{0.00450 - 0.00633}{288} \right) - 1.53} = 68.8$ ppm by vol, db

NO_x (as NO₂) emission rate (lb/hr) = (NO_x conc₁, ppm by vol, db) $\left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right)$ (stack vol flow rate, dscfh) = lb/hr = 58.4 x $(1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times 14,632,528 = 102.0$ lb/hr

$$HOBs = \frac{(0.3352)(0.66)(0.623)}{30.65} = 0.00450$$

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 2 - 75% LOAD REF GAS

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$
$$= \frac{2.8}{16.4} \frac{80.8}{29.10} \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$M_s = M_d (1 - B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws} = 28.98 \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)} = 0.840$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$(\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = 0.742$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$(T_s) \text{ avg.} = 315.0^\circ\text{F} + 460 = 775.0^\circ\text{R}$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{Static Pressure}/13.6) = 30.68 \text{ in. H}_g$$

Stack gas velocity

$$(V_s) \text{ avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.}$$
$$= \sqrt{\frac{(T_s) \text{ avg.}}{P_s M_s}} = 49.75 \text{ ft/sec.}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$60 V_s A_s = 376,140 \text{ acfm}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

$$\frac{T_{std} \cdot P_s}{(T_s) \text{ avg.} \cdot P_{std}}$$

$$= 14,694,089 \text{ dscfh}$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FURNACE

SOURCE: GNS TRADESIGHT

REPETITION NO.: 2 - 75% AND REFERS

TEST DATE: 2-1-69

CO average chart reading, γ = 2.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\text{Av. chart reading, } \gamma - \text{Av. zero drift reading}^{\textcircled{1}}, \gamma \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading}^{\textcircled{1}}, \gamma} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right)$$
$$= \text{ppmv, db}$$

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\frac{2.0}{\gamma} - \frac{0.0}{\gamma} \right) \left(\frac{150}{30} \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\gamma} \right) \left(1 - 0.029 \right)$$
$$= \underline{\underline{9.8 \text{ ppmv, db}}}$$

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\frac{9.8 \text{ ppmv, db}}{\left(1.268 \times 10^{-8} \right)} \right) \left(\frac{14,694,089 \text{ dscfh}}{10.5} \right) = \underline{\underline{14,694,089 \text{ lbs/hr}}}$$

① Average of pre and post test drift tests

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: *Finn*
SOURCE: *OTAS TRAVERSE*
REPETITION NO.: 2 - 75% AND 25% OF TEST DATE: 2-8-89

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ average chart reading, } \% = \underline{\underline{22.7}}$$

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ average chart reading, } \% = \underline{\underline{65.9}}$$

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, } \% - \text{Av. zero drift reading, } \%) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, } \%}{\text{cal drift reading, } \%} \times \% \text{ O}_2 \\ \text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} &= \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ &= \left(\frac{65.9}{114.4} \right) \% - \frac{0.0}{0.0} \% \times \frac{13.0}{52.1} \frac{\%}{\%} \text{ O}_2 \\ &= \underline{\underline{114.4}} \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

NO_x conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, % - Av. zero drift reading, %) × $\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}}$ ppm by vol, db

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} &= \left(\frac{22.7}{114.4} \right) \% - \frac{0.0}{0.0} \% \times \frac{11.9}{46.7} \frac{\%}{\%} \text{ ppm} = \underline{\underline{57.84}} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \\ \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15% O}_2) &= \frac{57.84}{20.9-16.44} \times \frac{5.9}{76.5} \frac{\%}{\%} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr. to 15% O}_2, \text{ iso std day conditions}) &= \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{0.5}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{19} \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)^{1.63} \\ &= \frac{26.5}{114.4} \left(\frac{125.9}{149} \right)^{0.5} e^{19 \left(\frac{6.00450-0.00633}{288} \right) \frac{291.9}{288} - 1.53} = \underline{\underline{70.2}} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ (as NO}_2 \text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} &= (\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) (\text{stack vol flow rate, dscfh}) = 1\text{lb/hr} \\ &= \frac{57.84}{114.4} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{\underline{14,674,089}} = \underline{\underline{101.5}} \text{ lb/hr} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{H OES} = \frac{(0.3352)(0.66)(0.633)}{30.65} = 0.00450$$

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINN

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 2- 75% LOAD REF CMS

TEST DATE: 2-8-87

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right] = 26.774 \text{ dscf}$$
$$\gamma = 1.005$$

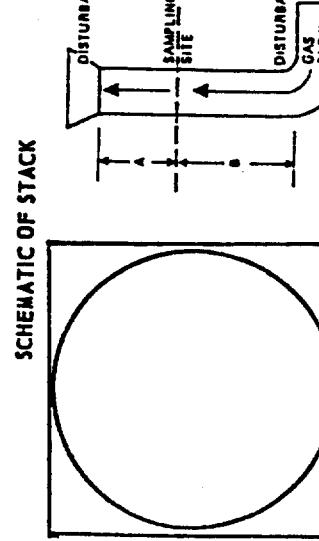
Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = 1.836 \text{ scf}$$
$$V_{lc} = 38 \text{ ml.}$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

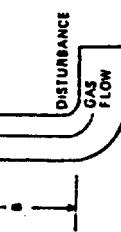
$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = 6.4\%$$

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA



Schematic of Stack

PLANT 1 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 48°
 DATE 2-29-84 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE 30.05
 LOCATION CIVIC CTS T1 ASSUMED MOISTURE, % 0
 OPERATOR BPH + HT PROBE LENGTH, In. 12



Cross Section

STACK NO. 609-01 NOZZLE DIAMETER, In. .50
 RUN NO. Repetitive 100% only STACK DIAMETER, In. .50
 SAMPLE BOX NO. 100 PROBE HEATER SETTING 100
 METER BOX NO. 100 HEATER BOX SETTING 100

AMBENT TEMPERATURE 48° METER ΔH_g 0
 C FACTOR 1 PROCESS WEIGHT RATE 0
 WEIGHT OF PARTICULATE COLLECTED, mg 0

SAMPLE FILTER PROBE WASH
 FINAL WEIGHT 0.05 TARE WEIGHT 0.00
 WEIGHT GAIN 0.05 TOTAL 0.05

TRaverse Point Number	Sampling Time (t), min.	Static Pressure (ΔH_2O)	Stack Temperature (T_s), °F	Velocity Head (A_p)	Pressure Differential Across Orifice Meter (ΔH) In. H_2O	Gas Sample Volume (V_m), ft ³	Gas Sample Temperature At Dry Gas Meter		Temperature of Gas Leaving Condenser or Last Impinger °F	Sample Box Temperature °F	Pump Vacuum In. Hg gauge	Velocity ps
							Inlet ($T_{m,in}$), °F	Outlet ($T_{m,out}$), °F				
18.77	1	-3.8	317	.52	.16	876.48	63	60	60	60	60	
3.2	5	2	316	.53	.55	80.9	63	60	60	60	60	
3.2	5	3	316	.60	.4	35.1	63	60	60	60	60	
4.2	5	4	313	.55	.55	31.3	63	60	60	60	60	
4.2	5	6	316	.55	.6	23.5	63	60	60	60	60	
5.3	5	2	317	.56	.5	97.7	63	60	60	60	60	
5.3	5	3	317	.64	.64	901.90						
18.57	1		314	.61								
	2		315	.53								
	3		316	.55								
	4		312	.52								
	5		316	.54								
	6		317	.54								
	7		313	.55								
TOTAL	7		312	.52								
AVERAGE			315.0			0.742 S.S						

Volume of Liquid Water Collected	Impinger Volume ml			Orsat Measurement	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO	N ₂	Comments:
	1	2	3							
FINAL	132	101	101	2.05						Leak check: pre: 132 AT 15 "Hg
INITIAL	100	100	100	200						post: 100 AT 15 "Hg
Liquid Collected	32	1								
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	33	5	34							

25.232, 61.3

Comments:
 Leak check: pre: 132 AT 15 "Hg
 post: 100 AT 15 "Hg

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FNUA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 3 - 75% LOAD REF GAS

TEST DATE: 2-8-69

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$
$$= \frac{2.6}{16.4} = 29.07 \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$M_s = M_d (1 - B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws} = 28.37 \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)} = 0.840$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$(\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = 0.747$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$(T_s) \text{ avg.} = 314.2 ^\circ F + 460 = 774.2 ^\circ R$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{Static Pressure}/13.6) = 30.62 \text{ in. H}_g$$

Stack gas velocity

$$(V_s) \text{ avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.}$$
$$= \sqrt{\frac{(T_s) \text{ avg.}}{P_s M_s}} = 50.64 \text{ ft/sec.}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$60 V_s A_s = 382,869 \text{ acfm}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

$$\frac{T_{std} \cdot P_s}{(T_s) \text{ avg.} \cdot P_{std}}$$

$$= 15,023,302 \text{ dscfh}$$

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: *FINA*
SOURCE: *693 Thermline*
REPETITION NO.: *3 - 75°/o LXD REF EXS*
TEST DATE: *2-6-69*

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ average chart reading, } \% = \underline{\underline{22.9}}$$

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ average chart reading, } \% = \underline{\underline{65.9}}$$

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, } \% - \text{Av. zero drift reading, } \%) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, } \% \text{ O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, } \%} \\ \text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} &= \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ &= \frac{(65.9) \% - 0.0 \%}{52.2} \times \frac{13.0}{16.4} \% \text{ O}_2 \\ &= \underline{\underline{16.4/ \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, } \% - \text{Av. zero drift reading, } \%) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, } \%} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} &= \frac{(22.9 \% - 0.0 \%)}{23.5 \%} \times \frac{60}{58.5} \text{ ppm} = \underline{\underline{58.5 \text{ ppm by vol, db}}} \\ \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2\text{)} &= \frac{58.5}{20.9 - 16.41} = \underline{\underline{76.8 \text{ ppm by vol, db}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr. to 15\% O}_2, \text{ iso std day conditions)} &= \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2\text{)} \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{1.5}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{1.5} \times 19(\text{HOBS} - 0.00633) \left(\frac{T_{amb}}{288 \text{ K}} \right)^{1.5} \\ &= \frac{76.8}{149} \times \frac{(125.9)}{149}^{0.5} e^{19 \frac{(0.00712 - 0.00633)}{288} \frac{29.2}{-1.53}} = \underline{\underline{71.41 \text{ ppm by vol, db}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ (as NO}_2\text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} &= (\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26 \times 10^{-6}} \right) (\text{stack vol flow rate, dscfh}) = 1\text{b/hr} \\ &= \frac{58.5}{30.65} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \frac{46}{15,023.302} = \underline{\underline{104.9 \text{ lb/hr}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{HOBS} = \frac{(0.78)(0.218)(0.623)}{30.65} = 0.00472$$

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 3 - 75% LOAD REF GAS

TEST DATE: 2-8-59

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F).

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right] = \underline{26.641} \text{ dscf}$$
$$\gamma = \underline{1.009}$$

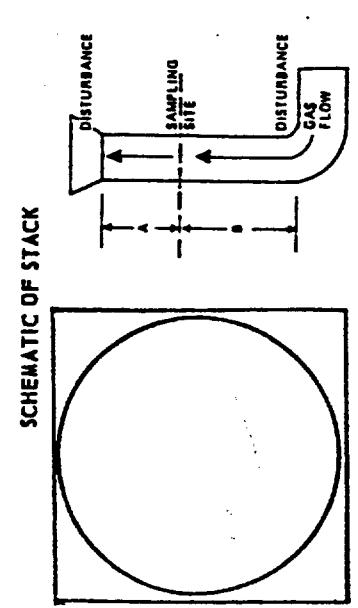
Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = \underline{1.789} \text{ scf}$$
$$V_{lc} = \underline{38} \text{ ml.}$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = \underline{6.3\%}$$

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA



PLANT	Furn	AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	30° F	METER ΔH ₀
DATE	10/13/71	BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	30.65	C FACTOR
LOCATION	Stack 31	ASSUMED MOISTURE, %	7.0%	PROCESS WEIGHT RATE
OPERATOR	SPH	PROBE LENGTH, in.	8.4"	WEIGHT OF PARTICULATE COLLECTED, mg
STACK NO.	31	NOZZLE DIAMETER, in.	—	SAMPLE FILTER PROBE WASH
RUN NO.	7526	STACK DIAMETER, in.	12.18"	FINAL WEIGHT
SAMPLE BOX NO.	597	PROBE HEATER SETTING	—	TARE WEIGHT
METER BOX NO.	597	HEATER BOX SETTING	—	WEIGHT GAIN
				TOTAL

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	STATIC PRESSURE (in. H ₂ O)	SAMPLING TIME (t), min.	STACK TEMPERATURE (T _s), °F	VELOCITY HEAD (AP ₃) (V ² /2P ₃)	PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ACROSS ORIFICE METER (ΔH) in. H ₂ O	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (V _m), ft ³	GAS SAMPLE TEMPERATURE AT DRY GAS METER		OUTLET TEMPERATURE (T _{mout}), °F	SAMPLE BOX TEMPERATURE, °F	TEMPERATURE OF GAS LEAVING CONDENSER OR LAST IMPINGER, °F	PUMP VACUUM in. Hg gauge	PUMP VELOCITY ips
							ACTUAL DESIRED	INLET (T _{mIN}), °F					
1900	0.1	-3.9	316	.55'	5.5	222.050	63	60	60	60	60	60	60
1005	5	—	315	.58'	5.5	0.013	63	60	60	60	60	60	60
10	5	—	315	.60'	5.5	10.4	63	60	60	60	60	60	60
15	5	4	312	.53'	5.5	14.6	63	60	60	60	60	60	60
20	5	6	315	.57'	5.5	18.8	63	61	61	61	61	61	61
25	5	2	314	.57'	5.5	23.0	64	61	61	61	61	61	61
1930	5	3	314	.64'	6.4	23.0	64	61	61	61	61	61	61
	4	—	312	.70'	7.0	23.0	64	61	61	61	61	61	61
	1	—	316	.55'	5.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	—	315	.55'	5.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	3	—	312	.55'	5.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4	—	309	.57'	5.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
D1	—	—	316	.57'	5.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
D2	—	2	316	.55'	5.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	3	—	316	.55'	5.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	—	—	314	.55'	5.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
AVERAGE	-0.39	—	314.2	—	5.5	0.741	5.5	25.150	61.8	—	—	—	—
VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	1	2	3	4	9	SILICA GEL WEIGHT,	ORSAT MEASUREMENT	TIME	CO ₂	O ₂	CO	N ₂	
FINAL	133	101	100	—	204	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	
INITIAL	100	100	100	—	200	200	2	—	—	—	—	—	
LIQUID COLLECTED	33	1	—	—	55	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	311	1	4	—	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

COMMENTS:
Leak check: pre: 0.0 bar 15" Hg
post: 1.0 bar 15" Hg

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE

REPETITION NO.: 3 - 75%, COAD 72°F 64S

TEST DATE: 2-8-69

CO average chart reading, % = 1.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading}^{\textcircled{1}}, \% \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading}^{\textcircled{1}}, \%} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right)$$
$$= \text{ppmv, db}$$

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\frac{1.0}{1.0} - \frac{0.0}{z} \right) \left(\frac{150}{30} \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{z} \right) \left(1 - 0.020 \right)$$
$$= \frac{4.9}{1.9} \text{ ppmv, db}$$

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, scfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\frac{4.9 \text{ ppmv, db}}{1.9 \text{ ppmv, db}} \right) \left(1.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\frac{15,023,302 \text{ scfh}}{15,023,302 \text{ scfh}} \right) = \frac{5.4}{5.4} \text{ lbs/hr}$$

① Average of pre and post test drift tests

COMPANY:

TEST DATE: 2-8-81

75% LAMP / REFLECTOR GAS

CO/NO_x MONITOR FIELD DATA SHEET

Sampling Location	Run No.	Time	Converter Mode	NO _x Chart Reading ppm	O ₂ Chart Reading ppm	CO Chart Reading % ppm	Td	T _w	R _h	Comments	
	1	1751		23.3	65.0			48	43	66	CPD = 149
	2	535		23.3	65.1						CO ₂ = 2.8
	3	56		23.2	65.1						
	4	54.5 - 1		23.0	65.2						
	5	1801		23.0	65.3						
	6	35		23.0	65.4						
	7	1905		22.7	65.5						
	8	25 - 11		22.8	65.5						
				0	52	13					
				98.3	197	83.6	20.9				
				46.9	119						
	1	1827		22.8	65.9						
	2	24.5		22.7	65.8						
	3	32		22.5	65.9						
	4	34.5		22.4	65.9						
	5	31		22.1	65.9						
	6	36.5		21.8	65.9						
	7	42		22.8	65.9						
	8	1811.5 - 47		22.6	65.9						
				22.7	65.9						
				0	0	52.1	13.0				
				46.7	119	63.4	20.9				
				0	0						

FIRMA

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

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CO/NO_x MONITOR FIELD DATA SHEET

Sampling Location	Run No.	Time	Convertor Mode	NO _x Chart Reading ppm	O ₂ Chart Reading ppm	Chart Reading ppmV	% ppmV	CO Chart Reading			Comments
								R _d	T _w	R _b	
3	1	1900		23.0	65.9		1.0	115.4	42.78	111.4	C100.5
	1	2.4		22.1	65.9						C102.6
	2	125.0		23.0	65.9						
	1	0.15		23.1	65.9						
	3	1.1		23.0	65.9						
	4	11.1		22.0	66.0						
	7	15		22.6	66.0						
	8	11.1 2.0		22.6	66.0	66.0	1				
				0	83.7	109					
				23.5	60	0	0	94.6	30	150	
				80.0	197	51.0	13.0	62.2	309		
				111.3	119	83.5	20.9	95.1	478		
								0	0		

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: Fina

SOURCE: GE GAS TURBINE Duct Burner Street Duct

REPETITION NO.: 1 Max connection points

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

CO average chart reading, % = 4.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading} \text{ (1), \%}) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading (1), \%}} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right) \\ &= \text{ppmv, db} \\ \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\frac{4.0}{4.0} \right) \left(\frac{150}{29.7} \right) \left(\frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.032 \right) \\ &= \underline{20.2} \text{ ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

CO emission rate

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} &= \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right) \\ \text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} &= \left(\frac{20.2 \text{ ppmv, db}}{dscfh} \right) \left(7.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\frac{\text{dscfh}}{1 \text{ lbs/hr}} \right) \\ &= \underline{1.468 \times 10^{-6} \text{ lbs/dscf}} \end{aligned}$$

- ① Average of pre and post test drift tests

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM
(English Units)

SAMPLE VOLUME

$$V_m = \underline{23.938} \text{ ft}^3$$

$$T_m = \underline{507.1} ^\circ\text{R}$$

$$\Delta H = \underline{2.0}$$

$$P_{bar} = \underline{30.73} \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$Y = \underline{1.004}$$

$$V_m(\text{std}) = 17.64 \frac{\text{°R}}{\text{in. Hg}} \times \frac{Y V_m \left[P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right]}{T_m} = \underline{25.814} \text{ ft}^3$$

Equation 6-1

SO₂ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = \underline{0.01023} (\text{g-eq}) / \text{ml}$$

$$V_t = \underline{1.225} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = \underline{0.35} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = \underline{250} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = \underline{20} \text{ ml}$$

SO₂ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{SO_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = \underline{0.042} \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= \underline{2.5} \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₂ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_2} \times Q_s = \underline{\quad} \text{ lb/hr}$$

SO₃ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{SO_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = \underline{0.031} \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= \underline{1.5} \text{ ppm By Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₃ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_3} \times Q_s = \underline{\quad} \text{ lbs/hr}$$

F1 NA

TURBINE EXHAUST (Boiler Inlet)

MAX COMBINED FIRING RATE

RUN 1

2-9-89

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: F11VA
SOURCE: TURBINE EXHAUST (Boiler tested)

REPETITION NO.: 1 - Max Conc. test F11VA 11-27
TEST DATE: 2-9-84

NO_x average chart reading, % = 22.15

O₂ average chart reading, % = 67.08

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} O_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, \%}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \text{O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ O_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} &= \% O_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ &= \frac{(67.08')\% - 0.0}{52.0} \times \frac{13.0}{\%} \\ &= \underline{16.72} \% O_2 \text{ by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

NO_x conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, % - Av. zero drift reading, %) × $\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}}$ ppm by vol, db

$$\begin{aligned} NO_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} &= \frac{22.15}{100} \% - \frac{0.1}{47.5} \% \times \frac{11.9}{47.5} \text{ ppm} = \underline{55.24} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \\ NO_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to } 15\% O_2) &= \frac{5.9}{20.9} = \underline{\quad} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} NO_x \text{ conc (corr. to } 15\% O_2, \text{ iso std day conditions)} &= NO_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to } 15\% O_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{0.5} \times \frac{19(\text{HOBS} - 0.00633)}{\left(\frac{19(\text{amb})}{288^\circ\text{K}} \right)^{1.53}} \\ &= \underline{\quad} \left(\frac{\quad}{\quad} \right)^{0.5} \times 19 \left(\frac{-0.00633}{288} \right)^{-1.53} = \underline{\quad} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} NO_x \text{ (as } NO_2 \text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} &= (NO_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \text{ (stack vol flow rate, dscfh) = 1b/hr} \\ &= \frac{55.24}{1.194 \times 10^{-7}} \times \underline{\quad} = \frac{1b/\text{hr}}{6.596 \times 10^{-6} \text{ lb/dscf}} \\ &= \underline{6.596} \text{ lb/dscf} \end{aligned}$$

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: Turbine Exhaust

REPETITION NO.: 1 - MAX COMBINED Firing Rate

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

Volume of sample at standard
conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right] = \underline{25.814} \text{ dscf}$$
$$\gamma = \underline{1.004}$$

Volume of water vapor in sample at
standard conditions

$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = \underline{2.212} \text{ scf}$$
$$V_{lc} = \underline{47} \text{ ml.}$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} \times 100 = \underline{7.9\%}$$

50₂-PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

PLANT	2-9-89	DATE	LOCATION	OPERATOR	STACK NO.	RUN NO.	SAMPLE BOX NO.	NETTED BOX NO.
2nd	2-9-89	2-9-89	Trusses, Inc.	Short Boxes	200	1	200	23300

METER Δ H _g	C FACTOR	PROCESS WEI	WEIGHT OF P	SAMPL	FINAL WEIGH	TARE WEIGHT	WEIGHT GAIN
410 °F							
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE _____	BAROMETRIC PRESSURE _____	ASSUMED MOISTURE, x _____	PROBE LENGTH, in. _____	NOZZLE DIAMETER, in. _____	STACK DIAMETER, in. _____	PROBE HEATER SETTING _____	HEATED DRY SETTING _____
96							

2.0 23938 47.1

AVERAGE

VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	IMPINGER VOLUME ml	SILICA GEL WEIGHT.	ORSAT MEASUREMENT	TIME	CO ₂	O ₂	CO	N ₂
INITIAL	25	2.5	1.64	203				
FINAL	100	100	1.00	200				
LIQUID COLLECTED	-75	4.5	4					
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED			4.5	3	77			

Per Order 15 " 1/2 "
Per Order 16 " 1/2 "

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: FINA
SOURCE: TURBINE EXHAUST (60, le恩特)
REPETITION NO.: 2-11AR CORRECTED FLOW RATE
TEST DATE: 2-4-69

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ average chart reading, } \% = \underline{\underline{22.4}}$$

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ average chart reading, } \% = \underline{\underline{66.93}}$$

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, } \% - \text{Av. zero drift reading, } \%) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, } \% \text{ O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, } \%} - \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ \text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} &= \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{(\underline{\underline{66.9}}) \% - \underline{\underline{66.9}} \%}{\underline{\underline{52.2}}} \times \frac{13.0}{\underline{\underline{52.2}}} \% \text{ O}_2$$

$$= \underline{\underline{16.66}} \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, } \% - \text{Av. zero drift reading, } \%) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, } \%} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} = \frac{(\underline{\underline{22.4}} \% - \underline{\underline{0.0}} \%) \times \underline{\underline{119}}}{\underline{\underline{48.0}} \%} \text{ ppm} = \underline{\underline{55.53}} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) = \frac{\underline{\underline{x}} \frac{5.9}{20.9}}{\underline{\underline{x}}} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ conc (corr. to 15\% O}_2, \text{ iso std day conditions}) &= \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^0}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{1.5} \cdot 19 (\text{HOBS} - 0.00633) \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288 \text{ K}} \right)^{1.63} \\ &= \underline{\underline{19}} \left(\frac{\underline{\underline{-0.00633}}}{\underline{\underline{0.5}}} \right) \left(\frac{1}{\underline{\underline{288}}} \right)^{-1.53} = \underline{\underline{\text{ppm by vol, db}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NO}_x \text{ (as NO}_2 \text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} &= (\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) (\text{stack vol flow rate, dscfh}) = 1 \text{ lb/hr} \\ &= \frac{\underline{\underline{55.53}} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{\underline{1}}}{\underline{\underline{1}} \text{ lb/hr}} = \underline{\underline{6.630 \times 10^{-6} \text{ lb/dscfh}}} \end{aligned}$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: ~~GAS TURBINE~~ BOIL. BURNER TEST UNIT

REPETITION NO.: 2-MAR CONSUMED FINA RATE

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

CO average chart reading, % = 3.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading}^{\text{(1)}} , \% \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading}^{\text{(1)}}, \%} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right)$$

= ppmv, db

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\frac{3.0}{29.7} - \frac{0.0}{29.7} \right) \left(\frac{150}{29.7} \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.033 \right)$$

= 19.65 ppmv, db

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dacfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\frac{\text{ppmv, db}}{\text{dacfh}} \right) \left(7.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\frac{\text{dacfh}}{\text{lbs/hr}} \right) = 1.065 \times 10^{-6} \text{ lbs/dacfh}$$

- ① Average of pre and post test drift tests

$$Q_s = \frac{Q_s}{lb/hr}$$

DSCFH

SO_3 EMISSION RATE

$$= 2.0 \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

$$C_{SO_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N(V_t - V_{tb})(V_{soln}V_a)}{V_m(\text{std})} = 0.641 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

SO_3 CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$Q_s = \frac{Q_s}{lb/hr}$$

$$= 1b/hr$$

SO_2 EMISSION RATE

$$= 0.76 \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

$$C_{SO_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N(V_t - V_{tb})(V_{soln}V_a)}{V_m(\text{std})} = 0.013 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

SO_2 CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$V_a = \frac{20}{ml}$$

$$V_a = \frac{20}{ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = \frac{250}{ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = \frac{200}{ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = \frac{0.35}{ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = \frac{0.35}{ml}$$

$$V_t = \frac{0.70}{ml}$$

$$V_t = \frac{1.5}{ml}$$

$$N = \frac{0.01023(\text{g-eq})}{ml}$$

$$N = \frac{0.01023(\text{g-eq})}{ml}$$

SO_3 ANALYSIS DATA

$$V_m(\text{std}) = 17.64 \frac{\text{in. Hg}}{\text{R}} \times \frac{Y V_m [\text{P}_\text{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}]}{T_m} = 25.169 \text{ ft}^3 \quad \text{Equation 6-1}$$

$$Y = \frac{1.004}{2-9-85}$$

$$P_\text{bar} = \frac{30.73}{2.6} \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$T_m = \frac{517.5}{2.6} \text{ R}$$

$$P_\text{bar} = \frac{30.73}{2.6} \text{ in. Hg}$$

MAXIMUM ALLOWED FLAME RATE
TURBINE EXHAUST LOSS INLET

$$V_m = 23.792 \text{ ft}^3$$

SAMPLE VOLUME

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM
(English Units)

COMPANY: FIA

TEST DATE: 2-9-85

VOLUME OF SAMPLE AT STANDARD CONDITIONS ON DRY BASIS

$$V_{mstd} = [17.64] V_y \left[\frac{P_{bar}}{13.6} + \frac{\Delta H}{T_m} \right]$$

$$= 25.169 \text{ dscf}$$

(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

ENGLISH UNITS

REPETITION NO.: 2 Mar Conventional Flame Pipe

SOURCE: U.S. Air Forces

TEST DATE: 2-9-85

$$V_{std} = [0.04707 \text{ cu. ft.}] V_{lc}$$
$$V_{lc} = \frac{48}{ml.}$$

VOLUME OF WATER VAPOR IN SAMPLE AT STANDARD CONDITIONS

FRACTIONAL MOISTURE CONTENT OF STACK GAS

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{mstd} + V_{wsd}}{V_{wsd}} \times 100$$

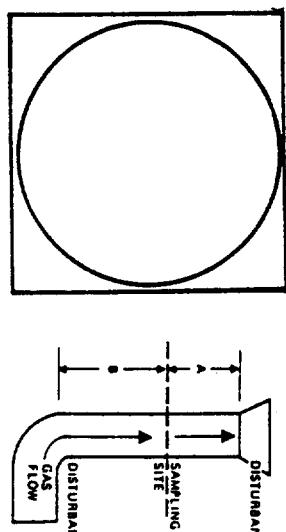
$$= 8.2\%$$

$$= 2.259 \text{ scf}$$

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

SO₂-PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

SCHEMATIC OF STACK



DATE	<u>2-9-89</u>	AMBENT TEMPERATURE	<u>71</u>
LOCATION	<u>Sequoia, Tx.</u>	BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	<u>30.05</u>
OPERATOR	<u>John T</u>	ASSUMED MOISTURE, %	<u>—</u>
STACK NO.	<u>2</u>	PROBE LENGTH, in.	<u>36</u>
RUN NO.	<u>2</u>	NOZZLE DIAMETER, in.	<u>—</u>
SAMPLE BOX NO.	<u>202</u>	STACK DIAMETER, in.	<u>—</u>
METER BOX NO.	<u>2390</u>	PROBE HEATER SETTING	<u>—</u>
HEATER BOX SETTING	<u>—</u>		

WEIGHT OF PARTICULATE COLLECTED, mg		
SAMPLE	FILTER	PROBE WASHING
FINAL WEIGHT		
TARE WEIGHT		
WEIGHT GAIN		
TOTAL		

CROSS SECTION

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FIRNA

SOURCE: 6200 GAS TURBINE Duct Burner Test Data

REPETITION NO.: '3 - MAX CONC'D FIRNA & RATE

TEST DATE: 2-4-89

CO average chart reading, % = 3.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading} \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading}} \right) \left(1 - F_{CO_2} \right)$$

= ppmv, db

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\frac{3.0}{\%} - \frac{0.0}{\%} \right) \left(\frac{150}{24.7} \right) \left(\frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.02 \right)$$

= 14.65 ppmv, db

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\frac{14.65 \text{ ppmv, db}}{\text{dscfh}} \right) \left(7.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) = \frac{1.065 \times 10^{-6} \text{ lbs}}{\text{dscfhr}}$$

① Average of pre and post test drift tests

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: *F/NA*
SOURCE: *TURBINE EXHAUST (Boiler Inlet)*
REPETITION NO. *3*-MAX CONSIDERED FLOW RATE
TEST DATE: *2-9-87*

$$NO_x \text{ average chart reading, \%} = \underline{24.6}$$

$$O_2 \text{ average chart reading, \%} = \underline{62.96}$$

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$O_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% } O_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \% O_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

$$= (\underline{62.96})\% - (\underline{0.0})\% \times \frac{13.0}{52.5} \% O_2$$

$$= \underline{15.59} \% O_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

NO_x conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, \% - Av. zero drift reading, \%) $\times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \text{ppm by vol, db}$

$$NO_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} = (\underline{24.6} \% - \underline{0.0 \%}) \times \frac{119}{47.5} \frac{\text{ppm}}{\%} = \underline{24.16} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$NO_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15\% } O_2) = \underline{\quad} \times \frac{5.9}{20.9} = \underline{\quad} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$NO_x \text{ conc} \left(\text{corr. to 15\% } O_2, \text{ day conditions} \right) = NO_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15\% } O_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}}{\text{Pobs}} \right)^{0.5} 19 (\text{HOBS} - 0.00633) \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)^{1.53}$$

$$= \underline{\quad} \left(\underline{\quad} \right)^{0.5} 19 \left(\underline{\quad} - 0.00633 \right) \left(\frac{288}{288} \right)^{-1.53} = \underline{\quad} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$NO_x \text{ (as } NO_2) \text{ emission rate (lb/hr)} = (NO_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) (\text{stack vol flow rate, dscfh}) = \text{lb/hr}$$

$$= \underline{74.16} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$= 8.854 \times 10^{-6} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$\frac{Q_s}{C_{SO_3} \times Q_s} = \frac{Q_s}{lb/hr}$$

SO_3 EMISSION RATE

DSCFH

$$= 1.6 \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

$$C_{SO_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} N \frac{(V_t - V_{tb})}{V_{soln} V^a} \frac{V_m \text{ (std)}}{10^{-5} lb/dscf} = 0.034 \times 10^{-5} lb/dscf$$

SO_3 CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$\frac{Q_s}{C_{SO_2} \times Q_s} = \frac{Q_s}{lb/hr}$$

SO_2 EMISSION RATE

$$= 0.71 \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

$$C_{SO_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} N \frac{(V_t - V_{tb})}{V_{soln} V^a} \frac{V_m \text{ (std)}}{10^{-5} lb/dscf} = 0.012 \times 10^{-5} lb/dscf$$

SO_2 CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$V^a = 20 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = 200 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = 0.35 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_t = 1.3 \text{ ml}$$

$$N = 0.01023 \text{ (g-eq) / ml}$$

$$SO_3 \text{ ANALYSIS DATA}$$

$$V^a = 20 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = 250 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = 0.35 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_t = 0.68 \text{ ml}$$

$$N = 0.01023 \text{ (g-eq) / ml}$$

$$SO_2 \text{ ANALYSIS DATA}$$

Equation 6-1

$$V_m \text{ (std)} = 17.64 \text{ or } T_m \text{ in. Hg} \times Y V_m [P_{bar} + \Delta H] \frac{13.6}{25.13 \text{ ft}^3} \text{ Equation 6-1}$$

$$P_{bar} = 30.73 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$\Delta H = 51.93 \text{ ft}$$

$$V_m = 23.83 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$T_m = 51.93 \text{ ft}$$

$$Y = 1.004$$

$$P_{bar} = 30.73 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$\Delta H = 51.93 \text{ ft}$$

$$V_m = 23.83 \text{ ft}^3$$

SAMPLE VOLUME

(English Units)

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM

1. LABORATORY SAMPLES
2. ANALYSIS SAMPLES
3. ANALYSIS DATA

4. ANALYSIS DATA

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: ~~Thermal Energy Exchangers~~

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

REPETITION NO.: ~~3-MAX Considered~~ ~~Fairly Poor~~

ENGLISH UNITS

(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

Volume of sample at standard

$$V_{mstd} = [17.64 \left(\frac{V_y}{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right)]^{\frac{1}{m}}$$

$$y = 1.004$$

$$= 25.103 \text{ dscf}$$

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

Volume of water vapor in sample at

$$V_{ws} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc}$$

$$V_{lc} = 47 \text{ ml.}$$

$$= 2.212 \text{ scf}$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

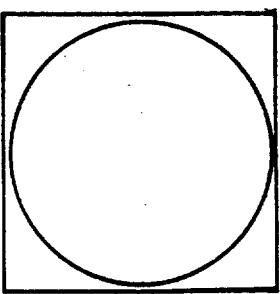
$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{ws}^{\text{std}} + V_{ws}^{\text{std}}}{V_{ws}^{\text{std}}} \times 100$$

$$= 8.1\%$$

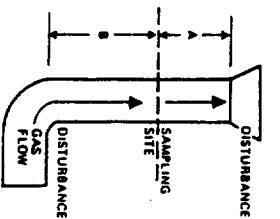
MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

502

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA



SCHEMATIC OF STACK



PLANT LINE 8

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 44°F

METER ΔH_p

DATE 2-9-89

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

C FACTOR

LOCATION Evans, Texas

ASSUMED MOISTURE, %

PROCESS WEIGHT RATE

STACK NO. 3

NOZZLE DIAMETER, in.

SAMPLE BOX NO.

PROBE LENGTH, in. 96

METER BOX NO. 2390

HEATER BOX SETTING

STACK OPERATOR Hart

PROBE HEATER SETTING

SAMPLE BOX NO.

HEATER BOX SETTING

TRaverse Point Number	Sampling Time (s), min.	Static Pressure (in. H ₂ O)	Stack Temperature (T _s), °F	Velocity Head (ΔP _s) ACTUAL DESIRED	PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ACROSS ORIFICE METER (ΔH) in. H ₂ O	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (V _m), ft ³	GAS SAMPLE TEMPERATURE AT DRY GAS METER (T _{m,in}), °F	INLET OUTLET TEMPERATURE (T _{m,out}), °F	SAMPLE BOX TEMPERATURE OF GAS LEAVING CONDENSER OR LAST IMPINGER °F	PUMP VACUUM in. Hg gauge	VELOCITY fps	AVERAGE							
												IMPINGER VOLUME, ml	SILICA GEL WEIGHT, g	ORSAT MEASUREMENT	TIME	CO ₂	O ₂	CO	N ₂
FINAL	9.4	145	103	2.03	96	2.03	52	57	43	2	2								
INITIAL	100	100	100	200	59	59	67	57	49	2	2								
Liquid Collected	-6	45	3	2.0	2.0	89.2	73	55	55	2	2								
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED					2.0	93.1	78	59	55	2	2								
TOTAL						592.198													

COMMENTS:

Pre Octm 17 '89
Post Octm 15 '89

COMPANY: FINA

TEST DATE: 2-9-55

May Continue Following Month

CO/NO_x MONITOR FIELD DATA SHEET

STICK THERMISTOR

Sampling Location	Run No.	Time	Convertor Mode	NO _x Chart Reading ppm	O ₂ Chart Reading % ppm	TURBINE O ₂ chart NO _x chart	CO Chart Reading % ppm	TURBINE Rd Tw Rh	COMMENTS
				0	0	0	0	0 36 68	OPD = 16.3
				78.8	197	52.1 13.0	247150	E = 0.247	
				23.2	60	83.6 20.9	61.8309	C = 0.1680	
				47.2	119		95.6418	H ₂ B = 0.0031 H ₂ O = 0.010	
1	08221			31.0	51.8	22.5	66.5		
	252			31.5	51.5	22.0	67.0		
	283			31.5	51.7	22.0	67.0		
	314			31.5	51.7	21.8	67.5		
	345			31.8	51.6	21.6	67.5		
	376			31.5	51.6	22.1	67		
	407			31.6	51.8	22.4	67		
	438			31.8	51.8	22.3	67.2	3.0 4.0	
	46	105T		40.1	0.0	83.6 20.9			
				41.5	119	52.0 13.0			
2	09031			32.9	51.7	22.8	67.8	42.37	OPD = 16.3
	062			33.5	50.0	21.8	67.8		C ₂ = 4.0% TURB
	073			33.5	50.7	23.0	67.3		C ₂ = 3.3% TURB
	124			31.0	51.8	23.0	67.3		
	155			31.0	51.8	21.5	67.2		
	186			32.0	52.0	21.7	67.2		
	217			32	52.0	22.2	65.4		
	248			31.3	51.8	22.2	65.4	2.0 3.0	
	279			CAL	0	83.3	20.9		
				48.0	0	52.2	13.0		

COMPANY: TIMI

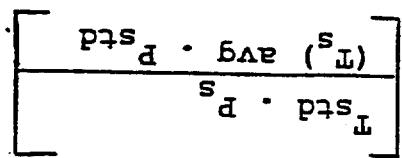
TEST DATE: 2-4-69

NXK COMBINED EMISSION RATE CO/NO_x MONITOR FIELD DATA SHEET

Stack

Sampling Location	Run No.	Time	Converter Mode	NO _x Chart Reading % of Average	O ₂ Chart Reading ppmv	Time or Spec	CO Chart Reading ppmv	T _d T _w R _n	Comments
3	1	0944	24	62	24.3	63.0	49.40	42	4% CO2 STACK
		'17	34	52	25.3	63.0			
		50	34.5	52.1	25.4	63.0			
		53	34.5	52.1	25.8	63.0			
		56	34.5	52.2	25.8	63.0			
		59	34.5	52.1	30.1	62.8			
		62	35.0	52.0	30.1	62.9			
		65	35.0	52.0	29.0	62.5	0.0	30	
		1008	0	83.7	20.9	62.96			
		45	119	+0.2	0.0	62.76			
		80.1	197	52.5	13.0				
		24.0	60						

$$= 14,637,705 \text{ acfeh}$$



$$Q_s = 3,600 (1-B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

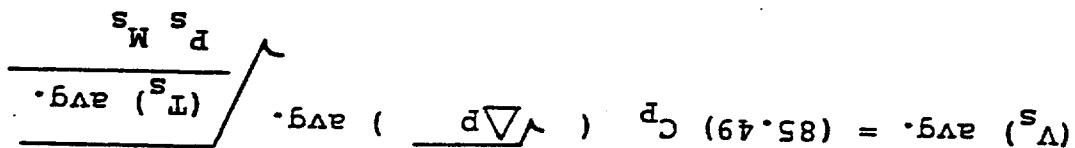
Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$= 375,006 \text{ acfm}$$

$$60 V_s A_s$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$= 49.62 \text{ ft/sec.}$$



$$(V_s) \text{ avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\nabla \Delta p) \text{ avg.}$$

Stack gas velocity

$$= 30.70 \text{ in. H}_g$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$= 744.5 \text{ ps}$$

$$(T_s) \text{ avg.} = 264.5^\circ F + 460$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$= 0.742$$

$$(\nabla \Delta p) \text{ avg.}$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$= 0.840$$

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$= 27.96 \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

$$M_s = M_d (1-B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$= 29.14 \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

REPETITION NO.: 1 - MAX CALIBRATION FLANGE - PEF 245
TEST DATE: 2-9-69

SOURCE: THIS TURBINE + B1/2

COMPANY: FIRA

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GE GAS TURBINE EXHAUST STACK (TURBINE + Duct Burner)

REPETITION NO.: 1 - MAR COMBINED FIRING RATE

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

CO average chart reading, % = 3.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading}^{\text{(1)}} , \% \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading}^{\text{(1)}}, \%} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right) \\ &= \text{ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\frac{3.0}{3.0} \% - \frac{0.0}{0.0} \% \right) \left(\frac{150}{24.7} \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.039 \right) \\ &= \underline{\underline{14.56}} \text{ ppmv, db} \end{aligned}$$

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dacfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\underline{\underline{14.56 \text{ ppmv, db}}} \right) \left(7.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\underline{\underline{14,632,705 \text{ dacfh}}} \right) = \underline{\underline{15.49}} \text{ lbs/hr}$$

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: FIMA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE + BOILER (stack location)

REPETITION NO.: 1 MAX CONCIMO FIRING RATE - REF MS

TEST DATE: 2-5-83

NO_x average chart reading, % = 31.53

O₂ average chart reading, % = 51.69

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

O₂ conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, % - Av. zero drift reading, %) x $\frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} - \% \text{ O}_2$ by vol, db

$$= (\underline{51.69})\% - \underline{0.0}\% \times \frac{13.0}{52.0} \% \text{ O}_2$$

$$= \underline{12.9} \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

NO_x conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, % - Av. zero drift reading, %) x $\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \text{ppm by vol, db}$

NO_x conc₁ (corr.) = 31.53 % - 0.1 % x 119 ppm = 28.7 ppm by vol, db

NO_x conc₂ (corr. to 15% O₂) = _____ x $\frac{5.9}{20.9}$ = _____ ppm by vol, db

NO_x conc $\left(\text{corr. to 15\% O}_2, \text{ day conditions} \right) = \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{0.5}}{\text{Pobs}} \cdot 19(\text{HOBS} - 0.00633) \right) \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)^{1.53}$

$$= \underline{\underline{\quad}} \left(\underline{\underline{\quad}} \right)^{0.5} 19 \left(\underline{\underline{\quad}} - 0.00633 \right) \left(\frac{46}{288} \times 10^{-6} \right)^{-1.53} = \underline{\underline{\quad}}$$

$$\text{ppm by vol, db}$$

NO_x (as NO₂) emission rate (lb/hr) = (NO_x conc₁; ppm by vol, db) $\left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right)$ (stack vol flow rate, dscfh) = lb/hr

$$= \underline{78.7} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{14637.205} = \underline{132.5} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$= 9.347 \times 10^{-6} \text{ lbs/dscfh}$$

COMPANY: F/A/R
 SOURCE: G/A'S TURBINE + BOLTC
 REPETITION NO.: 1 - MAX CONDENSED FLUID RATE
 TEST DATE: 2-9-69
 (29.92 in. Hg 68°F)
 ENGLISH UNITS
 Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis
 $V_{mstd} = [17.64 \left(V_y \frac{P_{bar}}{T} + \frac{A}{13.6} \right)]$
 Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions
 $V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml.}} \right] V_{lc}$
 Fractional moisture content of stack gas
 $B_{ws} = \frac{V_{ws} - V_{wstd}}{V_{wstd}} \times 100$
 = 10.6%

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

SAMPLE VOLUME

$$V_m = \frac{27.040}{T_m} \text{ ft}^3$$

$$P_{bar} = \frac{30.73}{T_m} \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$Y = \frac{1.009}{T_m}$$

SO₂ ANALYSIS DATA

$$V_m(\text{std}) = 17.64 \frac{R}{T_m} \times Y V_m \left[\frac{\text{P}_{bar}}{\Delta H} + \frac{13.6}{13.6} \right] = 28.664 \text{ ft}^3$$

Equation 6-1

MAX CONCENTRATION FRACTION RATE

TURBINE + BOILER (STACK)

F/VA

(English Units)

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM

$$Q_s = \frac{14,637,705}{C_{SO_3} \times Q_s} \text{ DSCFH}$$

SO₃ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_3} = \frac{8.826 \times 10^{-5}}{N(V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln} / V_a)} \frac{V_m(\text{std})}{1b/dscf} = 0.028 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

SO₃ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$Q_s = \frac{14,637,705}{C_{SO_2} \times Q_s} \text{ DSCFH}$$

$$= 5.27 \text{ lb/hr}$$

SO₂ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{SO_2} = \frac{7.061 \times 10^{-5}}{N(V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{soln} / V_a)} \frac{V_m(\text{std})}{1b/dscf} = 0.036 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

SO₂ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$\begin{aligned} V_a &= 20 \text{ ml} \\ V_{soln} &= 200 \text{ ml} \\ V_{tb} &= 0.35 \text{ ml} \\ V_t &= 1.25 \text{ ml} \\ N &= 0.01023 (\text{g-eq}) / \text{ml} \end{aligned}$$

SO₃ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = 0.01023 (\text{g-eq}) / \text{ml}$$

$$V_a = \frac{20}{m_l} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{soln} = \frac{250}{m_l} \text{ ml}$$

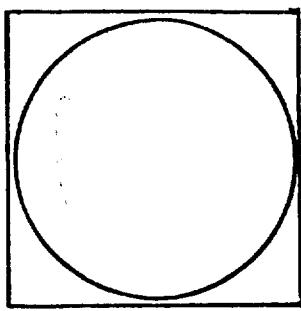
$$V_{tb} = \frac{0.35}{m_l} \text{ ml}$$

$$V_t = \frac{1.25}{m_l} \text{ ml}$$

Equation 6-1

SU-2 PARTICULAR FIELD DATA

SCHEMATIC OF STACK



CROSS SECTION

PLANT E-1A AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 42°K
 DATE 8-9-39 METER ΔH_g _____
 LOCATION GEOLINE T-1 C FACTOR _____
 OPERATOR G. L. PROBE LENGTH, in. _____
 STACK NO. Run 1 NOZZLE DIAMETER, in. _____
 RUN NO. MAX CONDENSER FLOW STACK DIAMETER, in. _____
 SAMPLE BOX NO. 54E " PROBE HEATER SETTING _____
 METER BOX NO. 597 HEATER BOX SETTING _____

WEIGHT OF PARTICULATE COLLECTED, mg		
SAMPLE	FILTER	PROBE WASH
FINAL WEIGHT		
TARE WEIGHT		
WEIGHT GAIN		
TOTAL		

VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	IMPIINGER VOLUME ml	SILICA GEL WEIGHT,	ORSAT MEASUREMENT	TIME	CO ₂	O ₂	CO	N ₂
FINAL	92	173	103	204				
INITIAL	100	160	160	200				
Liquid Collected	-8	73	3					
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	68	7	72					
AVERAGE	284.5	0.742	5.5	27.04				

COMMENTS:
 Leak check: pre: 0.00 at 15 "Hg
 post: 0.00 at 5 "Hg

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FIAA

SOURCE: $\text{NO}_x + \text{NO}_2$

REPEITION NO.: 2 - NO_x CONVERSION FACTOR TEST

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

$$\left[\frac{(T_s)_{avg} \cdot P_{std}}{T_{std} \cdot P_s} \right]$$

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1-B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$= 382.944 \text{ acfm}$$

$$60 V_s A_s$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$= 50.65 \text{ ft/sec.}$$

$$\frac{P_s}{(T_s)_{avg.}}$$

$$(V_s)_{avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\nabla P)_{avg.}$$

Stack gas velocity

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{STATIC PRESSURE}/13.6)$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$= 30.70 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$(T_s)_{avg.} = 279.2^\circ\text{F} + 460$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$= 0.760$$

$$(\nabla P)_{avg.}$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$= 0.840$$

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)}$$

$$= 22.96 \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$M_s = M_d (1-B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws}$$

$$= 29.15 \text{ lb/lb-mole}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$M_d = 0.44 (\% \text{CO}_2) + 0.32 (\% \text{O}_2) + 0.28 (\% \text{N}_2 + \% \text{CO})$$

$$4.0$$

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

REPEITION NO.: 2 - NO_x CONVERSION FACTOR TEST

SOURCE: $\text{NO}_x + \text{NO}_2$

COMPANY: FIAA

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: **FIMA**

SOURCE: ~~GE Gas Turbine External Stack~~ (Turbine + Duct Burner)

REPETITION NO.: 2 - Mar 1986 FIMA 1200

TEST DATE: 2-9-87

CO average chart reading, % = 2.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading}^{\textcircled{1}}, \% \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading}^{\textcircled{1}}, \%} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right)$$

= ppmv, db

$$\text{CO conc (corrected)} = \left(\frac{2.0}{2.0} \% - \frac{0.0}{0.0} \% \right) \left(\frac{150}{29.7} \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.040 \right)$$

= 9.70 ppmv, db

CO emission rate

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dacfh} \right)$$

$$\text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} = \left(\frac{9.70 \text{ ppmv, db}}{9.70 \text{ ppmv, db}} \right) \left(1.268 \times 10^{-8} \right) \left(\frac{150 \text{ 3,788 dacfh}}{10.60 \text{ 10.60 dacfh}} \right) = \underline{10.60 \text{ lbs/hr}}$$

- ① Average of pre and post test drift tests

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: FURN

SOURCE: *Bo, Le., + Ture Blume*

REPETITION NO.: 2 - MAX COMBINED FINING-RATE

TEST DATE: 2-9-87

NO_x average chart reading, % = 32.13

O₂ average chart reading, % = 51.48

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} = (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db}$$

$$\text{O}_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} = \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ = (\underline{51.48} \% - \underline{0.0} \%) \times \frac{13}{52.2} \% \text{ O}_2$$

NO_x conc (corr.) = (Av. chart reading, % - Av. zero drift reading, %) × $\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}}$ = ppm by vol, db

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} = (\underline{32.13} \% - \underline{0.0} \%) \times \frac{46.9}{46.0} \text{ ppm} = \underline{29.7} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15% O}_2) = \underline{\quad} \times \frac{5.9}{20.9} = \underline{\quad} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ conc} \left(\text{corr. to 15% O}_2, \text{ day conditions} \right) = \text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{0.5}}{\text{Pobs}} \cdot 19(\text{HOBs} - 0.00633) \right) \left(\frac{T_{\text{amb}}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)^{1.63}$$

$$= \underline{\quad} \left(\underline{\quad} \right)^{0.5} 19 \left(\underline{\quad} - 0.00633 \right) \left(\frac{288}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)^{-1.63} = \underline{\quad} \text{ ppm by vol, db}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ (as NO}_2\text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} = (\text{NO}_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) (\text{stack vol flow rate, dscfh}) = \text{lb/hr} \\ = \underline{29.7} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{15,032.884} = \underline{43.1} \text{ lb/hr}$$

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM
(English Units)

SAMPLE VOLUME

$$V_m = 27.519 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$T_m = 526.5^\circ\text{R}$$

$$\Delta H = 5.5$$

$$P_{\text{bar}} = 30.73 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$Y = 1.009$$

$$V_m(\text{std}) = 17.64 \frac{\text{°R}}{\text{in. Hg}} \times \frac{Y V_m \left[P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right]}{T_m} = 28.964 \text{ ft}^3$$

Equation 6-1

SO₂ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = 0.01023 \text{ (g-eq) /ml}$$

$$V_t = 1.20 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = 0.35 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{\text{soln}} = 250 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = 20 \text{ ml}$$

SO₂ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{\text{SO}_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{\text{soln}}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = 0.030 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= 1.78 \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₂ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{\text{SO}_2} \times Q_s = 4.51 \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$Q_s = 15,037.884 \text{ DSCFH}$$

SO₃ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{\text{SO}_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{\text{soln}}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = 0.036 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= 1.73 \text{ ppm By Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₃ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{\text{SO}_3} \times Q_s = 5.41 \text{ lbs/hr}$$

$$Q_s = 15,037.884 \text{ DSCFH}$$

F1NA

Boiler + TURBINE

MAX COMBINED FIRING RATE

RUN 2

2-9-89

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: Boiler Turbine

REPETITION NO.: 2 - MAX COMBINED FIRING RATE

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right] = 28.964 \text{ dscf}$$
$$\gamma = 1.009$$

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

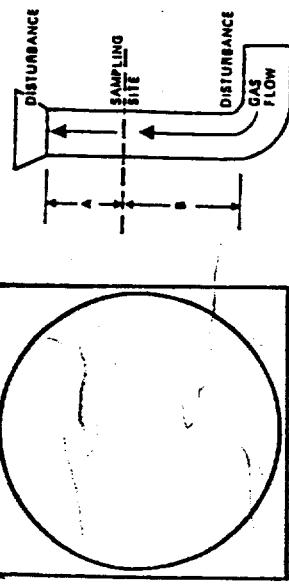
$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = 3.483 \text{ scf}$$
$$V_{lc} = 74 \text{ ml.}$$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} \times 100 = 10.7\%$$

SAMPLING SHEET DATA

SCHEMATIC OF STACK



PLANT	Fish 4	AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	64.5
DATE	2/9/89	BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	
LOCATION	Gulfport, MS	ASSUMED MOISTURE, X	
OPERATOR	BP	PROBE LENGTH, In.	
STACK NO.	101	NOZZLE DIAMETER, In.	
RUN NO.	MAX CAPTURE EFFICIENCY	STACK DIAMETER, In.	
SAMPLE BOX NO.	401	PROBE HEATER SETTING	
METER BOX NO.	401	HEATER BOX SETTING	

CROSS SECTION

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (θ), min.	STATIC PRESSURE (in. H ₂ O)	STACK TEMPERATURE (T _s), °F	VELOCITY HEAD (ΔP _s) (V _s ² /2g)	PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ACROSS ORIFICE METER (ΔP _m) in. H ₂ O	ACTUAL DESIRED GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (V _m), in. ³	GAS SAMPLE TEMPERATURE AT DRY GAS METER		SAMPLE BOX TEMPERATURE °F	TEMPERATURE OF GAS LEAVING CONDENSER OR LAST IMPINGER °F	PUMP VACUUM in. Hg gauge	VELOCITY (ips)
							INLET (T _m _{IN}), °F	OUTLET (T _m _{OUT}), °F				
							TOTAL					
9.03	5	-0.118	80	1.54	3.5	95.091	64	65	65	65		
1.2	5			1.56	3.5	61.5						
1.8	5			1.58	3.5	66.0	67	66	66	66		
5.3	5			1.72	3.7	70.5	68	66	66	66		
7.8	5			2.83	5.2	75.0	69	67	66	66		
9.33	5			2.81	5.8	79.5	67	67	67	67		
				2.78	6.1	92.4	62.6					
				2.78	5.9							
				2.82	5.6							
				2.77	5.7							
				2.70	5.8							
				2.83	5.7							
				2.65	5.9							
				2.79	6.0							
TOTAL				2.75	5.8							
AVERAGE				279.2	5.5							

VOLUME OF LIQUID WATER COLLECTED	IMPINGER VOLUME ml	SILICA GEL WEIGHT	ORSAT MEASUREMENT	TIME	CO ₂	O ₂	CO	N ₂
FINAL	96	120.03	21.8	1				
INITIAL	10.0	6.6	20.0	2				
LIQUID COLLECTED	-87	70.3	5	3				
TOTAL VOLUME COLLECTED	69	574		4				

COMMENTS:	last check: pre : 2.00 at 15 "Hg post : 0.00 at 15 "Hg

COMMENTS:	last check: pre : 2.00 at 15 "Hg post : 0.00 at 15 "Hg

STACK VOLUME FLOW RATE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: TURBINE + Boiler (STACK LOCATION)

REPETITION NO.: 3 - MAX COMBINED FIRING RATE PEF GAS

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

Dry molecular weight of stack gas

$$M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

$$4.0 \quad \quad \quad 12.9 \quad \quad \quad 83.1$$

$$= \underline{29.16}$$

Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis

$$M_s = M_d (1 - B_{ws}) + 18 B_{ws}$$

$$= \underline{22.98}$$

Pitot tube coefficient

$$C_p \text{ (from calibration curve)} = \underline{0.840}$$

Average velocity head of stack gas, inches H₂O

$$(\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = \underline{0.746}$$

Average absolute stack gas temperature

$$(T_s) \text{ avg.} = \underline{279.1} ^\circ F + 460 = \underline{739.1} ^\circ R$$

Absolute stack gas pressure

$$P_s = P_b + (\text{Static Pressure}/13.6) = \underline{30.70} \text{ in. H}_g$$

Stack gas velocity

$$(V_s) \text{ avg.} = (85.49) C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{(T_s) \text{ avg.}}{P_s M_s}}} = \underline{49.69} \text{ ft/sec.}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate

$$60 V_s A_s = \underline{375,686} \text{ acfm}$$

Stack gas volume flow rate, dry basis

$$Q_s = 3,600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s$$

$$\frac{T_{std} \cdot P_s}{(T_s) \text{ avg.} \cdot P_{std}}$$

$$= \underline{14,787,910} \text{ dscfh}$$

NO_x CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET
METHOD 20

COMPANY: Fina

SOURCE: TURBINE + Boiler + STACK LOCATION

REPETITION NO.: 3 Max CONCENTRATION RATE /REF GAS
TEST DATE: 2-9-85

NO_x average chart reading, % = 34.5

O₂ average chart reading, % = 52.1

O₂ concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} O_2 \text{ conc (corr.)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, \% O}_2}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ O_2 \text{ conc (corrected)} &= \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \\ &= \left(\frac{52.1}{12.9} \right) \% - \frac{0.0}{0.0} \% \times \frac{13.0}{52.5} \frac{\% \text{ O}_2}{\%} \\ &= \underline{12.9} \% \text{ O}_2 \text{ by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} NO_x \text{ conc (corr.)} &= (\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading, \%}) \times \frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm}}{\text{cal drift reading, \%}} = \text{ppm by vol, db} \\ NO_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr.)} &= \left(\frac{34.5}{11.9} \right) \% - \frac{0.0}{0.0} \% \times \frac{11.9}{47.5} \frac{\text{ppm}}{\%} = \underline{86.4} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \\ NO_x \text{ conc}_2 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) &= \frac{5.9}{20.9} \times \underline{86.4} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} NO_x \text{ conc (corr. to 15\% O}_2, \text{ iso std day conditions)} &= NO_x \text{ conc}_1 \text{ (corr. to 15\% O}_2) \left(\frac{\text{Pref}^{0.5}}{\text{Pobs}} \right) \left(\frac{T_{amb}}{288^{\circ}\text{K}} \right)^{1.53} \\ &= \left(\frac{19}{288} \right)^{0.5} 19 \left(\frac{-0.00633}{288} \right)^{-1.53} = \underline{86.4} \text{ ppm by vol, db} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} NO_x \text{ (as NO}_2 \text{) emission rate (lb/hr)} &= (NO_x \text{ conc}_1, \text{ ppm by vol, db}) \left(\frac{46}{385.26 \times 10^{-6}} \right) (\text{stack vol flow rate, dscfh}) = 1 \text{ lb/hr} \\ &= \underline{86.4} \times (1.194 \times 10^{-7}) \times \underline{14,767.90} = \underline{152.6} \text{ lb/hr} \end{aligned}$$

CO CALIBRATION CORRECTION DATA SHEET

COMPANY: F, NA

SOURCE: ~~6# OAS TURBINE EXHAUST since CTRN 01/04 + Duct burner~~

REPETITION NO.: 3 - Max Concentration Rate

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

CO average chart reading, % = 2.0

CO concentration corrected for zero and calibration drift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\text{Av. chart reading, \%} - \text{Av. zero drift reading}^{\textcircled{1}}, \% \right) \left(\frac{\text{cal gas conc, ppm CO}}{\text{cal drift reading}^{\textcircled{1}}, \%} \right) \left(1 - F_{\text{CO}_2} \right) \\ &= \text{ppmv, db} \\ \text{CO conc (corrected)} &= \left(\frac{2.0}{2.0} \% - \frac{0.0}{29.7} \% \right) \left(\frac{150}{29.7} \frac{\text{ppm CO}}{\%} \right) \left(1 - 0.040 \right) \\ &= \underline{\underline{9.70 \text{ ppmv, db}}} \end{aligned}$$

CO emission rate

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} &= \left(\text{CO conc, (corrected) ppmv, db} \right) \left(\frac{28}{385.26} \times 10^{-6} \right) \left(\text{vol flow rate, dscfh} \right) \\ \text{CO emission rate, lbs/hr} &= \left(\frac{9.70 \text{ ppmv, db}}{\text{1.268} \times 10^{-8}} \right) \left(\frac{14,767,910 \text{ dscfh}}{\text{10.43 lbs/hr}} \right) = \underline{\underline{10.43 \text{ lbs/hr}}} \end{aligned}$$

① Average of pre and post test drift tests

SULFUR DIOXIDE CALCULATION FORM
(English Units)

SAMPLE VOLUME

$$V_m = 27.066 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$T_m = 529.1^\circ\text{R}$$

$$P_{\text{bar}} \Delta H = 5.5$$

$$P_{\text{bar}} = 30.73 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$Y = 1.009$$

$$V_m(\text{std}) = 17.64 \frac{\text{°R}}{\text{in. Hg}} \times \frac{Y V_m \left[P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right]}{T_m} = 28.348 \text{ ft}^3$$

Equation 6-1

SO₂ ANALYSIS DATA

$$N = 0.01023 \text{ (g-eq) /ml}$$

$$V_t = 0.525 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{tb} = 0.35 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_{\text{soln}} = 250 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = 20 \text{ ml}$$

SO₂ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{\text{SO}_2} = 7.061 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{\text{soln}}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = \frac{0.006 \times 10^{-5}}{} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= \underline{0.34} \text{ ppm by Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₂ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{\text{SO}_2} \times Q_s = \underline{0.89} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$Q_s = 14,787,910 \text{ DSCFH}$$

SO₃ CONCENTRATION IN STACK GAS

$$C_{\text{SO}_3} = 8.826 \times 10^{-5} \frac{N (V_t - V_{tb}) (V_{\text{soln}}/V_a)}{V_m (\text{std})} = \frac{0.031 \times 10^{-5}}{} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$= \underline{1.50} \text{ ppm By Volume Dry Basis}$$

SO₃ EMISSION RATE

$$C_{\text{SO}_3} \times Q_s = \underline{4.58} \text{ lbs/hr}$$

$$Q_s = 14,787,910 \text{ DSCFH}$$

FIRNA

TURBINE + BOILER

MAX CONTROLLED FIRING RATE

RUN 3

2-9-89

MOISTURE CALCULATION SUMMARY

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: Turbine + Boiler

REPETITION NO.: 3 - MAX COMBINED FLOW RATE

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

ENGLISH UNITS
(29.92 in. Hg 68°F)

Volume of sample at standard conditions on dry basis

$$V_{mstd} = \left[17.64 \right] V_m \gamma \left[\frac{P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right] = \underline{28.348} \text{ dscf}$$

$\gamma = \underline{1.009}$

Volume of water vapor in sample at standard conditions

$$V_{wstd} = \left[0.04707 \frac{\text{cu. ft.}}{\text{ml}} \right] V_{lc} = \underline{3.342} \text{ scf}$$

$V_{lc} = \underline{71} \text{ ml.}$

Fractional moisture content of stack gas

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} \times 100 = \underline{10.5\%}$$

CALCULATION SUMMARY SHEET

2989

MAXIMUM COMBINED FIRING RATE TESTS

$$F = \frac{10^6 (29.7)(3.64) + 70.2(1.53) + 0.1(0.14)}{GCV} = \text{SCF}/\text{MMBTU}$$

$$\bar{GCV} = 942.3 \text{ BTU} + \frac{1}{\text{SCF} \times 0.0255 \text{ lb/SCF}} = 36,900 \text{ Btu/LB}$$

$$F = 8439 \text{ SCF/MMBTU}$$

$$E = C_d F_d (20.9 / (20.9 - \% O_{2d}))$$

O ₂ Concentration	NO _x Emissions	CO Emissions	SO ₂ Emissions	Heat input		
% db	lb/SCF × 10 ⁶	lb/s/MMBTU	lb/s/h	lb/s/MMBTU	lb/s/h	MMBTU/h
COMBINED						
Run 1	8.0	9.347	0.207	137.5	0.023	15.5
Run 2	8.1	9.516	0.207	143.1	0.015	10.6
Run 3	8.0	10.031	0.227	152.6	0.016	10.4

(Note: Emissions rate in lbs/h/MATU based on F FACTOR and lbs/h based on measured Vol Flow rate.)

Run 1	16.8	6.596	0.282	140.7	0.063	31.2	0.018	9.0	499.1
Run 2	16.6	6.630	0.276	137.7	0.044	22.1	0.005	2.7	498.2
Run 3	15.6	8.854	0.294	147.7	0.035	17.8	0.004	2.0	502.3

Direct Burner	$E_b = F_{CO} + \left(\frac{H_g}{H_b}\right) (F_{CO} - E_g)$	Heat input MMBTU/h	NO _x Emissions rate lb/s/MMBTU	CO Emissions rate lb/s/h	SO ₂ Emissions rate lb/s/MMBTU	lb/s/h
		Hg	Hb	lb/s/h	lb/s/h	lb/s/h

Run 1	499.1	196.7	0.017	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Run 2	498.8	196.7	0.032	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.012	2.4	
Run 3	502.3	196.7	0.057	11.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

COMPANY: *Fina*

TEST DATE: 2-1-85

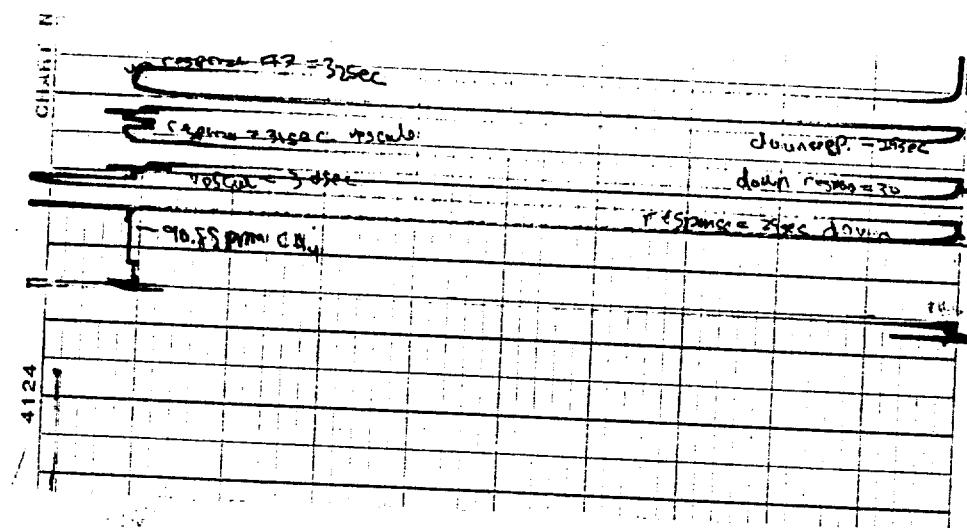
CO/NO_x MONITOR FIELD DATA SHEET

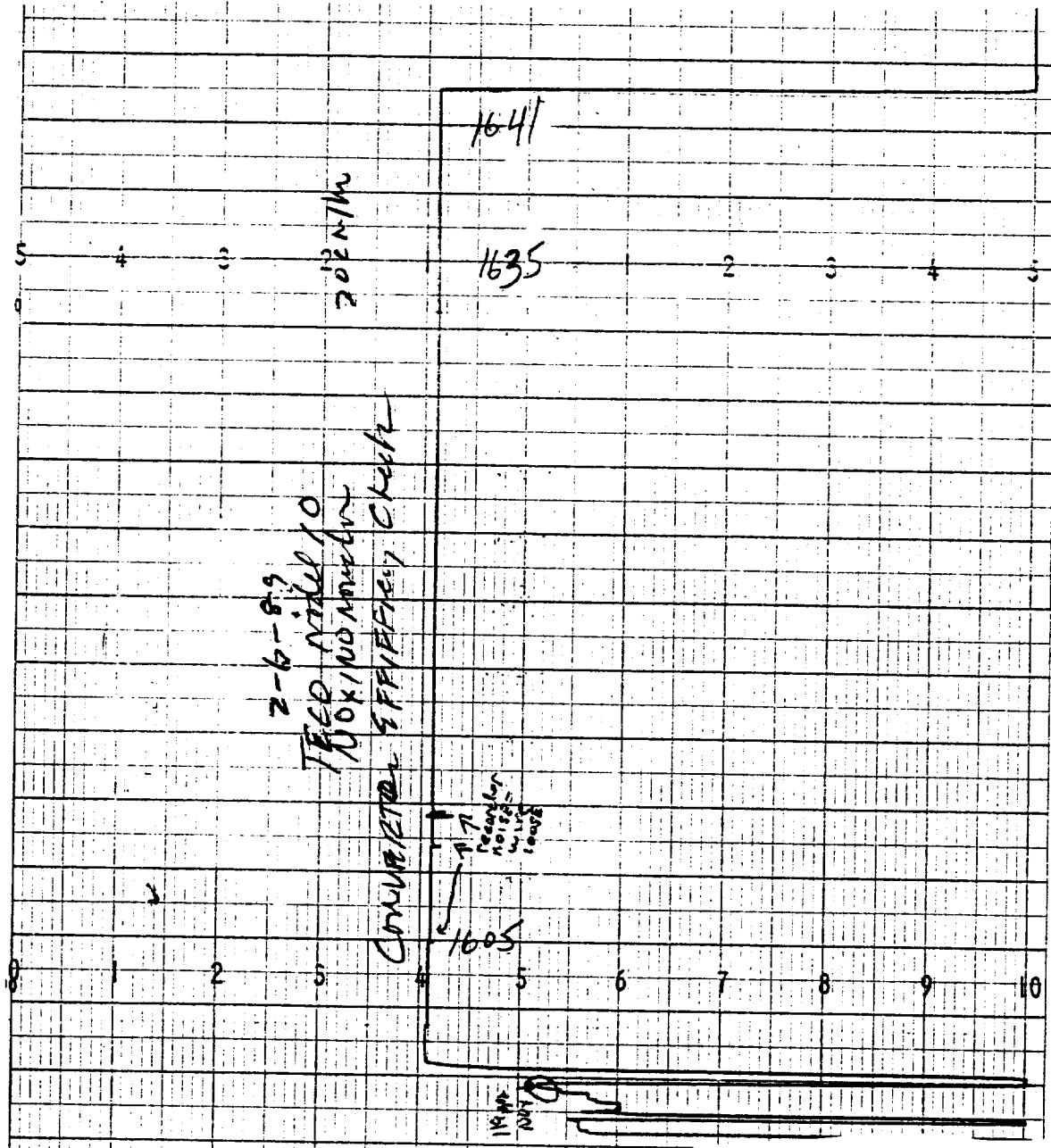
GE GAS TURBINE COGENERATION FACILITY
EMISSION COMPLIANCE TEST PROGRAM
FINA OIL AND CHEMICAL COMPANY: PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS

APPENDIX B

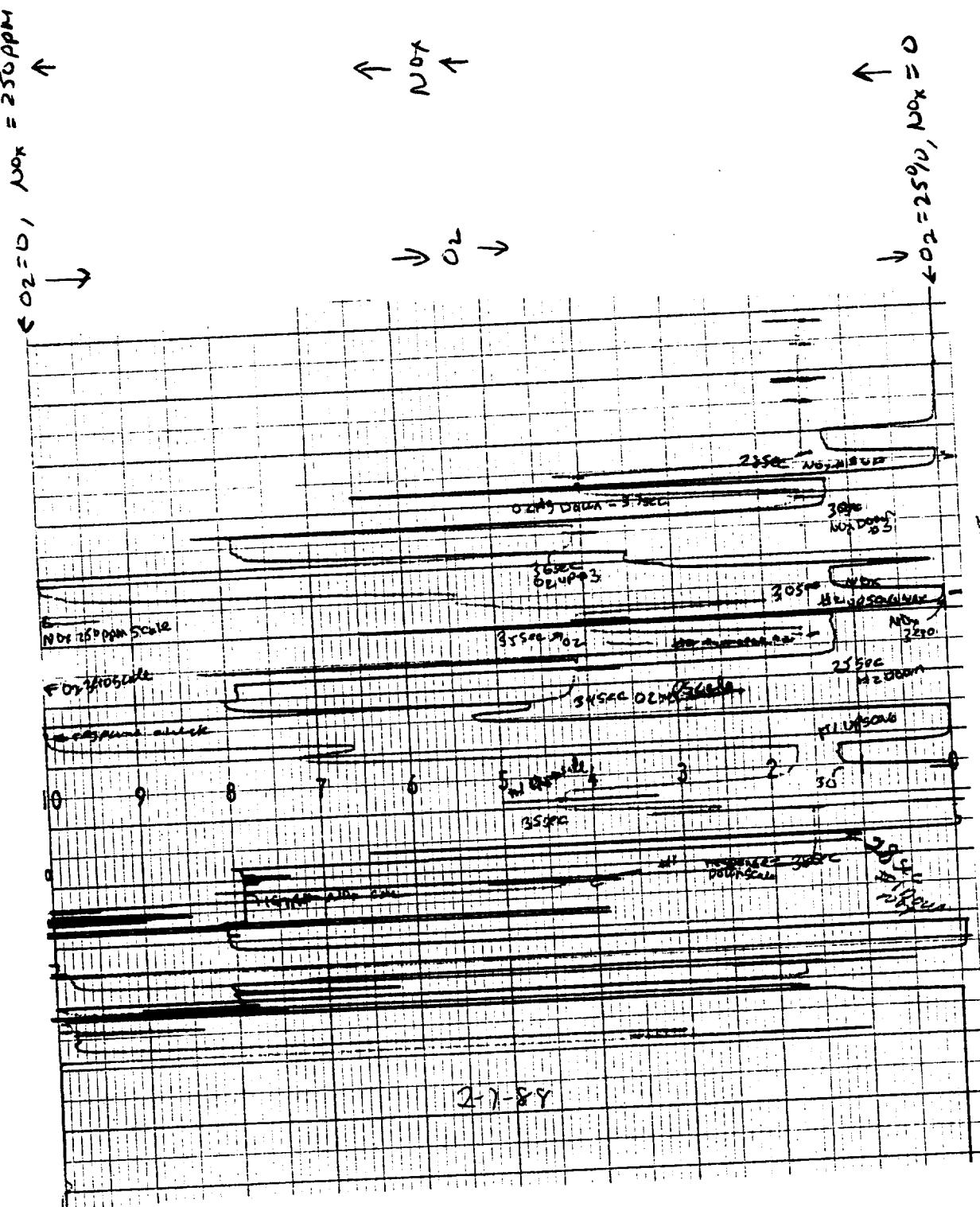
Monitor Strip Chart Data and
GE Graph of P_{ref} vs. Turbine Load

FINA GE OX TURBINE
RF SPONSE TIME TEST
RATFISH TOE Hydrocarbon Analyzer

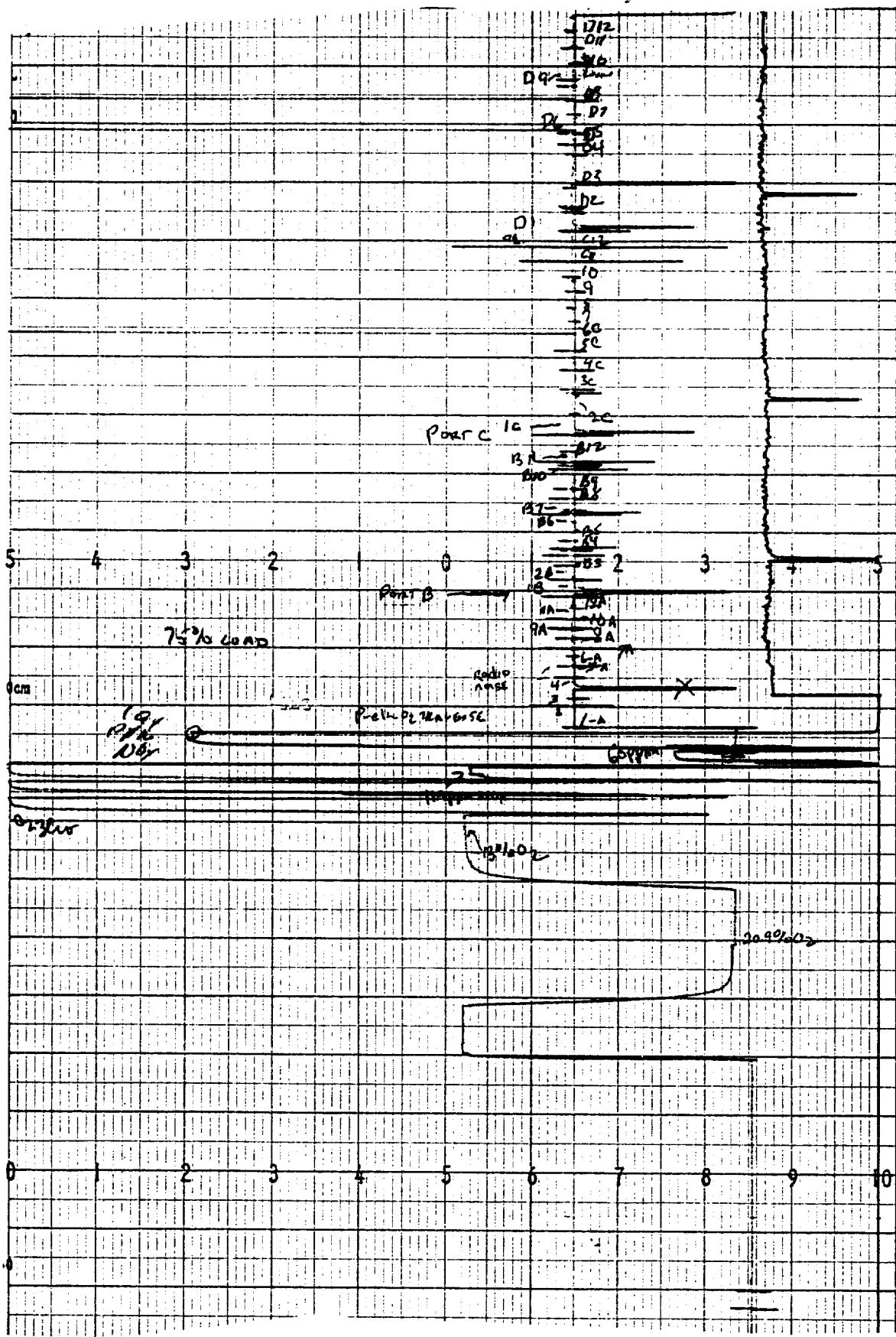




FINAL OIL AND CHLORINE CO.
GE GAS TURBINE
TECO model 10 NOT IN OPERATION
COMBUSTOR EFFICIENCY CHECK

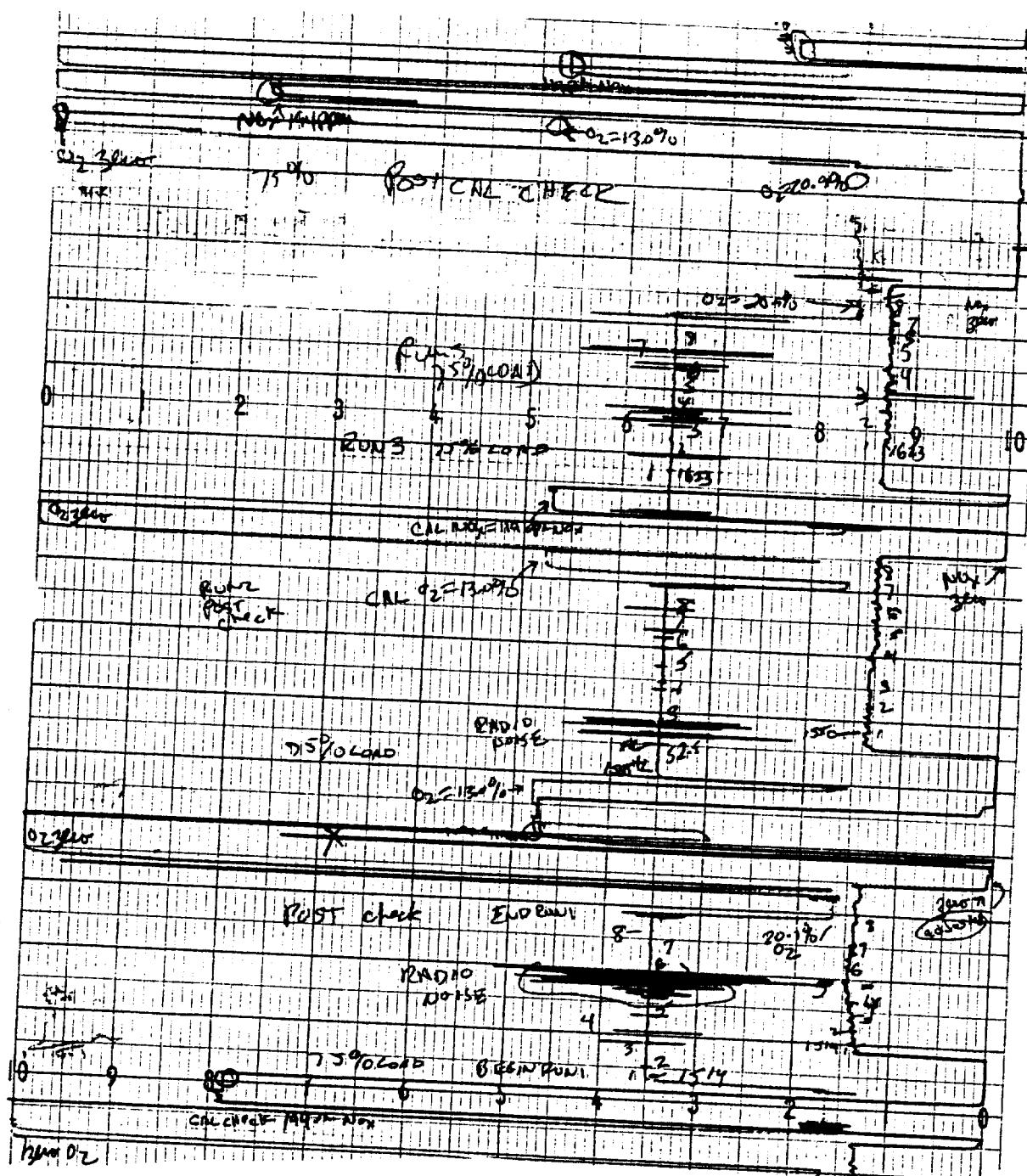


FNUA GAS TURBINE
TECO model 10 and 100瓦
Teleradix On monitor
RESPONSE TIME TESTS
2-7-89



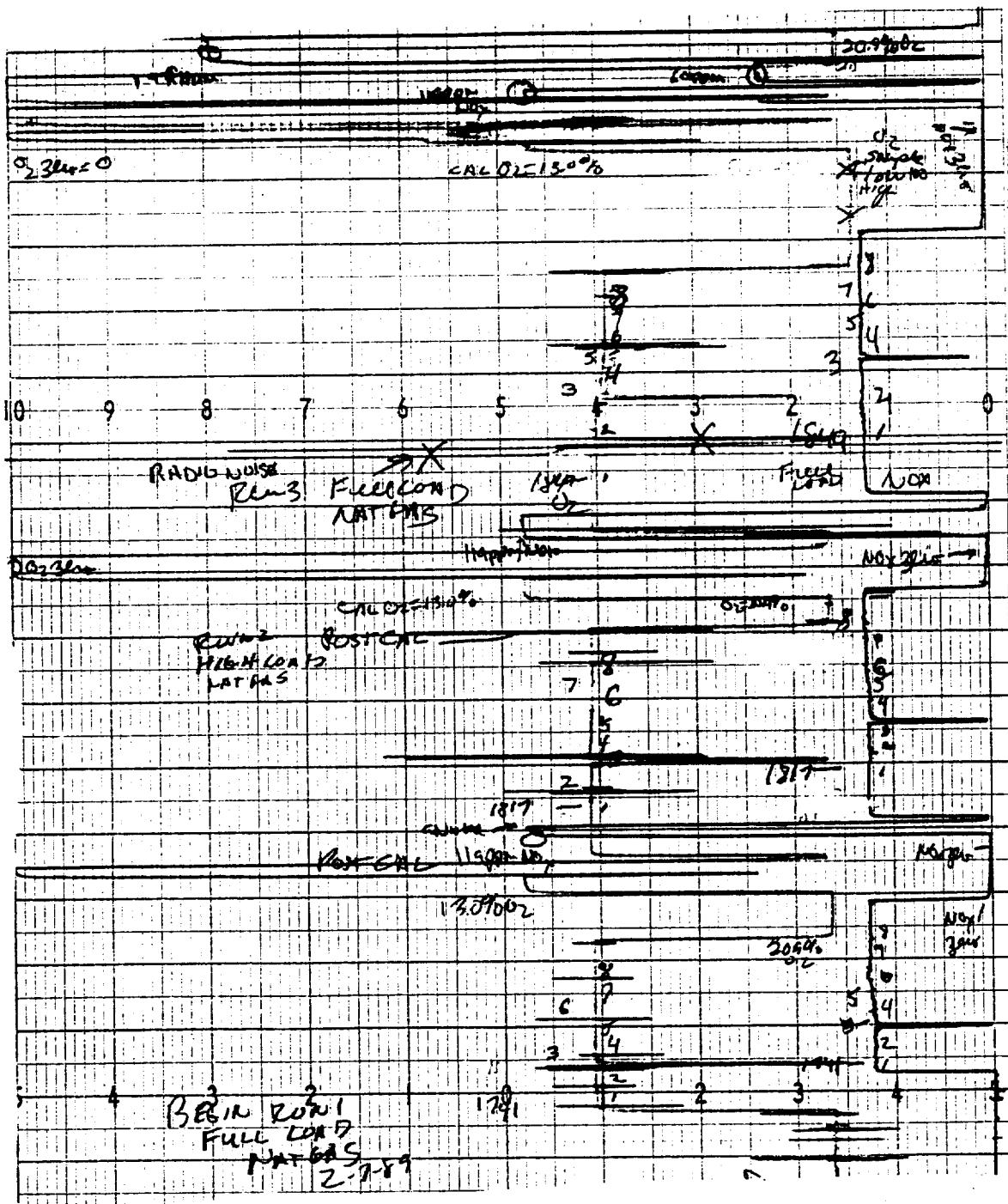
FINAL GE GAS TURBINE
PRE-TEST CALIBRATION FOR 75% LOAD NATURAL GAS TEST
AND PRELIMINARY O₂ TENURESE.

2-7-89



FINAL 60000 GAS TURBINE
 75% LOAD NATURAL GAS FLOWS 1-3
 AND POST - TEST CALCULATIONS
 AND AND NOx AND O2
 207-89

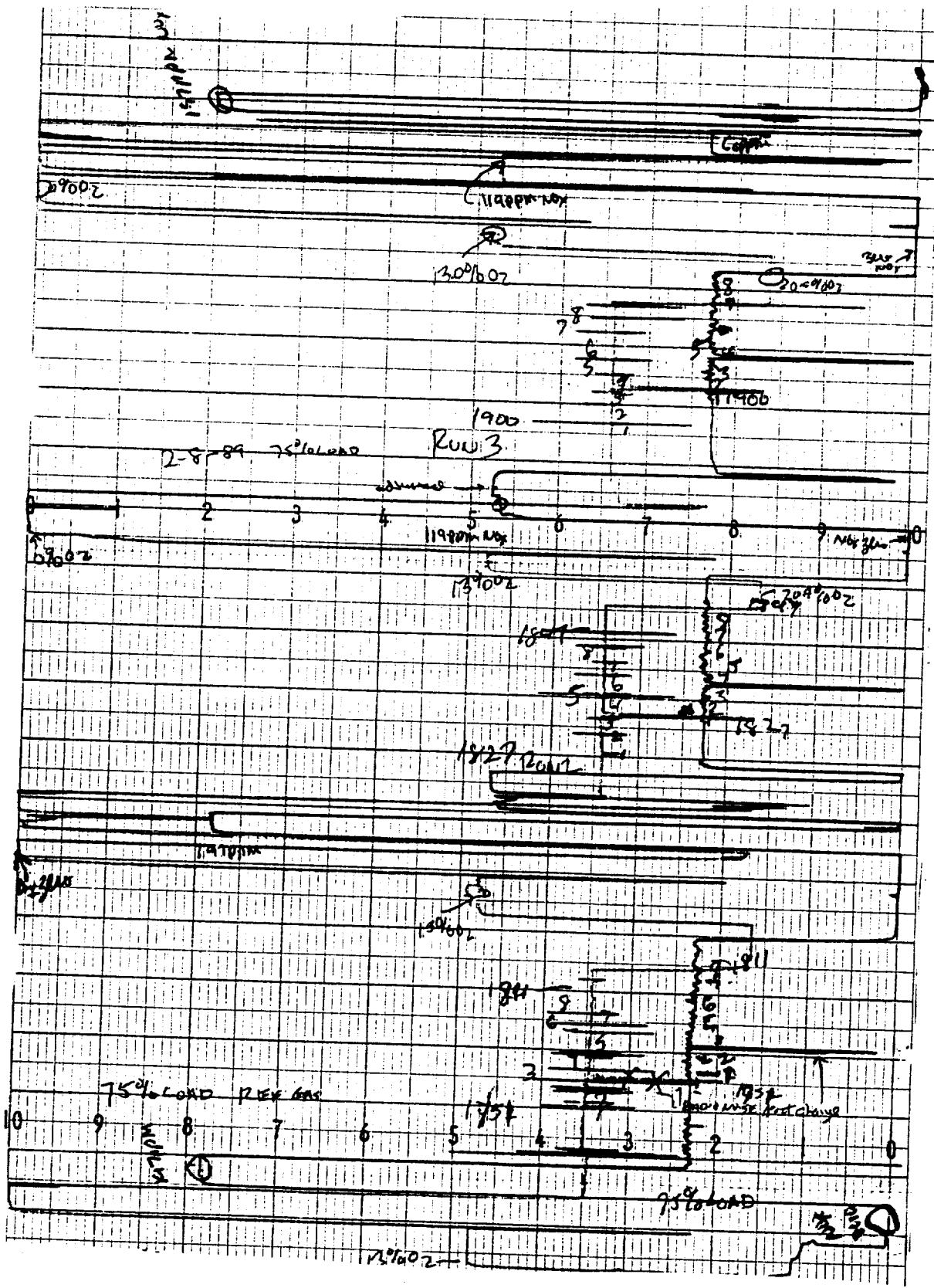
FINN G-E GAS TURBINE RUNS 1-3
 100% LOAD NATURAL GAS RUNS
 AND POST-TEST Calibrations
 NOX AND O₂
 2-7-8-9

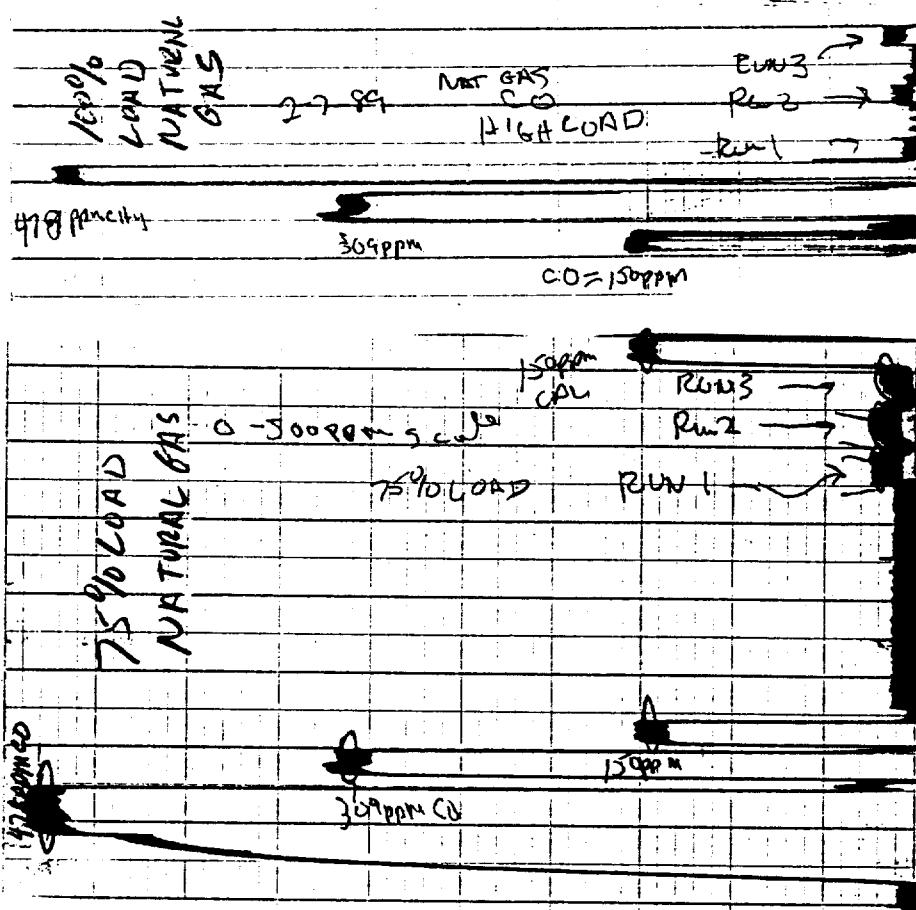


2-8-89

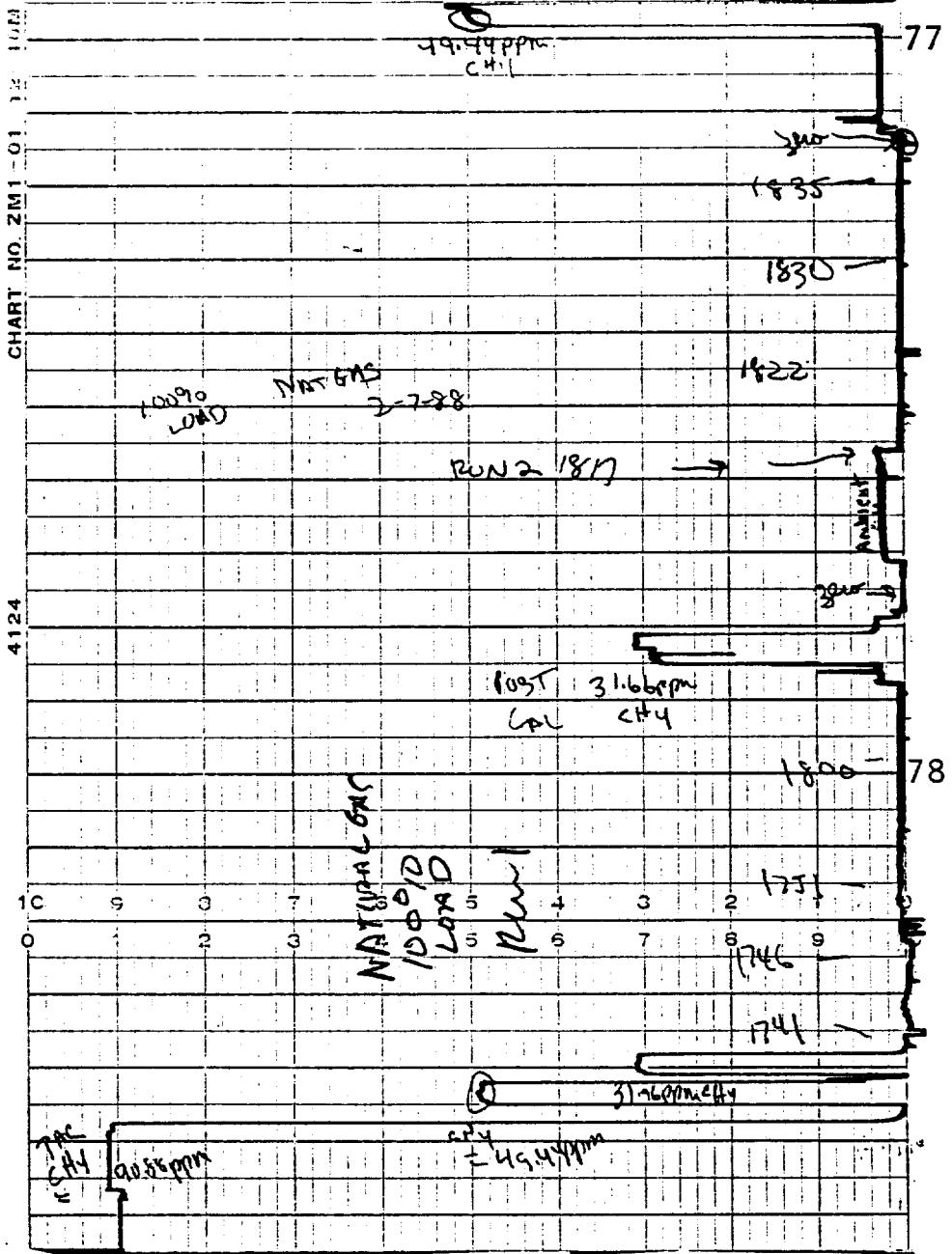
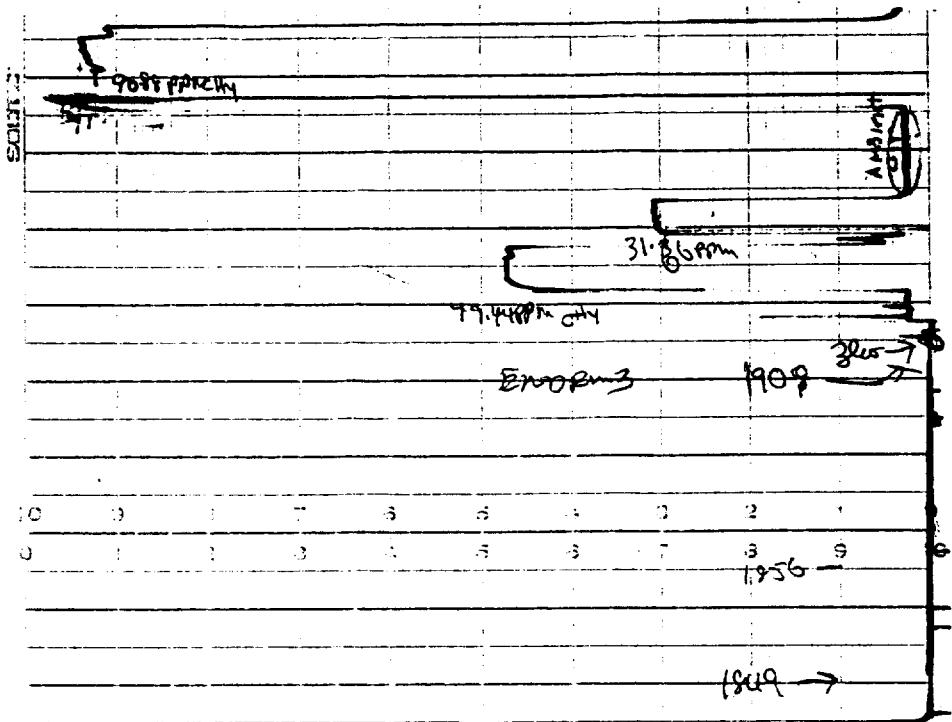
FINAL GEOMETRY TURBINE
75% REFINERY GAS

PUNS 1-3

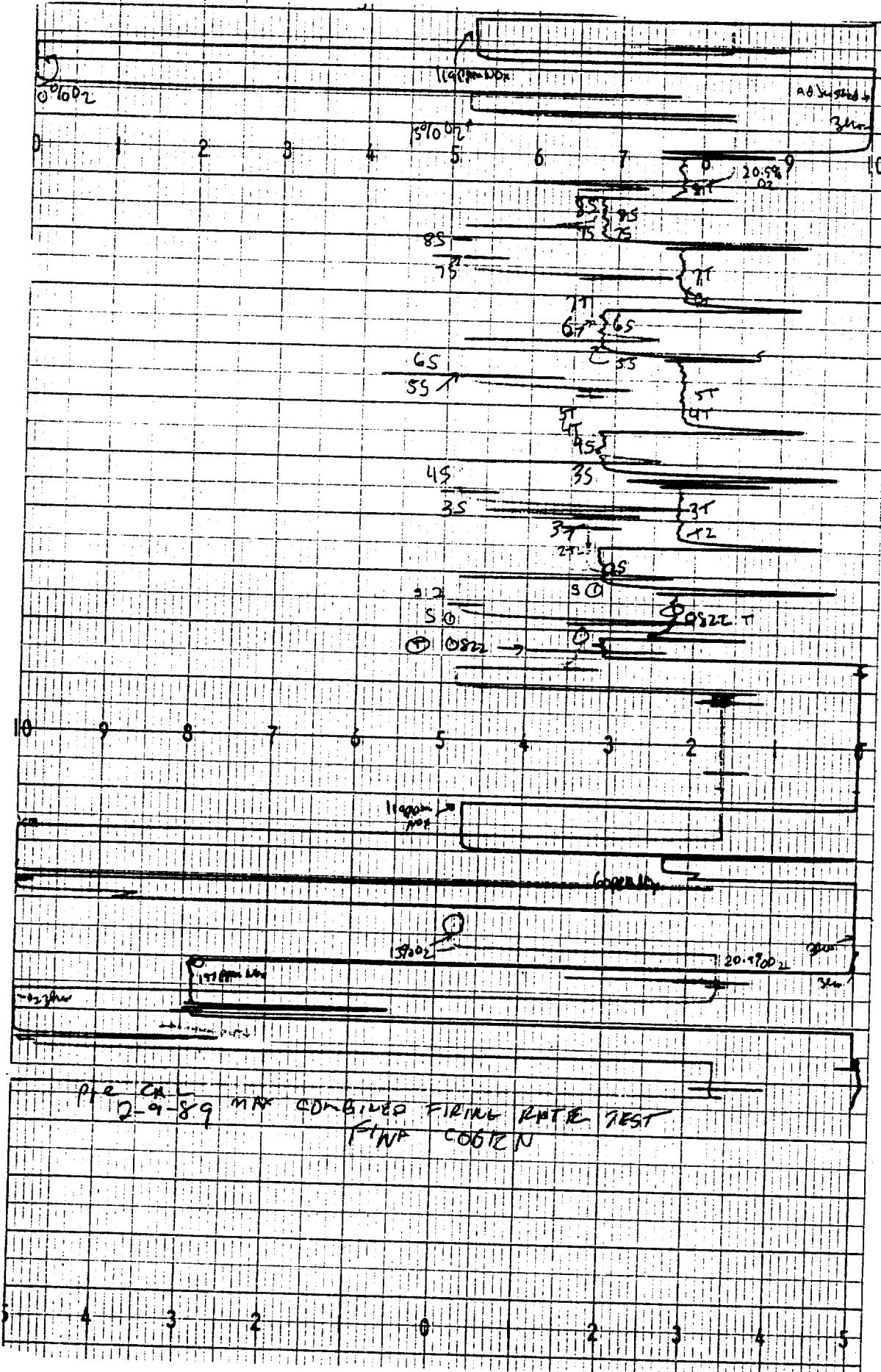




FINA GE GAS TURBINE
 75% LOAD NATURAL GAS
 100% LOAD NATURAL GAS
 Carbon Monoxide RUNS 1 - 3
 AND CALIBRATION DATA



FINA GE GAS TURBINE
100% LOAD NATURAL GAS
TH₃ RUNS 1-3



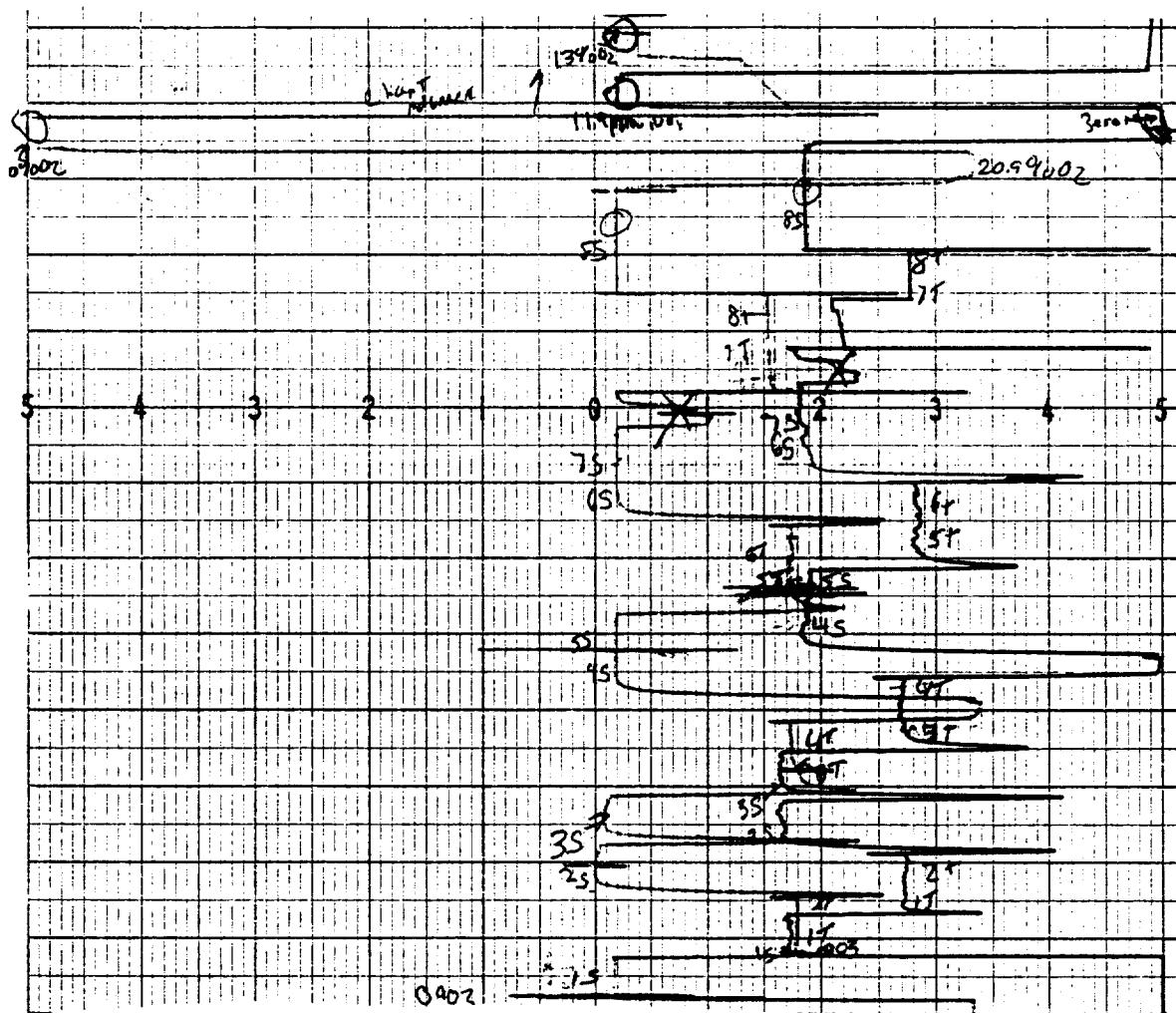
FINAL GAS TURBINE

PRE-CAL AND MAX COMBINED FIRING RATE TESTS

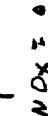
G = STACK (Boiler + Turbine) T = Turbine Location

NOx AND O₂
RUN #11
2-9-89

$\Delta D_1 = 250 \text{ rpm}$ $\theta_2 = 30^\circ$



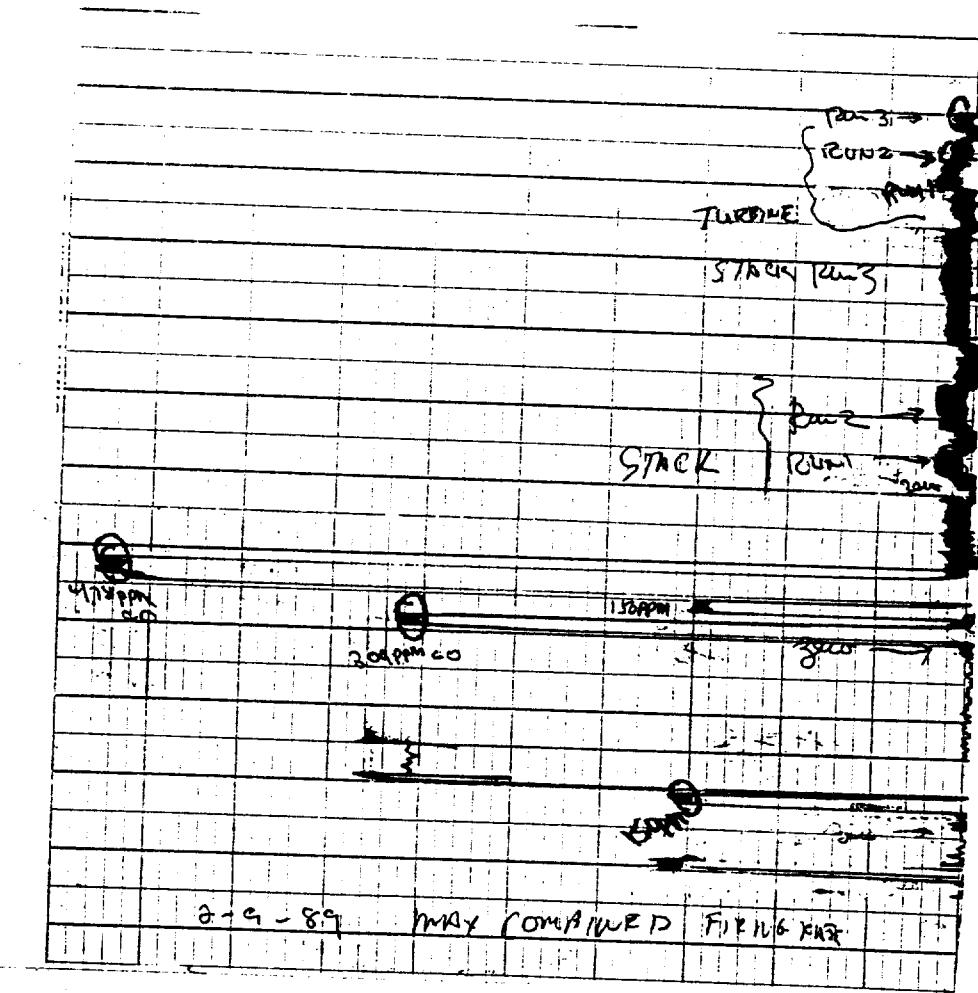
$\Delta D_2 = 25^\circ$ $\theta_2 = 35^\circ$



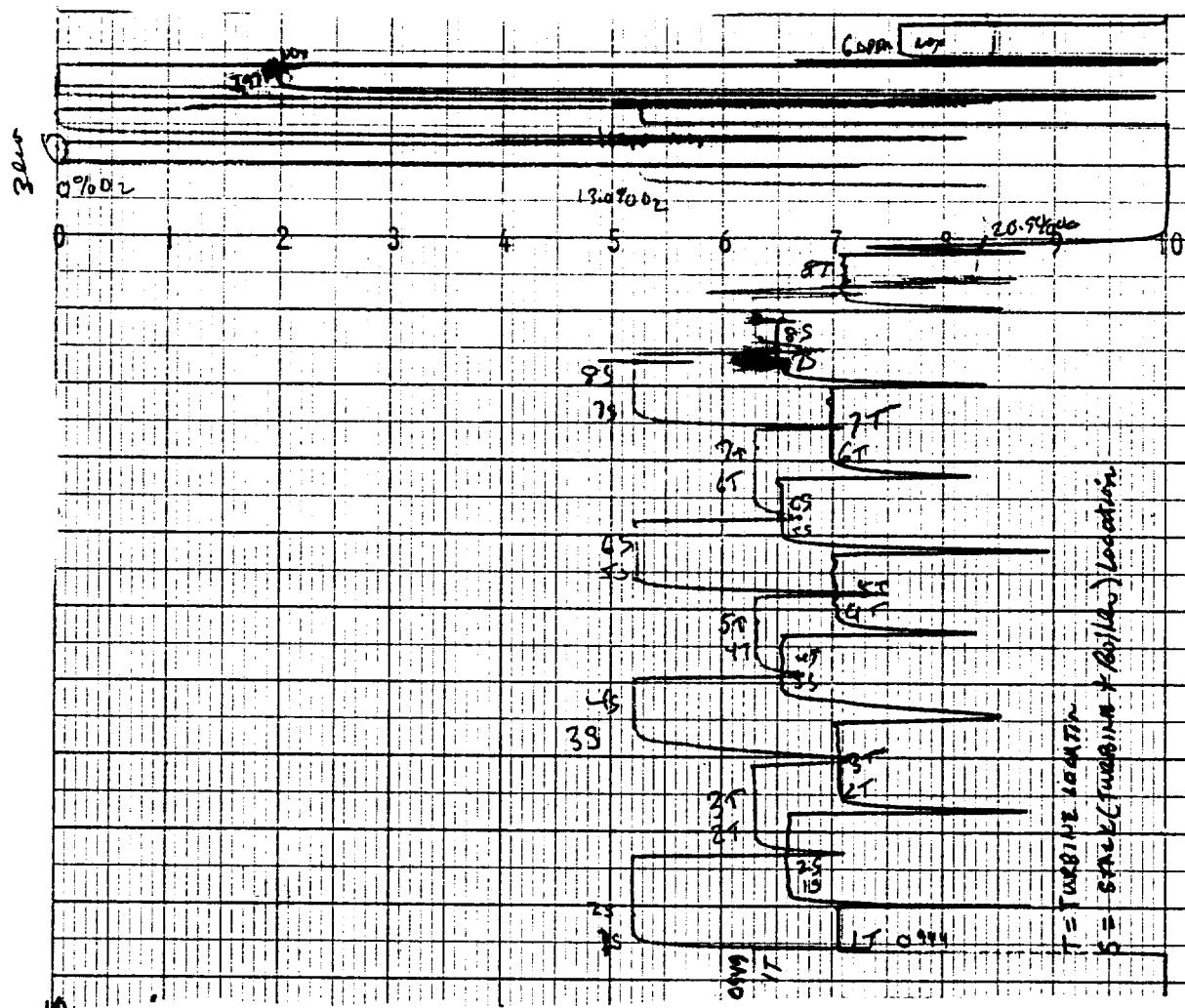
FINAL GE GAS TURBINE
MAX COMBINED FIRING RATE

RUN 2

P_{01} AND P_{02} 2-9-84



FINA GE GAS TURBINE
MAX COMPRESSED FIRING RATE
RUNS 1-3 STACK (TURBINE + Boiler)
RUNS 1-3 Turbine

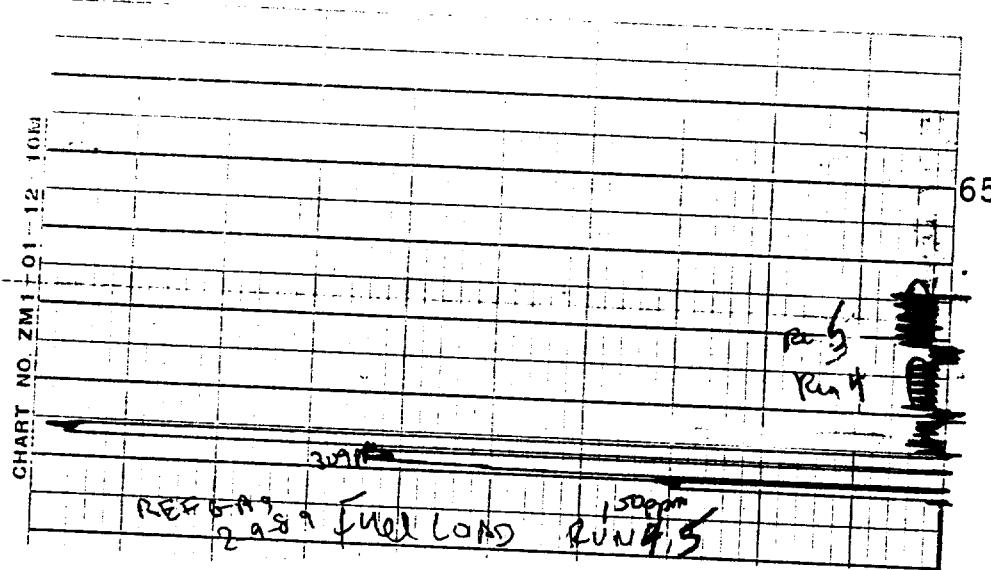


FINAL GE GAS TURBINE

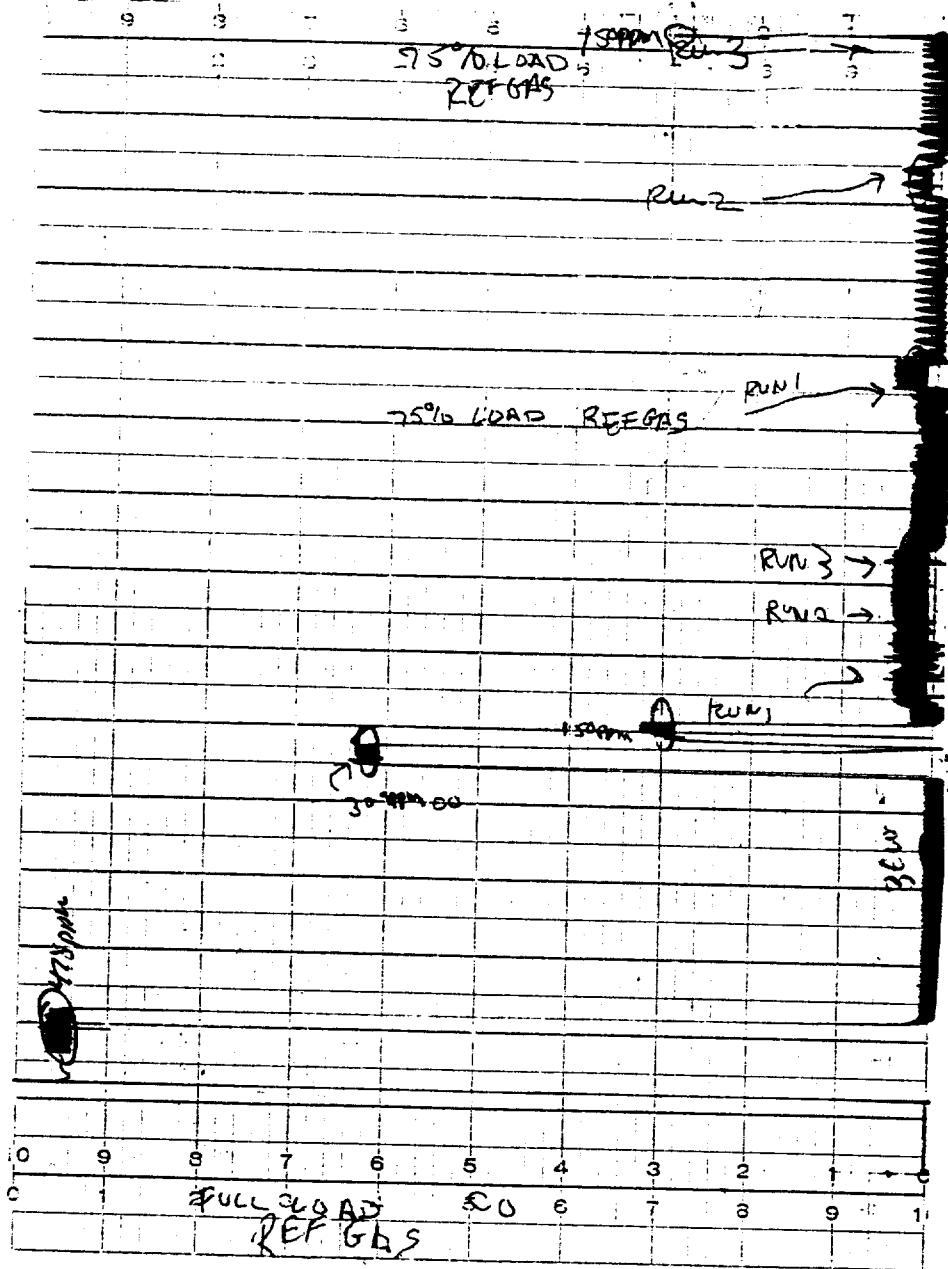
MAX COMBINED FIRING RATE

RUN 3 + Post TEST CALIBRATION
NDK + D2 2-9-89

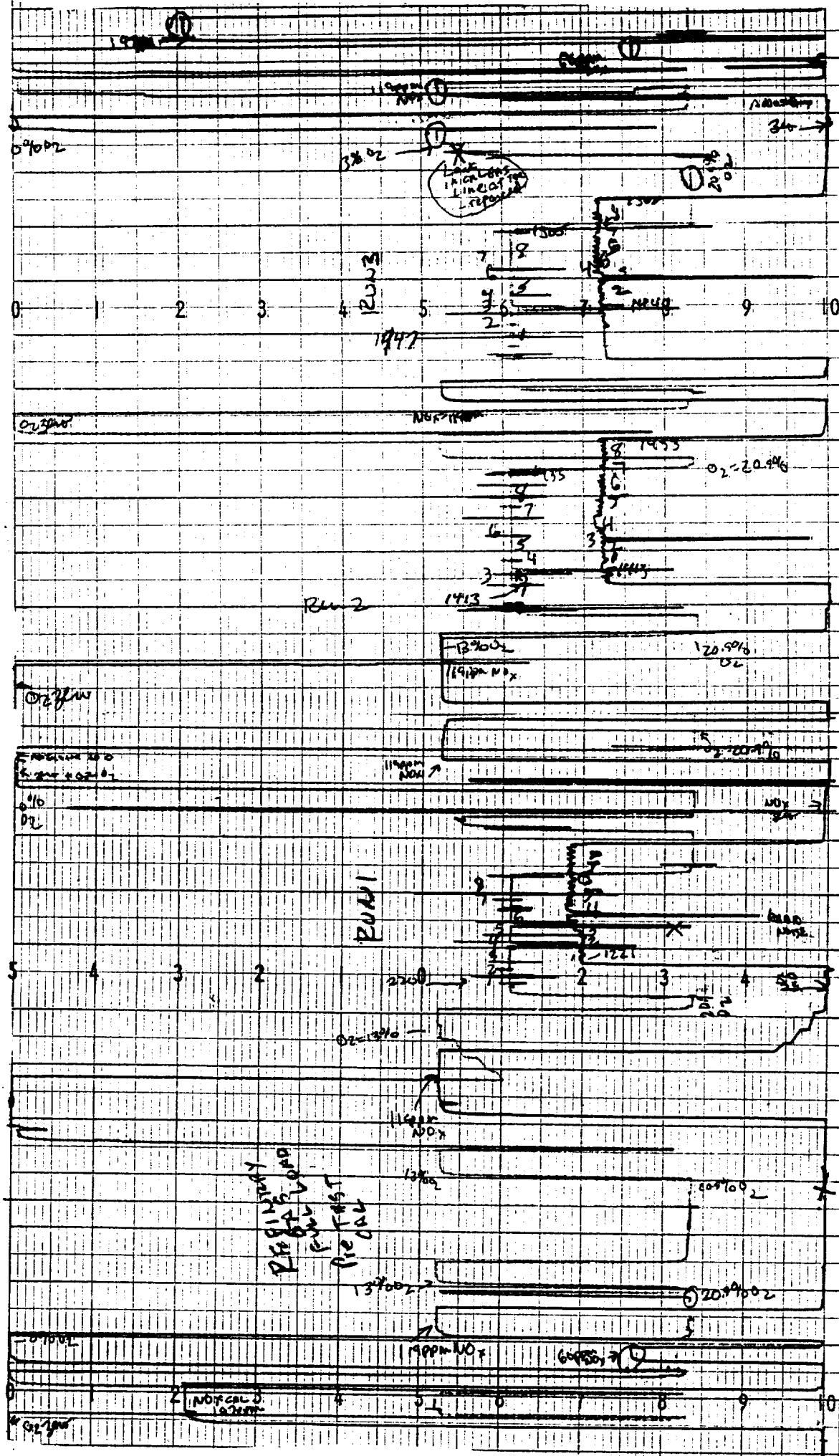
FIGURE 6E GAS TURBINE
100% LOAD REFINERY GAS
RUNS 4 AND 5
NORMAL STREAM INJECTION RATE
2-9-69



FINA & E GAS - TUBE LINE
 100% LOAD REFGAS RUNS 1-3
 75% LOAD REFGAS RUNS 1-5

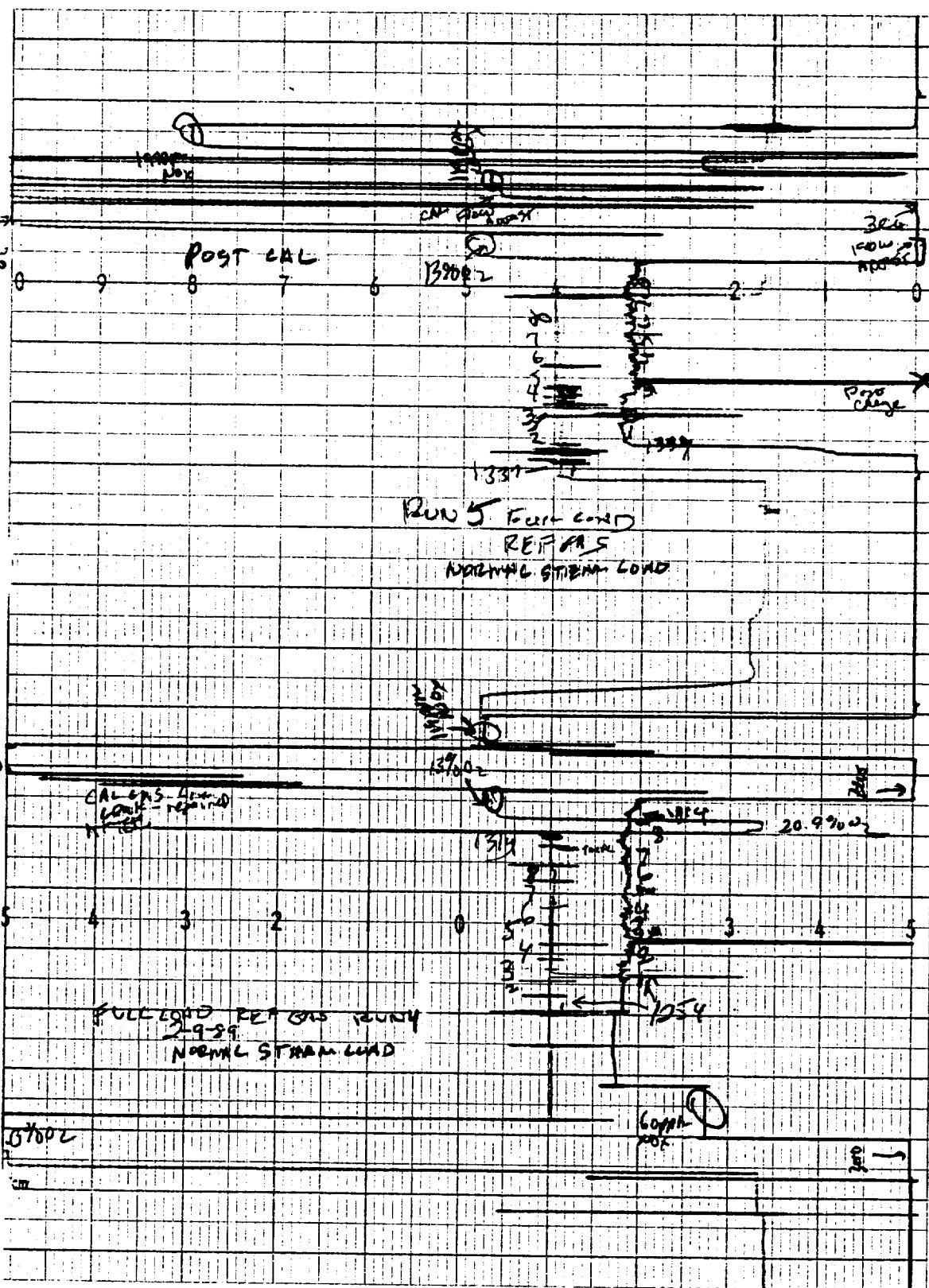


FINIA 6E GAS TURBINE
 100% D LOAD RE FIRING GAS
 BURN 1, NOX STREAM INJECTION RATE
 RUNS 2, 3 INCREASED GEMAN INJECTION RATE
 NOx AND O₂ - 2-8-89



100% LOAD REFLUX DAS
RUNS 4 AND 5 Normal STEAM INJECTION RATE
NOx AND CO₂ 2-9-89

FINAL GE GAS TURBINE



4124

CHART NO. ZM1-01-12-10M

2-8-59

CH4

Field
Lorad
Fig 1297

Run 1

128

END run 1241

1231

73

74

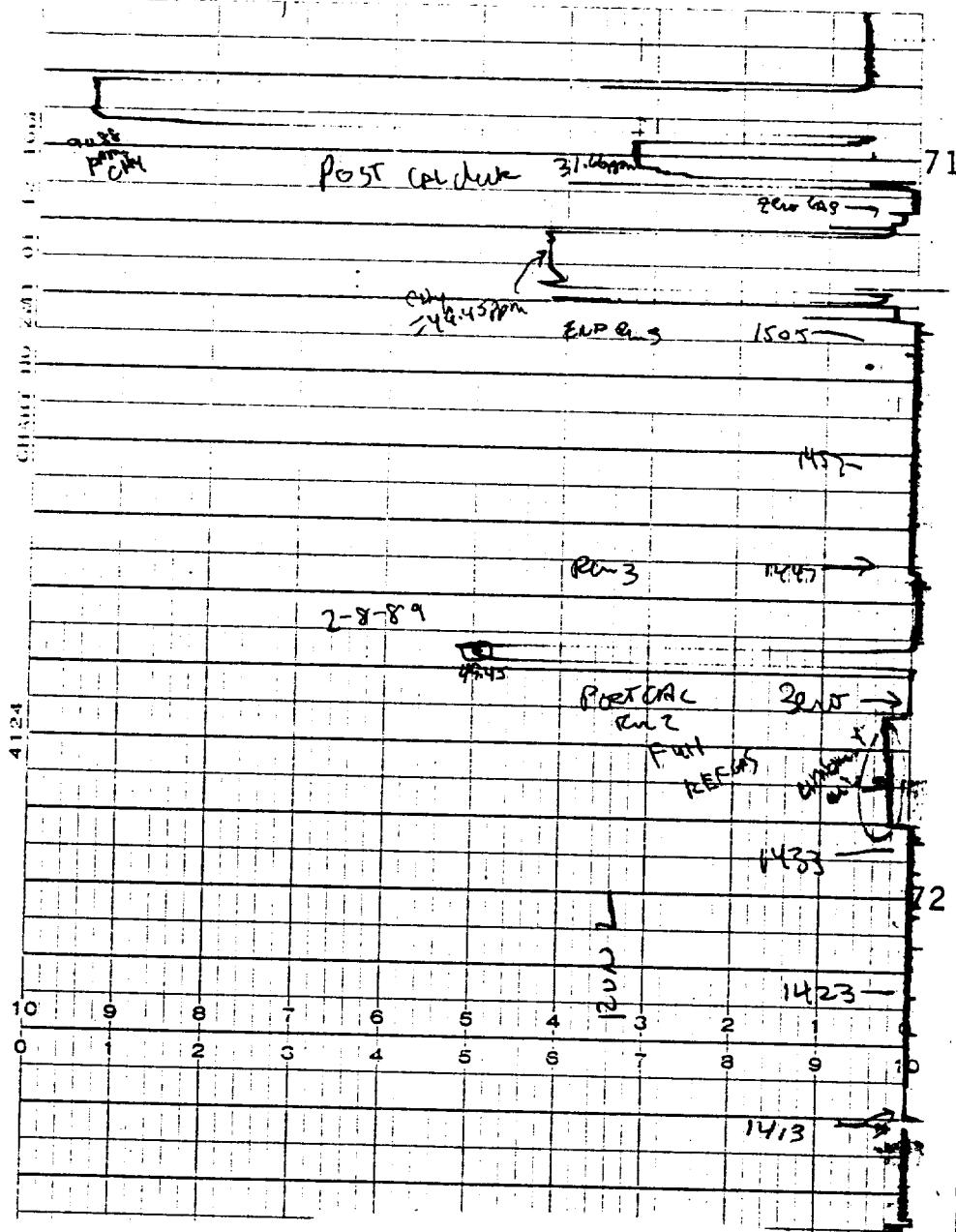
CH4
CNG

715°C 30psi

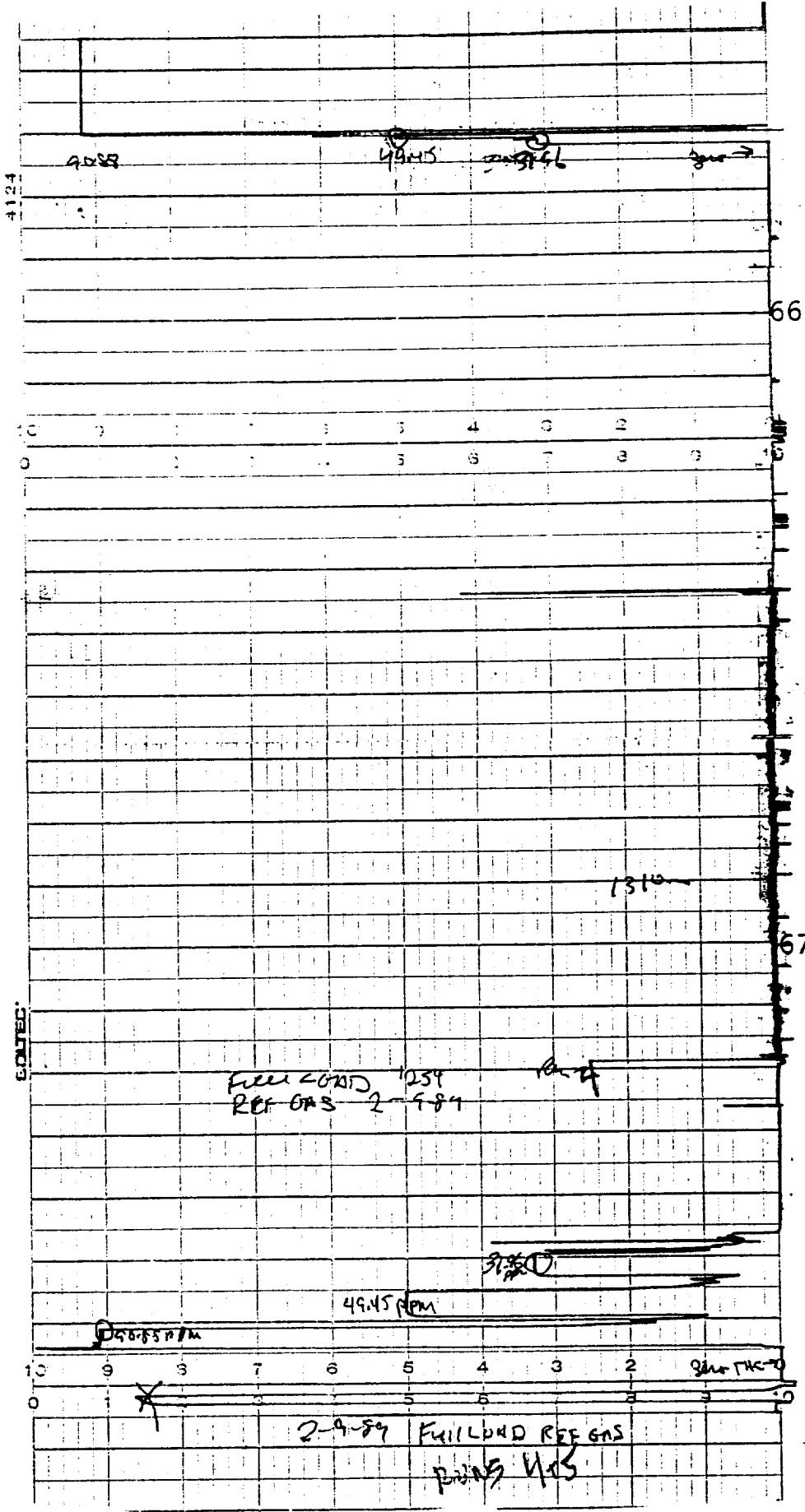
4000
3000
20001000
500
0

394

FINA GTE GAS TURBINE
100% LOAD REFINING GRS
RUN 1 2-8-89

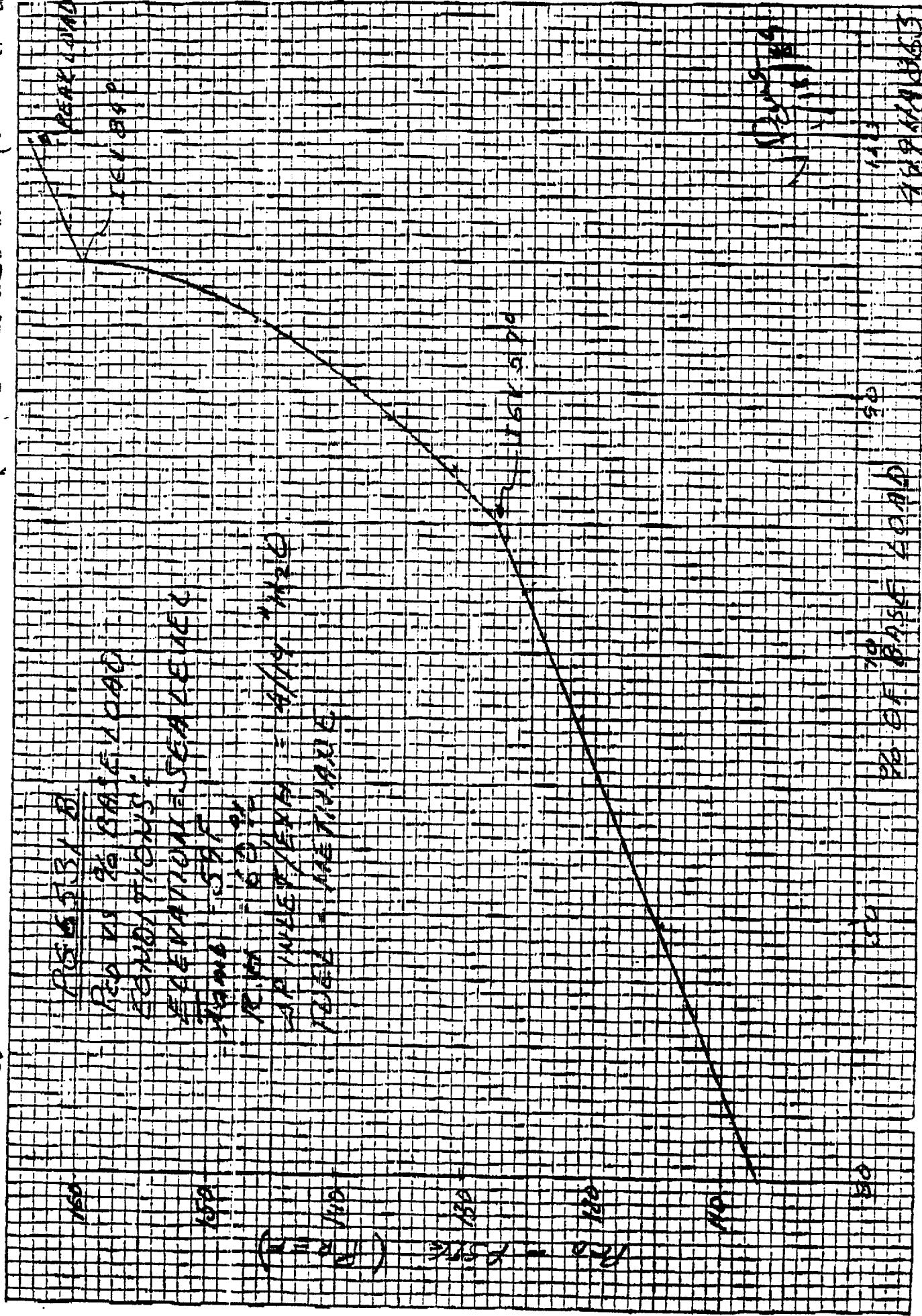


FINAL 6E GAS TURBINE
100% LOAD REFINERY OPS
RUNS 2 AND 3
2-8-89



FINA GTE GAS TURBINE
 100% REFINERY GAS
 BUNS 4 AND 5
 NORMAL STREAM LOAD
 Total Hydrocarbons
 2-9-89

PREF VALUES TO BE USED FOR NO_x ISO CORRECTION (SUSPANT AG)



GE GAS TURBINE COGENERATION FACILITY
EMISSION COMPLIANCE TEST PROGRAM
FINA OIL AND CHEMICAL COMPANY: PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS

APPENDIX C

Test Equipment Calibration Data
and Calibration Gas Certification Sheets

Date of test	<u>2-7-89</u>									
Analyzer type	<u>PATFISCH MODEL 55 THL-SN</u>									
Span gas concentration	<u>90.88 ppm</u> (indicate units)									
Analyzer span setting	<u>100 ppm</u> (indicate units)									
Upscale	<table> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td><u>30</u></td> <td>seconds</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td><u>31</u></td> <td>seconds</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td><u>32</u></td> <td>seconds</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	1	<u>30</u>	seconds	2	<u>31</u>	seconds	3	<u>32</u>	seconds
1	<u>30</u>	seconds								
2	<u>31</u>	seconds								
3	<u>32</u>	seconds								
Average upscale response	<u>31</u> seconds									
Downscale	<table> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td><u>29</u></td> <td>seconds</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td><u>30</u></td> <td>seconds</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td><u>29</u></td> <td>seconds</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	1	<u>29</u>	seconds	2	<u>30</u>	seconds	3	<u>29</u>	seconds
1	<u>29</u>	seconds								
2	<u>30</u>	seconds								
3	<u>29</u>	seconds								
Average downscale response	<u>29.5</u> seconds									
System response time = slower average time =	<u>31</u> seconds									

Source identification:	<u>F1/MA</u>																		
Test personnel:	<u>L.C./HTT / B.P</u>																		
Date:	<u>2-7-89</u>																		
Run number:	<u> </u>																		
Span:	<u> </u>																		
Analyzer calibration response	<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Analyzer System</th> <th>Initial Values</th> <th>Final Values</th> </tr> <tr> <th>calibration</th> <th>System</th> <th>System</th> </tr> <tr> <th>response</th> <th>cal. bias</th> <th>cal. bias</th> </tr> <tr> <th>(% of span)</th> <th>(% of span)</th> <th>(% of span)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Zero gas</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mid range</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Analyzer System	Initial Values	Final Values	calibration	System	System	response	cal. bias	cal. bias	(% of span)	(% of span)	(% of span)	Zero gas			Mid range		
Analyzer System	Initial Values	Final Values																	
calibration	System	System																	
response	cal. bias	cal. bias																	
(% of span)	(% of span)	(% of span)																	
Zero gas																			
Mid range																			
System Calibration Bias = System Cal. Response - Analyzer Cal. Response x 100 Span	<u> </u>																		
Drift = Final System Cal. Response - Initial System Cal. Response x 100 Span	<u> </u>																		

[Appendix A, Method 6C]

Date of test	<u>2-7-89</u>	
Analyzer type	<u>TECO model 10 NMH/OSN</u>	
Span gas concentration	<u>19.7 PPM</u> (indicate units)	
Analyzer span setting	<u>25.0 PPM</u> (indicate units)	
Up scale	1 <u>30</u> seconds	
	2 <u>30</u> seconds	
	3 <u>28</u> seconds	
Average upscale response	<u>29.3</u> seconds	
Down scale	1 <u>28</u> seconds	
	2 <u>25</u> seconds	
	3 <u>30</u> seconds	
Average downscale response	<u>27.7</u> seconds	
System response time = slower average time	<u>29.3</u> seconds	

Source identification: _____

Test personnel: _____

Date: _____

Run number: _____

Span: _____

Initial Values

Analyzer calibration response	System calibration response	Final Values
Zero gas	cal. bias (± of span)	System calibration response
Mid-range	cal. bias (± of span)	Drift (± of span)

System Calibration Bias = System Cal. Response - Analyzer Cal. Response x 100
Span

Drift = Final System Cal. Response - Initial System Cal. Response x 100
Span

Figure 6C-5. Response time.

Figure 6C-6. System calibration bias and drift data.

[Appendix A, Method 6C]

Date of test	<u>2-7-89</u>	
Analyzer type	<u>TELEDYNE O₂</u>	SN <u> </u>
Span gas concentration	<u>20.99%</u>	(indicate units)
Analyzer span setting	<u>25.0 %v</u>	(indicate units)
Upscale	1 <u>35</u> 2 <u>34</u> 3 <u>36</u>	seconds
Average upscale response	<u>35.0</u>	seconds
Downscale	1 <u>38</u> 2 <u>35</u> 3 <u>37</u>	seconds
Average downscale response	<u>36.7</u>	seconds
System response time = slower average time	<u>36.7</u>	seconds

Source identification: _____

Test personnel: _____

Date: _____

Run number: _____

Span: _____

Initial Values

Analyzer calibration response	System calibration response	Final Values
calibration	calibration	System
response	[% of span]	cal. bias
		System
zero gas		cal. bias
mid-range		Drift [% of span]

System Calibration Bias = $\frac{\text{System Cal. Response} - \text{Analyzer Cal. Response}}{\text{Span}} \times 100$

Drift = $\frac{\text{Final System Cal. Response} - \text{Initial System Cal. Response}}{\text{Span}} \times 100$

Figure 6C-5. Response time.

Figure 6C-6. System calibration bias and drift data.

[Appendix A, Method 6C]

ZERO AND CALIBRATION DATA

COMPANY: FIMA
SOURCE: GAS TURBINE 100% LOAD NATURAL GAS

ANALYZER: TECO model 101

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

	Cylinder Value <u>ppm</u>	Pre-Cal Analyzer Response <u>% of span</u>	Post-Cal Analyzer Response <u>ppm</u>	Absolute Difference		Linearity Response (%)			Cal Drift %
				Cylinder Value - Pre Cal Response <u>ppm</u>	Cylinder Value - Post Cal Response <u>ppm</u>	Pre Cal-Post Cal Analyzer Response <u>ppm</u>	Pre Cal Post Cal Cal	Post Cal Cal	
Zero gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low level gas	60	23.3	23.3	58.3	1.7	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mid level gas	119	47.0	47.0	117.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
High level gas	197	78	79.2	198	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.2

¹ Linearity response = $\frac{|\text{cylinder value - pre or post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

² Calibration drift = $\frac{|\text{pre cal - post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

ZERO AND CALIBRATION DATA

COMPANY: FINA
 SOURCE: GAS TURBINE 100% CNG NATURAL GAS
 ANALYZER: TECEDYNE O₂
 TEST DATE: 2-7-89

	Cylinder Value	Pre-Cal Analyzer Response % of Scale	Post-Cal Analyzer Response % of Scale	Absolute Difference		Linearity Response (%)			Cal Drift %
				Cylinder Value - Pre Cal Response	Cylinder Value - Post Cal Response	Pre Cal - Post Cal Analyzer Response	Cal Post Cal	Cal Post Cal	
Zero gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low level gas									
Mid level gas	13.0	52.0	13.0	13.3	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	1.2
High level gas	20.9	82.9	20.7	84.8	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.8	1.6

¹ Linearity response = $\left| \frac{\text{cylinder value} - \text{pre or post cal}}{\text{span value}} \right| \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

² Calibration drift = $\left| \frac{\text{pre cal} - \text{post cal}}{\text{span value}} \right| \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

ZERO AND CALIBRATION DATA

COMPANY: FAIRBANKS

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE 75% CO₂ NATURAL GAS

ANALYZER: TECO MODEL 10 MOX

TEST DATE: 2-7-85

	Cylinder Value	Pre-Cal Analyzer Response % of Scale ρ_{M1}	Post-Cal Analyzer Response % of Scale ρ_{M1}	Absolute Difference		Linearity Response (%)	
				Cylinder Value - Pre Cal Response ρ_{M1}	Cylinder Value - Post Cal Response ρ_{M1}	Pre Cal-Post Cal Analyzer Response ρ_{M1}	Pre Cal Post Cal Response (%)
Zero gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low level gas	60.0	23.3	58.3	58.3	1.7	1.7	0.7
Mid level gas	119.0	47.0	117.5	47.0	1.5	1.5	0.7
High level gas	197.0	78.0	195.0	78.0	2.0	2.0	0.7

¹ Linearity response = $\frac{|\text{cylinder value} - \text{pre or post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

² Calibration drift = $\frac{|\text{pre cal} - \text{post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

ZERO AND CALIBRATION DATA

COMPANY: FANCO

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE 75% CO₂ NATURAL GAS

ANALYZER: TELEZYNE O₂ MONITOR

TEST DATE: 2-7-89

	Cylinder Value	Pre-Cal Analyzer Response % off Scale	Post Cal Analyzer Response % off Scale	Absolute Difference		Linearity Response (%)		Cal Drift %
				Cylinder Value - Pre Cal Response % O ₂	Cylinder Value - Post Cal Response % O ₂	Pre Cal - Post Cal Analyzer Response % O ₂	Post Cal - Post Analyzer Response % O ₂	
Zero gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low level gas								
Mid level gas	13.0	53.0	13.3	52.0	13.0	0.3	0.0	1.2
High level gas	20.9	84.8	21.2	83.0	20.8	0.3	0.1	0.2

¹ Linearity response = $\frac{|\text{cylinder value} - \text{pre or post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

² Calibration drift = $\frac{|\text{pre cal} - \text{post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

ZERO AND CALIBRATION DATA

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE 100% LOAD REFINERY GAS

ANALYZER: Teledyne O₂ monitor

TEST DATE: 2-6-89

	Cylinder Value % O ₂	Pre Cal Analyzer Response ppm scale % O ₂	Post Cal Analyzer Response ppm scale % O ₂	Absolute Difference		Linearity Response (%)			Cal drift %
				Cylinder Value - Pre Cal Response ppm O ₂	Cylinder Value - Post Cal Response ppm O ₂	Pre Cal - Post Cal Analyzer Response ppm O ₂	Cal	Post	
Zero gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low level gas									
Mid level gas	13.0	52.1	13.0	52.0	13.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0
High level gas	20.9	83.6	20.9	83.5	20.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0

¹ Linearity response = $\left| \frac{\text{cylinder value} - \text{pre or post cal}}{\text{span value}} \right| \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

² Calibration drift = $\left| \frac{\text{pre cal} - \text{post cal}}{\text{span value}} \right| \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

ZERO AND CALIBRATION DATA

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TOWER/NU 100% LOAD REFINERY GAS

ANALYZER: TECO model 10 NOX

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

	Cylinder Value PPM	Pre-Cal Analyzer Response % of F scale	Post-Cal Analyzer Response % of F scale	Absolute Difference		Linearity Response (%)		
				Cylinder Value - Pre Cal Response ρ_{NOX}	Cylinder Value - Post Cal Response ρ_{NOX}	Pre Cal - Post Cal Analyzer Response ρ_{NOX}^1	Post Cal - Post Cal Analyzer Response ρ_{NOX}^2	Cal Drift %
Zero gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.25	0.25	0.1
Low level gas	60.0	23.8	59.5	34.0	60.0	0.5	0.0	0.2
Mid level gas	119.0	47.8	119.5	48.0	120.0	0.5	1.0	0.2
High level gas	147.0	74.8	147.0	74.1	147.8	0.0	0.8	0.3

1 Linearity response = $\frac{|\text{cylinder value} - \text{pre or post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

2 Calibration drift = $\frac{|\text{pre cal} - \text{post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

ZERO AND CALIBRATION DATA

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE 100% END REFINERY GAS

ANALYZER: PATFISER MODEL 55 INC

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

Cylinder Value	Pre-Cal Analyzer Response % of Scale	Post-Cal Analyzer Response ppm	Absolute Difference		Linearity Response (%)	Cal Drift %
			Cylinder Value - Pre Cal ppm	Cylinder Value - Post Cal ppm		
Zero gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low level gas	31.96	31.0	31.0	32.1	0.96	0.14
Mid level gas	49.45	49.5	49.5	52.0	0.05	2.55
High level gas	90.88	91.0	91.0	93.7	0.12	2.82
					2.7	2.7
					0.12	2.62

¹ Linearity response = $\left| \frac{\text{cylinder value} - \text{pre or post cal}}{\text{span value}} \right| \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

² Calibration drift = $\left| \frac{\text{pre cal} - \text{post cal}}{\text{span value}} \right| \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

ZERO AND CALIBRATION DATA

COMPANY: FINA

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE 75% LOAD REFINERY GAS

ANALYZER: TECO MODEL 10 NDX

TEST DATE: 2-8-84

Cylinder Value PPM	Pre Cal Analyzer Response % OF Scale	Post Cal Analyzer Response % OF Scale	Absolute Difference		Linearity Response (%)	Cal Drift %
			Cylinder Value - Pre Cal PPM	Cylinder Value - Post Cal PPM		
Zero gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low level gas	60.0	23.0	37.5	23.5	2.5	2.2
Mid level gas	119.0	47.0	117.5	47.3	1.5	1.7
High level gas	197.0	76.3	195.8	80.0	1.2	3.0

¹ Linearity response = $\frac{|\text{cylinder value} - \text{pre or post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

² Calibration drift = $\frac{|\text{pre cal} - \text{post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

ZERO AND CALIBRATION DATA

COMPANY: FIMM

SOURCE: GAS TURBINE 25% LOAD REFINERY O₂

ANALYZER: Teledyne O₂

TEST DATE: 2-8-89

	Cylinder Value %O ₂	Pre Cal Analyzer Response %OF Scale	Post Cal Analyzer Response %OF Scale	Absolute Difference		Linearity Response (%)	Cal Drift %
				Cylinder Value - Pre Cal %O ₂	Cylinder Value - Post Cal %O ₂		
Zero gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low level gas					0.0	0.0	0.0
Mid level gas	13.0	13.0	13.2	13.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
High level gas	20.9	20.9	20.5	20.9	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹ Linearity response = $\frac{|\text{cylinder value} - \text{pre or post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

² Calibration drift = $\frac{|\text{pre cal} - \text{post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

ZERO AND CALIBRATION DATA

COMPANY: FIMA

SOURCE: MAX CONSUMO FIREND SRL

ANALYZER: TECO Model 10 NOX

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

	Cylinder Value PPM	Pre-Cal Analyzer Response %OF Scale	Post-Cal Analyzer Response %OF Scale	Absolute Difference		Linearity Response (%)	Cal Drift %
				Cylinder Value - Pre Cal PPM	Cylinder Value - Post Cal PPM		
Zero gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low level gas	60.0	23.2	58.0	24.0	6.0	2.0	0.8
Mid level gas	119.0	47.2	118.0	47.5	1.8	1.0	0.8
High level gas	197.0	76.8	197.0	80.1	200.3	0.0	0.3

¹ Linearity response = $\frac{|\text{cylinder value} - \text{pre or post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

² Calibration drift = $\frac{|\text{pre cal} - \text{post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

ZERO AND CALIBRATION DATA

COMPANY: Firma

SOURCE: MAX COMMAND FIRING RATE

ANALYZER: TELESCYNE OZ MONITOR

TEST DATE: 2-9-89

	Cylinder Value	Pre Cal Analyzer Response %O ₂	Post Cal Analyzer Response %O ₂	Absolute Difference		Linearity Response (%)	Cal Drift %
				Cylinder Value - Pre Cal %O ₂	Cylinder Value - Post Cal %O ₂		
Zero gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	+0.2	-0.05	0.0	0.0
Low level gas						0.05	0.05
Mid level gas	13.0	52.1	13.0	52.5	13.1	0.0	0.1
High level gas	20.9	83.6	20.9	83.7	20.9	0.0	0.0

¹ Linearity response = $\frac{|\text{cylinder value} - \text{pre or post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

² Calibration drift = $\frac{|\text{pre cal} - \text{post cal}|}{\text{span value}} \times 100$ should be $\leq 2\%$

If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_d .

0.5	0.0368	$\frac{V_w P_b (t_d + 460)}{0.0317 \Delta H} \left[\frac{\Delta H}{(t_w + 460)} \right]^2$	$\frac{\Delta H}{\Delta H_e} Y_i = \frac{V_d (P_b + \frac{13.6}{\Delta H}) (t_w + 460)}{P_b (t_d + 460)} \left[\frac{V_w}{V_d} \right]$	1.0	0.0737	1.5	0.110	2.0	0.147	3.0	0.221	4.0	0.294
-----	--------	---	--	-----	--------	-----	-------	-----	-------	-----	-------	-----	-------

Orifice manometer settin gs in. H ₂ O	Wet test meter (V _w), ft ³	Dry gas meter (V _d), ft ³	Wet test dry gas meter (t _w), °F	Wet test dry gas meter (t _d), °F	Inlet outlet AVG °F	Time min	Y_i	ΔH_e in. H ₂ O	Temperatures																																							
									Gas volume																																							
									Dry gas meter test	Wet gas meter test	Dry gas meter test	Wet test dry gas meter (t _w), °F	Inlet outlet AVG °F																																			
0.5	5	4987	70	81	72	76.5	16.0	1.014	1.0	5.026	70	84	75	79.5	10.3	1.010	1.5	10.126	70	88	77	82.5	16.6	1.007	2.0	10.164	71	93	75	85.5	13.3	1.006	3.0	10.172	71	96	78	87.0	11.5	1.005	4.0	10.128	71	98	75	88.5	9.7	1.012
0.5	5	4987	70	81	72	76.5	16.0	1.014	1.0	5.026	70	84	75	79.5	10.3	1.010	1.5	10.126	70	88	77	82.5	16.6	1.007	2.0	10.164	71	93	75	85.5	13.3	1.006	3.0	10.172	71	96	78	87.0	11.5	1.005	4.0	10.128	71	98	75	88.5	9.7	1.012
0.5	5	4987	70	81	72	76.5	16.0	1.014	1.0	5.026	70	84	75	79.5	10.3	1.010	1.5	10.126	70	88	77	82.5	16.6	1.007	2.0	10.164	71	93	75	85.5	13.3	1.006	3.0	10.172	71	96	78	87.0	11.5	1.005	4.0	10.128	71	98	75	88.5	9.7	1.012
0.5	5	4987	70	81	72	76.5	16.0	1.014	1.0	5.026	70	84	75	79.5	10.3	1.010	1.5	10.126	70	88	77	82.5	16.6	1.007	2.0	10.164	71	93	75	85.5	13.3	1.006	3.0	10.172	71	96	78	87.0	11.5	1.005	4.0	10.128	71	98	75	88.5	9.7	1.012

Barometric pressure, $P_b = 25.67$ in. Hg Calibrated by LC

Meter box number 597 Date 1-4-69

(English units)

POSTTEST DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION DATA FORM (English units)

Test numbers M5-200-2025 Second test Date 2-7-22-9

Meter box number 592

Plant FIRNA

Barometric pressure, $P_b = 29.65$ in. Hg Dry gas meter number 592 Pretest Y 1.009

Orifice manometer setting, (ΔH) , in. H_2O	Gas volume		Temperature			Time (θ), min	Vacuum setting, in. Hg	y_i
	Wet test meter (V_w), ft ³	Dry gas meter (V_d), ft ³	Inlet (t_d^i), °F	Outlet (t_d^o), °F	Average (t_d^a), °F			
5.5	10.000	9.901	71	77	72	74.5	5	1.003
5.5	10.000	9.915	71	81	73	77.0	.5	1.006
5.5	10.000	9.947	71	83	73	78.0	5	1.005

$$Y = 1.005$$

a If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_d .

V_w = Gas volume passing through the wet test meter, ft³.

V_d = Gas volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft³.

t_w = Temperature of the gas in the wet test meter, °F.

t_d^i = Temperature of the inlet gas of the dry gas meter, °F.

t_d^o = Temperature of the outlet gas of the dry gas meter, °F.

t_d = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, obtained by the average of t_d^i and t_d^o , °F.
 ΔH = Pressure differential across orifice, in H_2O .

y_i = Ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for each run.

y = Average ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for all three runs;

tolerance = pretest $y \pm 0.05Y$

P_b = Barometric pressure, in. Hg.

θ = Time of calibration run, min.

Quality Assurance Handbook M5-2.5

b [ref temp, °F + 460] - [test thermom temp, °F + 460] 100 ≤ 1.5%
 a Type of calibration system used.

Reference	Source ^a (Specify number)	Reference thermometer, °F	Thermocouple temperature, °F	Reference thermometer, °F	Water bath	Bath	2
0.41	35	215	210	215	water	bath	
0.75							

Calibrator 46 Reference: mercury-in-glass
 Ambient temperature 71 °F Barometric pressure in. Hg
 Thermocouple number 597 Date 1-19-89

If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_D .

4.0	0.294
3.0	0.221
2.0	0.147
1.5	0.110
1.0	0.0737
0.5	0.0368
AH _i	$Y_i = \frac{AH_i}{13.6} = \frac{V_w P_b (t_d + 460)}{0.0317 AH} \cdot \left[\frac{t_w}{(t_w + 460)} \theta \left[\frac{A_d (P_b + \frac{AH}{13.6}) (t_w + 460)}{V_w} \right] \right]$

Office	Manometer setting (AH), in. H ₂ O	Gas volume		Temperatures				Time min	AHE in. H ₂ O
		Wet test Dry gas meter	Wet test Dry gas meter	Inlet (t _w), (t _d) ^o	Outlet (t _d), (t _d) ^o	Avg °F	°F		
0.5		5.022	68.3	76.3	70.1	73.2			.0026
1.0		5.033	68.3	78.5	71.9	75.2			.0030
1.5		10.115	68.3	84.5	73.5	79.0			.0040
2.0		10.146	68.3	87.6	75.5	81.6			.0045
3.0		10.153	68.3	90.0	77.0	83.5			.0049
4.0		10.065	68.3	94.4	80.1	87.3			.0049
							Avg		.0040

Barometric pressure, $P_0 = 29.85$ in. Hg Calibrated by

2390 Meter box number

Date 10-6-88

(English units)

POSTTEST DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION DATA FORM (English units) 2-15-89

Test numbers 1-3 Date 2/9/89 Meter box number 2390 Plant FIRN

Barometric pressure, $P_b = 29.45$ in. Hg Dry gas meter number _____

Pretest Y 1.004

Orifice manometer setting, (ΔH) , in. H_2O	Gas volume		Temperature				Time (θ), min	Vacuum setting, in. Hg	y_i
	Wet test meter (V_w), ft 3	Dry gas meter (V_d), ft 3	Wet test meter (t_w), °F	Inlet (t_d), °F	Outlet (t_d), °F	Average (t_d), °F			
2.0	10,000	10.043	71	82	72	77.0		4	1.002
2.0	10,000	10.147	71	87	75	81.0		4	0.999
2.0	10,000	10.245	71	92	77	84.5		4	0.996
							Y =	0.999	

a If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_d .

V_w = Gas volume passing through the wet test meter, ft 3 .

V_d = Gas volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft 3 .

t_w = Temperature of the gas in the wet test meter, °F.

t_{d_i} = Temperature of the inlet gas of the dry gas meter, °F.

t_{d_o} = Temperature of the outlet gas of the dry gas meter, °F.

t_d = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, obtained by the average of t_{d_i} and t_{d_o} , °F.
 ΔH = Pressure differential across orifice, in H_2O .

y_i = Ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for each run.

y = Average ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for all three runs;
tolerance = pretest $y \pm 0.05Y$

P_b = Barometric pressure, in. Hg.

θ = Time of calibration run, min.

METER

STACK TEMPERATURE SENSOR CALIBRATION DATA FORM

Date 4/19/89 Thermocouple number 2390

Ambient temperature 71 °F Barometric pressure _____ in. Hg

Calibrator L6 Reference: mercury-in-glass other _____

Reference point number	Source ^a (specify)	Reference thermometer temperature, °F	Thermocouple potentiometer temperature, °F	Temperature difference, %
1	ICE WATER	33	36	0.61
2	Boiling WATER	210	214	0.60

^aType of calibration system used.

^b
$$\left[\frac{(\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{F} + 460) - (\text{test thermom temp, } ^\circ\text{F} + 460)}{\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{F} + 460} \right] \text{100} \leq 1.5\%.$$

PITOT TUBE INSPECTION DATA SHEET

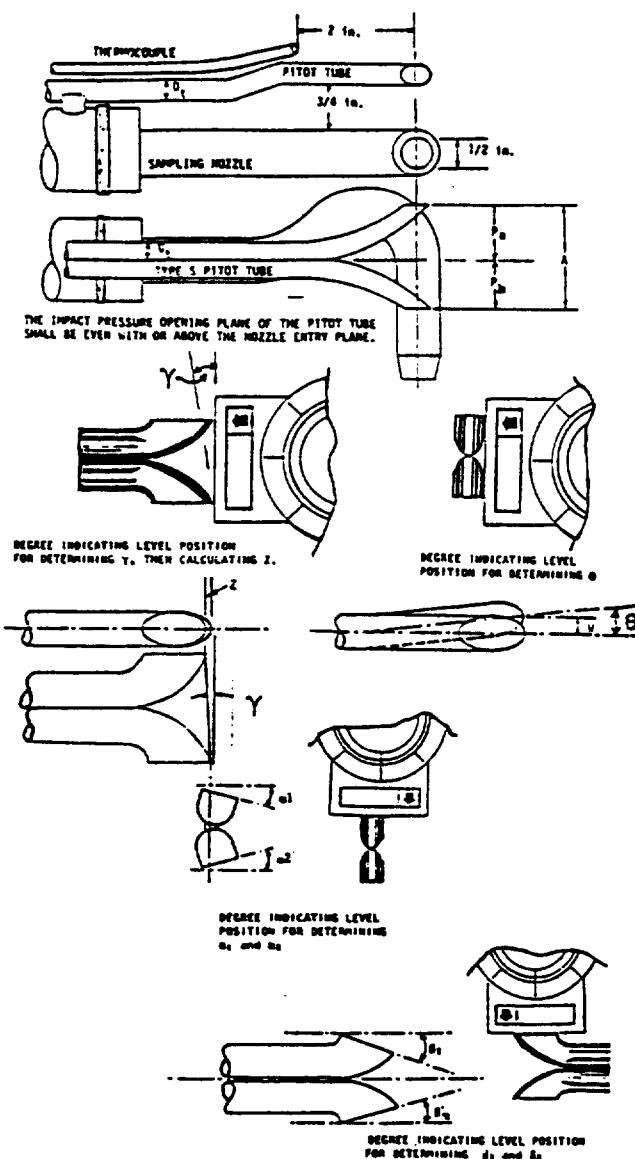
Company Name: FINA

Pre-sample

Date 2-6-89

Post Sample

Date 2-9-89



<u>Y</u>	level?	<u>Y</u>
<u>N</u>	obstructions?	<u>N</u>
<u>N</u>	damaged?	<u>N</u>
<u>O</u>	$-10^\circ < \alpha_1 < +10^\circ$	<u>O</u>
<u>O</u>	$-10^\circ < \alpha_2 < +10^\circ$	<u>O</u>
<u>2</u>	$-5^\circ < \beta_1 < +5^\circ$	<u>2</u>
<u>1</u>	$-5^\circ < \beta_2 < +5^\circ$	<u>1</u>
<u>O</u>	γ	<u>O</u>
<u>O</u>	θ	<u>O</u>
<u>1.11</u>	A	<u>1.11</u>
<u>0.55</u>	$1.05 D_t < P_a < 1.5 D_t$	<u>0.55</u>
<u>0.56</u>	$1.05 D_t < P_b < 1.5 D_t$	<u>0.53</u>
<u>3/8</u>	$3/16'' \leq D_t \leq 3/8''$	<u>3/8</u>
<u>O</u>	$A \tan \gamma < 0.125''$	<u>O</u>
<u>O</u>	$A \tan \theta < 0.03125''$	<u>O</u>
<u>✓</u>	$P_a = P_b \pm 0.063''$	<u>✓</u>

Comments: _____

Pitot tube/probe number P8A meets or exceeds all specifications criteria and/or applicable design features* and is hereby assigned a pitot tube calibration factor of 0.84.

Signature Jay Webster

Date 2-9-89

*See 40 CFR 60, Vol. 42, No. 160, Method 2. Verify the minimum 2 inch setback of the thermocouple and the minimum 3/4 inch separation between the pitot tube and the nozzle as shown at the top of this page.

STACK TEMPERATURE SENSOR CALIBRATION DATA FORM

Date 1-19-89 Thermocouple number T 8A
 Ambient temperature 71 °F Barometric pressure 29.65 in. Hg
 Calibrator L5 Reference: mercury-in-glass ✓
 other _____

Reference point number	Source ^a (specify)	Reference thermometer temperature, °F	Thermocouple potentiometer temperature, °F	Temperature difference, %
1	ICE WATER	33	31	0.41
2	Boling water	210	209	0.1
3	HOT OIL	388	384	0.6

^aType of calibration system used.

^b
$$\left[\frac{(\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{F} + 460) - (\text{test thermom temp, } ^\circ\text{F} + 460)}{\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{F} + 460} \right] 100 \leq 1.5\%.$$

Scott Specialty Gases

a division of
Scott Environmental Technology, Inc.

PLUMSTEADVILLE, PA. 18949

PHONE: (215) 766-8861

TWX: 510-665-9344

Date: 7/15/88

Our Project No.: 732982

Your P.O. No.: 540-88

ARI ENVIRONMENTAL
3407 NORTH RIDGE AVE
ARINGTON HEIGHTS, IL 60004

Gentlemen:

Thank you for choosing Scott for your Specialty Gas needs. The analyses for the gases ordered, as reported by our laboratory, are listed below. Results are in volume percent, unless otherwise indicated.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Cyl. No.	BAL1741	Analytical Accuracy	±2%
Component		Concentration	
OXYGEN	13.0%		
NITROGEN	BALANCE		

Cyl. No.	LL19825	Analytical Accuracy	±2%
Component		Concentration	
NITRIC OXIDE	240 PPM		
NITROGEN	BALANCE		
REPORT NOx	246 PPM		

Analyst

Cyl. No.	BLM141	Analytical Accuracy	±2%
Component		Concentration	
NITRIC OXIDE	856 PPM		
NITROGEN	BALANCE		
REPORT NOx	866 PPM		

Cyl. No.	LL11943	Analytical Accuracy	±2%
Component		Concentration	
NITRIC OXIDE	476 PPM		
NITROGEN	BALANCE		
REPORT NOx	483 PPM		

Approved By

The only liability of this Company for gas which fails to comply with this analysis shall be replacement thereof by the Company without extra cost.

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIALS EPA PROTOCOL GASES
ACUBLEND® CALIBRATION & SPECIALTY GAS MIXTURES PURE GASES
ACCESSORY PRODUCTS CUSTOM ANALYTICAL SERVICES
TROY, MICHIGAN / SAN BERNARDINO, CALIFORNIA / HOUSTON, TEXAS



Scott Specialty Gases

a division of
Scott Environmental Technology, Inc.



3714 LAPAS DRIVE, HOUSTON, TEXAS 77023, (713) 644-4820, FAX 644-0244

ARI ENVIRONMENTAL
3407 NORTH RIDGE
ARLINGTON HEIGHTS, IL 60004
LARRY GOLDFINE

Date: NOVEMBER 11, 1988

Our Project No.: 714759

Your P.O. No.: 61888

NOV 14 1988

Gentlemen:

Thank you for choosing Scott for your Specialty Gas needs. The analyses for the gases ordered, as reported by our laboratory, are listed below. Results are in volume percent, unless otherwise indicated.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Cyl No. CAL10721 Analytical Accuracy $\pm 2\%$
Component Concentration
CARBON MONOXIDE 309 PPM
NITROGEN BALANCE

Cyl No. CAL7781 Analytical Accuracy $\pm 2\%$
Component Concentration
CARBON MONOXIDE 154 PPM
NITROGEN BALANCE

Analyst

The only liability of this Company for gas which fails to comply with this analysis shall be replacement thereof by the company without extra cost.

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIALS EPA PROTOCOL GASES
ACUBLEND[®] CALIBRATION & SPECIALTY GAS MIXTURES PURE GASES
ACCESSORY PRODUCTS CUSTOM ANALYTICAL SERVICES

TROY, MICHIGAN / SAN BERNARDINO, CALIFORNIA / HOUSTON, TEXAS / BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA / AUSTIN, TEXAS
SOUTH PLAINFIELD, NEW JERSEY / FREMONT, CALIFORNIA / WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

Approved By



Scott Specialty Gases

a division of
Scott Environmental Technology, Inc.



3714 LAPAS DRIVE, HOUSTON, TEXAS 77023, (713) 644-4820, FAX 644-0244

ARI ENVIRONMENTAL
3407 NORTH RIDGE
ARLINGTON HEIGHTS, IL 60004

Date: NOVEMBER 11, 1988

Our Project No.: 714915

Your P.O. No.: 61888

Gentlemen:

Thank you for choosing Scott for your Specialty Gas needs. The analyses for the gases ordered, as reported by our laboratory, are listed below. Results are in volume percent, unless otherwise indicated.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Cyl No.	<u>BAL4978</u>	Analytical Accuracy	<u>±2%</u>
Component		Concentration	
<u>CARBON DIOXIDE</u>		<u>14.4%</u>	
<u>NITROGEN</u>		<u>BALANCE</u>	

Cyl No.	BAT.2942	Analytical Accuracy	<u>±2%</u>
Component		Concentration	
<u>CARBON MONOXIDE</u>			478 PPM
<u>NITROGEN</u>			<u>BALANCE</u>

Cyl No.	Analytical Accuracy
Component	Concentration

Cyl No.	Analytical Accuracy
<u>Component</u>	Concentration

D. Kelly

Approved By

The only liability of this Company for gas which fails to comply with this analysis shall be replacement thereof by the company without extra cost.

NOV 17 1988

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIALS EPA PROTOCOL GASES
ACUBLEND® CALIBRATION & SPECIALTY GAS MIXTURES PURE GASES
ACCESSORY PRODUCTS CUSTOM ANALYTICAL SERVICES

TROY, MICHIGAN / SAN BERNARDINO, CALIFORNIA / HOUSTON, TEXAS / BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA / AUSTIN, TEXAS
SOUTH PLAINFIELD, NEW JERSEY / FREMONT, CALIFORNIA / WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

LOCATION

SOURCE CAL GENE STRANDS

TEST TEAM H/T, K.F.

Barometric Pressure in Hg: Sample 130.11 / 2 / 3

EPA METHOD 7 - NO_x Sample Recovery 33.33/2 /3

FIELD DATA							SAMPLE RECOVERY				
Sample #	Time	Flask #	Flask Vol. (ml)	Solution Vol. (ml)	Leak Rate in Hg/min	Initial Manometer Reading in Hg	ORSAT	Final Manometer Reading in Hg	Tf of	Shipping Container #	Comments
1	6:00 P.M.	2510. AAL	16448								
1	H-4	2074	25	0	-30.1	55	CO ₂	—	+1.0	76	
2	H-5	2073	25	0	-30.0	55	O ₂	—	+0.7	76	
3	#3	2067	25	0	-30.1	55	CO	—	+0.8	76	
4							N ₂	—			
							Time:				
1	11:44 PM	2510. AAL	5417								
1	H-56	2064	25	0	-30.1	55	CO ₂	—	+0.5	76	
2	25	2073	25	0	-30.1	55	O ₂	—	+0.8	76	
3	H-2	2068	25	0	-30.1	55	CO	—	+1.0	76	
4							N ₂	—			
							Time:				
1	1:47 P.M.	210. FL	9326								
1	#13	2070	25	0	30.1		CO ₂	—	+1.0	76	
2	#4	2054	25	0	30.1		O ₂	—	+0.8	76	
3	#12	2071	25	0	30.0		CO	—	+1.0	76	
4							N ₂	—			
							Time:				

NITROGEN OXIDES CALCULATION FORM
English Units

PLANT:

LOCATION:

SOURCE: NOX CAL GAS STD - AAL 1694B (60 ppm)

DATE: 01-26-89

RUN NO: 1-1

Sample Volume

$$V_f = 2074 \text{ ml} \quad P_i = 0.01 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$P_f = 31.22 \text{ in. Hg} \quad T_i = 515 \text{ deg. R}$$

$$T_f = 536 \text{ deg. R}$$

$$V_{sc} = 17.64 (V_f - 25) [P_f/T_f - P_i/T_i] = 2104.6 \text{ ml}$$

Total ug NO₂ Per Sample

$$K_c = 643.397$$

$$A = 0.185$$

$$F = 1$$

$$m = 2K_c A F = 238.057 \text{ ug of NO}_2$$

Sample Concentration

$$C = 6.243 \times 10^{-5} (m / V_{sc}) = 0.7062 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times 385.26 / 46 \times 10^6 = 59.1 \text{ ppm}$$

Emission Rate

$$Q_s = 0 \text{ dscf/hr}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times Q_s = 0.00 \text{ lb/hr}$$

NITROGEN OXIDES CALCULATION FORM
English Units

PLANT:

LOCATION:

SOURCE: NOX CAL GAS STD - AAL 1694B (60 ppm)

DATE: 01-26-89

RUN NO: 1-2

Sample Volume

$$V_f = 2073 \text{ ml} \quad P_i = 0.01 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$P_f = 30.29 \text{ in. Hg} \quad T_i = 515 \text{ deg. R}$$

$$T_f = 536 \text{ deg. R}$$

$$V_{sc} = 17.64 (V_f - 25) [P_f/T_f - P_i/T_i] = 2040.9 \text{ ml}$$

Total ug NO₂ Per Sample

$$K_c = 643.397$$

$$A = 0.183$$

$$F = 1$$

$$m = 2K_c A F = 235.483 \text{ ug of NO}_2$$

Sample Concentration

$$C = 6.243 \times 10^{-5} (m / V_{sc}) = 0.7203 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times 385.26 / 46 \times 10^6 = 60.3 \text{ ppm}$$

Emission Rate

$$Q_s = 0 \text{ dscf/hr}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times Q_s = 0.00 \text{ lb/hr}$$

NITROGEN OXIDES CALCULATION FORM
English Units

PLANT:

LOCATION:

SOURCE: NOX CAL GAS STD - AAL 16948 (60 ppm)

DATE: 01-26-89

RUN NO: 1-3

Sample Volume

V_f = 2067 ml P_i = 0.01 in. Hg

P_f = 31.02 in. Hg T_i = 515 deg. R

T_f = 536 deg. R

$$V_{sc} = 17.64 (V_f - 25) [P_f/T_f - P_i/T_i] = 2083.9 \text{ ml}$$

Total ug NO₂ Per Sample

K_c = 643.397

A = 0.185

F = 1

$$m = 2K_c A F = 238.057 \text{ ug of NO}_2$$

Sample Concentration

$$C = 6.243 \times 10^{-5} (m / V_{sc}) = 0.7132 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times 385.26 / 46 \times 10^6 = 59.7 \text{ ppm}$$

Emission Rate

Q_s = 0 dscf/hr

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times Q_s = 0.00 \text{ lb/hr}$$

NITROGEN OXIDES CALCULATION FORM
English Units

PLANT:

LOCATION:

SOURCE: NOX CAL GAS STD - AAL5417 (119 ppm)

DATE: 01-26-89

RUN NO: 2-1

Sample Volume

V_f = 2064 ml P_i = 0.01 in. Hg

P_f = 30.72 in. Hg T_i = 515 deg. R

T_f = 536 deg. R

$$V_{sc} = 17.64 (V_f - 25) [P_f/T_f - P_i/T_i] = \frac{2060.7 \text{ ml}}{\text{-----}}$$

Total ug NO₂ Per Sample

K_c = 643.397

A = 0.363

F = 1

$$m = 2K_c A F = \frac{467.106 \text{ ug of NO}_2}{\text{-----}}$$

Sample Concentration

$$C = 6.243 \times 10^{-5} (m / V_{sc}) = \frac{1.4151 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}}{\text{-----}}$$

$$\frac{1 \text{ lb/dscf}}{\text{-----}} \times \frac{385.26}{46} \times \frac{10^6}{10} = \frac{118.5 \text{ ppm}}{\text{-----}}$$

Emission Rate

Q_s = 0 dscf/hr

$$\frac{1 \text{ lb/dscf}}{\text{-----}} \times Q_s = \frac{0.00 \text{ lb/hr}}{\text{-----}}$$

NITROGEN OXIDES CALCULATION FORM
English Units

PLANT:

LOCATION:

SOURCE: NOX CAL GAS STD - AAL5417 (119 ppm)

DATE: 01-26-89

RUN NO: 2-2

Sample Volume

$$V_f = 2064 \text{ ml} \quad P_i = 0.01 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$P_f = 31.02 \text{ in. Hg} \quad T_i = 515 \text{ deg. R}$$

$$T_f = 536 \text{ deg. R}$$

$$V_{sc} = 17.64 (V_f - 25) [P_f/T_f - P_i/T_i] = 2080.9 \text{ ml}$$

Total ug NO₂ Per Sample

$$K_c = 643.397$$

$$A = 0.363$$

$$F = 1$$

$$m = 2K_c A F = 467.106 \text{ ug of NO}_2$$

Sample Concentration

$$C = 6.243 \times 10^{-5} (m / V_{sc}) = 1.4014 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times 385.26 \times 10^6 / 46 \times 10^{-5} = 117.4 \text{ ppm}$$

Emission Rate

$$Q_s = 0 \text{ dscf/hr}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times Q_s = 0.00 \text{ lb/hr}$$

NITROGEN OXIDES CALCULATION FORM
English Units

PLANT:

LOCATION:

SOURCE: NOX CAL GAS STD - AAL5417 (119 ppm)

DATE: 01-26-89

RUN NO: 2-3

Sample Volume

$$V_f = 2073 \text{ ml} \quad P_i = 0.01 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$P_f = 31.22 \text{ in. Hg} \quad T_i = 515 \text{ deg. R}$$

$$T_f = 536 \text{ deg. R}$$

$$V_{sc} = 17.64 (V_f - 25) [P_f/T_f - P_i/T_i] = 2103.5 \text{ ml}$$

Total ug NO₂ Per Sample

$$K_c = 643.397$$

$$A = 0.368$$

$$F = 1$$

$$m = 2K_c A F = 473.540 \text{ ug of NO}_2$$

Sample Concentration

$$C = 6.243 \times 10^{-5} (m / V_{sc}) = 1.4054 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times 385.26 / 46 \times 10^6 = 117.7 \text{ ppm}$$

Emission Rate

$$Q_s = 0 \text{ dscf/hr}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times Q_s = 0.00 \text{ lb/hr}$$

NITROGEN OXIDES CALCULATION FORM
English Units

PLANT:

LOCATION:

SOURCE: NOX CAL GAS STD - IL 9326 (197 ppm)

DATE: 01-26-89

RUN NO: 3-1

Sample Volume

V_f = 2070 ml P_i = 0.01 in. Hg

P_f = 31.22 in. Hg T_i = 482 deg. R

T_f = 536 deg. R

$$V_{sc} = 17.64 (V_f - 25) [P_f/T_f - P_i/T_i] = 2100.4 \text{ ml}$$

Total ug NO₂ Per Sample

K_c = 643.397

A = 0.307

F = 2

$$m = 2K_c A F = 790.092 \text{ ug of NO}_2$$

Sample Concentration

$$C = 6.243 \times 10^{-5} (m / V_{sc}) = 2.3484 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times 385.26 / 46 \times 10^6 = 196.7 \text{ ppm}$$

Emission Rate

Q_s = 0 dscf/hr

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times Q_s = 0.00 \text{ lb/hr}$$

NITROGEN OXIDES CALCULATION FORM
English Units

PLANT:

LOCATION:

SOURCE: NOX CAL GAS STD - IL9326 (197 ppm)

DATE: 01-26-89

RUN NO: 3-3

Sample Volume

V_f = 2071 ml P_i = 0.11 in. Hg

P_f = 31.22 in. Hg T_i = 515 deg. R

T_f = 536 deg. R

$$V_{sc} = 17.64 (V_f - 25) [P_f/T_f - P_i/T_i] = \underline{\underline{2094.5 \text{ ml}}}$$

Total ug NO₂ Per Sample

K_c = 643.397

A = 0.306

F = 2

$$m = 2K_c A F = \underline{\underline{787.518 \text{ ug of NO}_2}}$$

Sample Concentration

$$C = 6.243 \times 10^{-5} (m / V_{sc}) = 2.3473 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times 385.26 / 46 \times 10^6 = \underline{\underline{196.6 \text{ ppm}}}$$

Emission Rate

Q_s = 0 dscf/hr

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times Q_s = \underline{\underline{0.00 \text{ lb/hr}}}$$

NITROGEN OXIDES CALCULATION FORM
English Units

PLANT:

LOCATION:

SOURCE: NOX CAL GAS STD - IL 9326 (197 ppm)

DATE: 01-26-89

RUN NO: 3-2

Sample Volume

V_f = 2054 ml P_i = 0.01 in. Hg

P_f = 31.02 in. Hg T_i = 515 deg. R

T_f = 536 deg. R

$$V_{sc} = 17.64 (V_f - 25) [P_f/T_f - P_i/T_i] = 2070.7 \text{ ml}$$

Total ug NO₂ Per Sample

K_c = 643.397

A = 0.304

F = 2

$$m = 2K_c A F = 782.371 \text{ ug of NO}_2$$

Sample Concentration

$$C = 6.243 \times 10^{-5} (m / V_{sc}) = 2.3588 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/dscf}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times 385.26 / 46 \times 10^6 = 197.6 \text{ ppm}$$

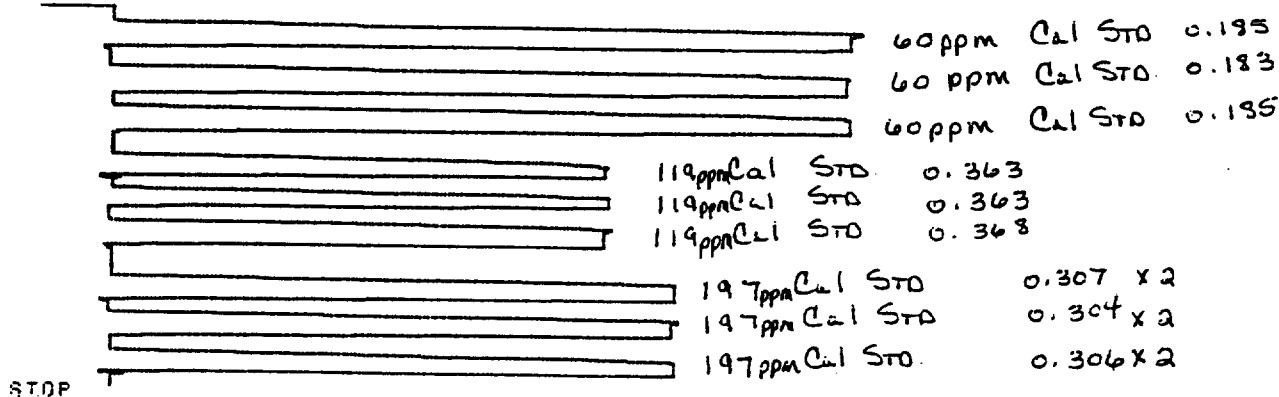
Emission Rate

$$Q_s = 0 \text{ dscf/hr}$$

$$\text{lb/dscf} \times Q_s = 0.00 \text{ lb/hr}$$

CALIBRATION STANDARDS: 60 PPM 119 PPM 197 PPM

* PILOT





ARI ENVIRONMENTAL
3407 N. RIDGE AVE.
ARLINGTON HEIGHTS, IL. 60004

Date: FEBRUARY 1, 1989

Our Project No.: 715931

Your P.O. No.: 639-88

Gentlemen:

Thank you for choosing Scott for your Specialty Gas needs. The analyses for the gases ordered, as reported by our laboratory, are listed below. Results are in volume percent, unless otherwise indicated.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Cyl No.	AAT 16948	Analytical Accuracy	+2%
Component	Concentration		
NITRIC OXIDE	58 PPM		
NITROGEN	BALANCE		
NOx	60 PPM		

Cyl No. <u>AAT.5417</u>	Analytical Accuracy <u>+1%</u>
<u>Component</u>	<u>Concentration</u>
NITRIC OXIDE	117 PPM
NITROGEN	BALANCE
NOx	119 PPM

Cyl No.	IL9326	Analytical Accuracy	$\pm 1\%$
Component		Concentration	
NITRIC OXIDE		194 PPM	
NITROGEN		BALANCE	
NOx		197 PPM	

Cyl No. _____ Analytical Accuracy _____
Component Concentration _____


D. S. Kelly

Approved By

The only liability of this Company for gas which fails to comply with this analysis shall be replacement thereof by the company without extra cost.

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIALS EPA PROTOCOL GASES
ACUBLEND CALIBRATION & SPECIALTY GAS MIXTURES PURE GASES
ACCESSORY PRODUCTS CUSTOM ANALYTICAL SERVICES

Scott Specialty Gases

a division of
Scott Environmental Technology, Inc.

Customer : SCOTT SPECIALTY GASES
3714 LAPIS DR
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77023

1290 COMBERMERE STREET, TROY, MICHIGAN 48084 (313) 589-2950

!!!! CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS - EPA PROTOCOL BASES !!!!

Certified Per Traceability
Protocol # 2

Procedure # 62

Certified Accuracy 2 % NBS Traceable
File # P0215B

Date Shipped : 07/10/89
Our Project #: 932423

Your P.O. #: 0675
Page ____ of ____
Expiration Date : 7-18-89

REFERENCE STD

COMPONENT	CERTIFIED CONC. (PPM)	CYLINDER NUMBER (CRM #)	CONC.	LAST CALIBRATION DATE	MAKE/MODEL/SERIAL #
METHANE GAS SPLITTER USED AT 30% OF TEST GAS CONCENTRATION.	31.96 PPM	1695 GM191	CAL-B213 A-3520	9.840 PPM 99.93 PPM 1-18-89	BECKMAN

BALANCE GAS : AIR

GAS ANALYZER

ANALYTICAL PRINCIPLE	
FLAME IONIZATION DETECTOR	

ANALYSIS

DATE : 1-18-89

ZERO (mV)	TEST GAS (mV)	REFERENCE GAS (PPM)	REFERENCE GAS RESULTS (mV)	RESULTS (PPM)
0.00	9.60	9.565	9.840 PPM	9.85 9.815
0.00	9.60	9.565	9.85	9.815
0.00	9.60	9.565	9.85	9.815

CALCULATED 9.589
RESULTS 9.589
9.589

AVERAGE : 9.589 PPM

CALIBRATION CURVE

SRM #	CONC. (CRM #)	SPLIT PT (%)	DVM (mV)	FITTED VALUE (PPM)	PERCENT ERROR
99.93	100	100.00	99.93	99.93	.00
49.10	49	49.30	49.25	49.25	0.31
25.25	25	25.30	25.26	25.26	0.04

1695A 9.880 10 9.85 9.815 -0.25

1695 9.840 LOW 9.85 9.815 -0.25

N/A 99.93 GM191 100.00 99.93 .00

ORIGIN SHEETS IN MAIL
CERTIFICATE

THIS - GAS MANUFACTURER'S INTERNAL STANDARD

Analyst : *Jeffrey J. Rogers*

The only liability of this Company for gas which fails to comply with this analysis shall be replacement thereof by the Company without extra cost.

Approved By : *Jeffrey J. Rogers*

Scott Specialty Gases

a division of
Scott Environmental Technology, Inc.

Customer :
SCOTT SPECIALTY GASES
3714 LAPAS DR
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77023

Shipped from Scott, Inc.
Date Shipped : 7-18-89
Our Project #: 932223
Your P.O. #: 0675
Page ____ of ____
Expiration Date : 7-18-89

1290 COMBERMERE STREET, TROY, MICHIGAN 48084 (313) 689-2950

III CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS - EPA PROTOCOL GASES

Certified Per Traceability

Protocol # 2

Procedure # 62

Certified Accuracy 2 % NBS Traceable

File # PD2157

Cylinder Number ALH-2891

Cylinder Pressure 2000 psig

REFERENCE BID

CERTIFIED CONC.	SRM # (CRM #)	CYLINDER NUMBER	CONC.	MAKE/MODEL/SERIAL #	LAST CALIBRATION DATE
NEETHANE 49.45 PPM	1695	CAL-8215	9.840 PPM	BECKMAN	1-18-89
GAS SPITTER USED AT 20% OF TEST GAS CONCENTRATION.	6M151	A-5528	99.93 PPM		

BALANCE GAS : AIR

VERIFIED BY : *J. Chapman*

ORIGINAL CERTIFICATION SHEETS IN ENCL

DATE: 1-18-89

ANALYSIS

ZERO	TEST GAS	RESULTS	REFERENCE GAS BASED RESULTS	1st DEGREE
(mV)	(mV)	(PPM)	(PPM)	(PPM)
0.00	9.90	9.865	9.885	9.815
0.00	9.90	9.865	9.85	9.815
0.00	9.90	9.865	9.85	9.815
CALCULATED	9.890			
RESULTS	9.890			
	9.890			
AVERAGE	9.890 PPM			

SRM #	CONC. (PPM)	SPLIT PT (%)	DVM PT (%)	FITTED VALUE	PERCENT ERROR
49.10	49	49.30	49.25	49.25	0.31
25.25	25	25.30	25.26	25.26	0.04
1695A	9.810	10	9.85	9.815	-0.25
	0.0000	0	0.00	0.0000	0.00
	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1695	9.840	LOW	9.85	9.815	-0.25
N/A	99.93	6M151	100.00	99.93	.00

Approved By : *J. Chapman*

Analyst : *J. Chapman*

1 GMIS - GAS MANUFACTURER'S INTERNAL STANDARD

The only liability of this Company for gas which fails to comply with this analysis shall be replacement thereof by the Company without extra cost.

Scott Specialty Gases

a division of
Scott Environmental Technology, Inc.

Customer : SCOTT SPECIALTY GASES
3714 LAPAS DR
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77023

1290 COMBERMERE STREET, TROY, MICHIGAN 48084 (313) 689-2950

!!!! CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS - EPA PROTOCOL GASES !!!!

Certified Per Traceability

Protocol # 2

Procedure # 62

Certified Accuracy 2 % NBS Traceable

File # P02156

Cylinder Number ALN-2880

Cylinder Pressure 2000 psig

REFERENCE STD

CERTIFIED CONC.	SRM # (CRM #)	CYLINDER NUMBER	CONC.	MAKE/MODEL/SERIAL #	LAST CALIBRATION DATE	ANALYTICAL PRINCIPLE
90.00 ppm	1695	CAL-8215	9.840 ppm	BECKMAN	1-18-89	FLAME IONIZATION DETECTOR

COMPONENT : METHANE
GAS SLITTER USED AT 10% OF TEST GAS CONCENTRATION.
BALANCE GAS : AIR

BAS ANALYZER

COMPONENT	GAS	RESULTS (PPM)	REFERENCE GAS CONC.	RESULTS (PPM)	REFERENCE GAS CONC.

AVERAGE : 9.000 ppm

CALCULATED RESULT : 9.000

RESULT : 9.000

ANALYSIS

ZERO	TEST	REFERENCE GAS CONC.	RESULTS (PPM)	REFERENCE GAS CONC.	RESULTS (PPM)
0.00	9.10	9.065	9.840 ppm	9.05	9.815
0.00	9.10	9.065	9.85	9.815	9.815
0.00	9.10	9.065	9.85	9.815	9.815
0.00	9.10	9.065	9.85	9.815	9.815

CALCULATED RESULT : 9.000

RESULT : 9.000

AVERAGE : 9.000 ppm

ORIGINAL CERTIFICATION SHEETS IN MAIL

CALIBRATION CURVE 1ST DEGREE

GRN # (CRM #)	CONC. (PPM)	SPLIT PT (%)	DVM (mV)	FITTED PERCENT VALUE	ERROR
1695A	9.810	10	9.815	9.815	-0.25
	0.0000	0	0.00	0.0000	0.00
	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00

GRN # (CRM #)	CONC. (PPM)	SPLIT PT (%)	DVM (mV)	FITTED PERCENT VALUE	ERROR
1695	9.810	LOW	9.815	9.815	-0.25
	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00

1 GMIS - GAS MANUFACTURER'S INTERNAL STANDARD

Analyst : *J. Chapman*

The only liability of this Company for gas which fails to comply with this analysis shall be replacement thereof by the Company without extra cost.

Approved By : *J. Chapman*